

Presentations of the Institute's Specialized Laboratories

06.02.2024 r.



ICHB PAN

Paulina Jackowiak



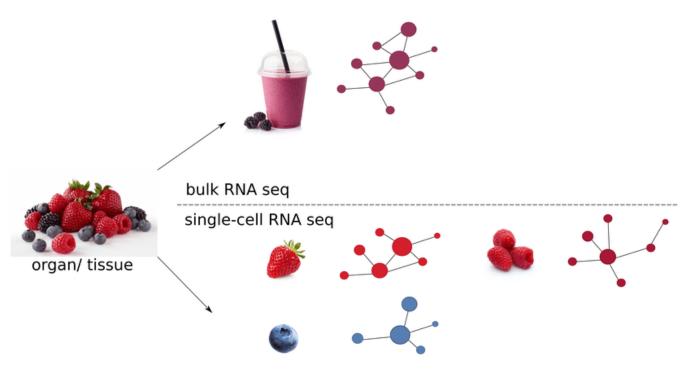
Dr. hab. Paulina Jackowiak Dr. Anna Samelak-Czajka Magdalena Trybus, MSc Dr. Eng. Małgorzata Marszałek-Zeńczak Annasha Dutta, MSc Anastasiia Zaremba, MSc

The infrastructure of the Laboratory is part of a platform for multidimensional imaging of biological processes, established within the framework of NEBI – National Imaging Centre for Biological and Biomedical Sciences.

We integrate experimental and computational approaches to comprehensively characterize diverse biological material at single cell resolution.

Why single cells?

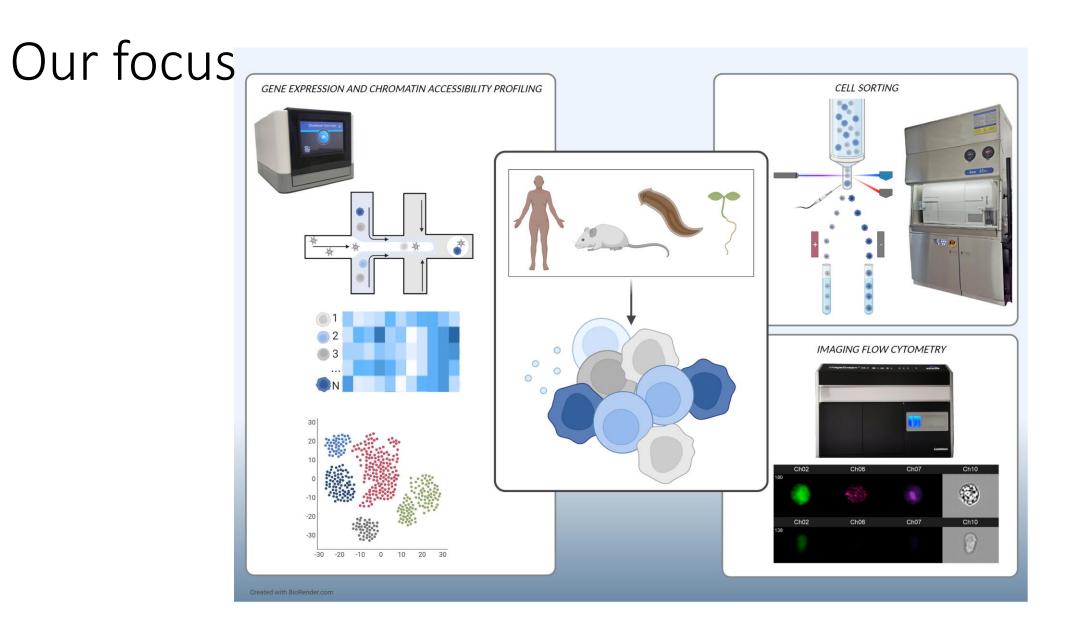
Information obtained based on population average does not provide the whole picture of a sample.



Steinheuer et al. (2021). Benchmarking scRNA-seq imputation tools with respect to network inference highlights deficits in performance at high levels of sparsity. biorxiv preprint: 10.1101/2021.04.02.438193. CC BY-ND 4.0

The advantages of taking research one cell at a time:

- identification of cell types and cell states
- identification of distinct subpopulations and differentiation trajectories
- rare cell detection
- exploration of tissue heterogeneity
- more...



- We offer gene expression and chromatin accessibility profiling, as well as cell sorting and advanced analyses using classical and imaging flow cytometry.
- We provide equipment for quantitative and qualitative analysis of nucleic acids.

Equipment, terms & conditions of use

Equipment available for self-use by trained researchers (the majority of our equipment)

Equipment operated by the Laboratory staff

LSCA staff performs the experiment, according to the guidelines of the person who submits the samples

LSCA staff performs the experiment and basic data analysis, according to the guidelines of the person who submits the samples

LSCA staff performs the experiment, analyzes data and provides substantive intellectual contribution
 (consulting, planning of the experiment, compilation of results, analysis and interpretation of data, modification of the procedure, problem solving)

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Terms and conditions for using the resources of the Laboratory of Single Cell Analyses

apply to research groups from IBCH PAS

Which method do you plan to use?

- O quantitative analysis of nucleic acids (Qubit 4)
- O real-time PCR (CFX96)
- O ddPCR (QX200)
- O quantitative and qualitative analysis of nucleic acids (TapeStation 4150)
- classical flow cytometry (Guava easyCyte 12HT; Guava Muse)
- O cell sorting (FACSAria Fusion)
- O imaging flow cytometry (Amnis ImageStreamX Mk II)
- O single cell omics (Chromium 10x Genomics)
- O other

How do you plan to use the facility?

- O by myself, I only want to use the equipment provided at the Laboratory
- with the help of the Laboratory staff

Define the scope of tasks outsourced to the Laboratory:

- O only performing the experiment, according to my guidelines (collecting flow cytometry data)
- O performing the experiment and basic analysis, according to my guidelines
- performing the experiment and requiring substantive intellectual contribution from the Laboratory staff (planning of the experiment, compilation of results, analysis and interpretation of results, modification of the procedure, consulting, problem solving)

clear form



Quantitative and qualitative analysis of nucleic acids

The QX200 Droplet Digital PCR System provides absolute quantification of target DNA or RNA molecules for EvaGreen or TaqMan hydrolysis probe-based digital PCR applications.



Starting sample size, µl	20
QX200 droplet generator capacity	1–8 samples/cartridge
Droplets per 20 µl sample	20,000
QX200 droplet reader capacity	1-96 samples
Sample illumination	Light-emitting diodes
Sample detection	Multi-pixel photon counter
Detection channels	FAM (EvaGreen), HEX (VIC)
Linear dynamic range	5 orders of magnitude



The CFX96 is a precise and flexible, six-channel (five colors and one FRET channel) real-time PCR detection system.



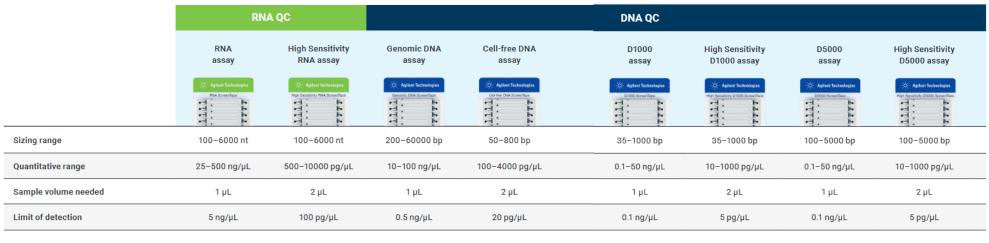
The Qubit 4 enables fast and sensitive quantification of DNA, RNA and protein, as well as RNA IQ (integrity & quality) assay.

https://www.bio-rad.com

https://www.thermofisher.com

Quantitative and qualitative analysis of nucleic acids





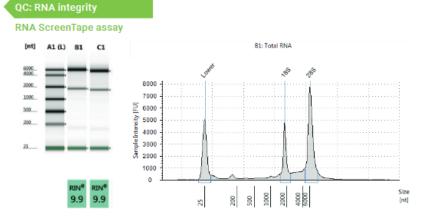
https://www.agilent.com

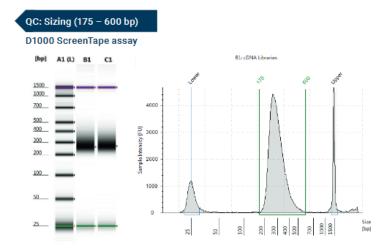


Integrity assessment RNA integrity number RNA integrity number equivalent (RIN^e) equivalent (RIN^e)

، integrity number DNA Integrity Number %cfDNA quivalent (RIN^e) (DIN)

The TapeStation 4150 enables RNA and DNA QC assays, that differ in sizing range and limit of detection. RNA and genomic DNA integrity can be measured.





QC: genomic DNA integrity assay available

Wish to use the equipment? Contact us via email at: lab.single.cell@ibch.poznan.pl

Tissue fragmentation and homogenization



The McIlwain Tissue Chopper enables rapid chopping (slicing) of tissue.



https://www.bertin-instruments.com

from 1 to 3 x 2mL, 0.5mL tubes

The Minilys uses bead beating

technology for tissue grinding,

lysing and homogenization.

• 1 x 7mL tube

Speed range:

3000, 4000 & 5000 rpm

Locking system:

Manual (no screw-in system)

Cycles time:

from 5s to 240s

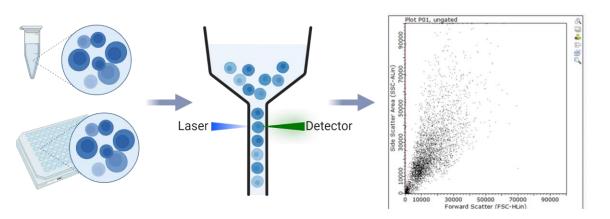
https://www.pack-icpi.com/

The gentleMACS Octo Dissociator with Heaters offers a fully automated workflow for tissue dissociation, using optimized built-in or user-defined programs for almost any biological material. All eight positions can be operated independently. Single cell suspensions or homogenates can be obtained.

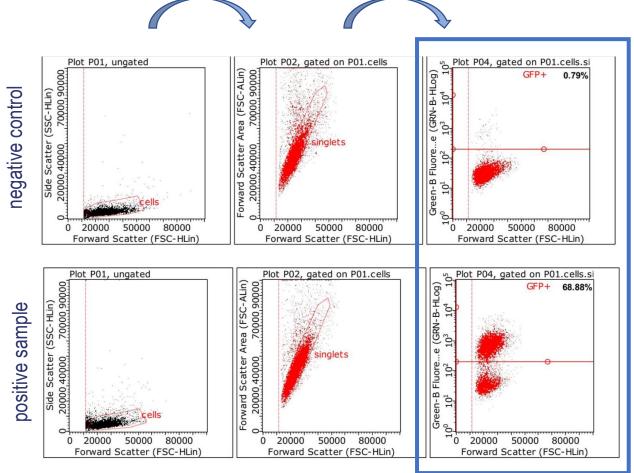
Capacity:

Wish to use the equipment? Contact us via email at: lab.single.cell@ibch.poznan.pl

Flow cytometry



- Each dot on a plot represents a single event usually a single cell.
- All parameters are calculated for each event.
- Statistical significance is achieved from rapid acquisition of thousands of cells.



- Applications include:
- protein detection, all assays that use fluorescent reporters
- cell viability, cell health (apoptosis, mitochondrial potential, oxidative stress, etc.)
- cell cycle
- cellular pathways (MAPK activation, caspase activation, autophagy)
- multiparametric characterization of diverse biological material
- more...

- Sample types:
- eukaryotic cells
- prokaryotic cells
- nuclei

Classical flow cytometry

Magdalena Trybus, MSc



- 405/488/642 nm laser configuration
- 13 detection channels
- sampling system compatible with 1.5 ml tubes and 96-well plates
- pre-defined assays for common applications (dedicated kits and software analysis templates)
- versatile platform for a broad range of cytometric analyses
- user-friendly operation

532 nm laser

Cytek Guava Muse

- 2 detection channels
- sampling system compatible with 1.5 ml tubes
- pre-defined assays for a variety of applications (dedicated kits and software analysis templates)
- open module for simple user-defined assays
- easy operation

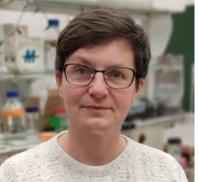






Wish to use the equipment? Contact us via email at: lab.single.cell@ibch.poznan.pl or book at: https://reservation.ibch.poznan.pl

Cell sorting FASAria Fusion



Magdalena Trybus, MSc



- 405/488/561/640 nm laser configuration
- integrated into a dedicated BSL-2 laminar flow cabinet
- 4-way sorting
- ACDU unit for directly sorting onto multiwell plates and microscope slides
- sort collection vessels: 1.5/2 ml tube, FACS tube, 15 ml tube, multiwell plates (up to 96 wells), microscope slides
- 70, 85, 100 & 130 µm nozzles gentle sorting possible
- temperature control for pre-sort and post-sort samples available
- several sort precision modes, including single cell sorting and index sorting

sample types sorted thus far:

- cell lines
- primary cells from dissociated tissue (invertebrates)
- iPSCs
- nuclei (mouse cerebellum, plant root)
- protoplasts (plant root)
- no prokaryotic cells allowed!

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Wish to use the equipment? Contact us via email at: lab.single.cell@ibch.poznan.pl

Imaging flow cytometry



Dr. Anna Samelak-Czajka

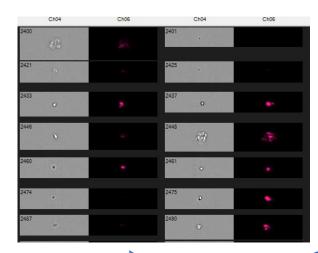
• 405/488/561/642 nm laser configuration

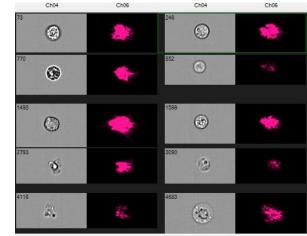
- 2 cameras, 12 detection channels
- multimag: 20x/40x/60x
- autosampler, EDF, High Gain mode

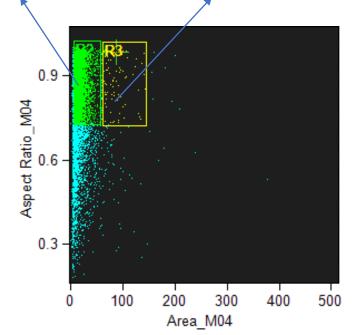
Combines high-throughput and multiparameter capabilities of conventional flow cytometry with morphological and spatial information from imaging at single-cell resolution.



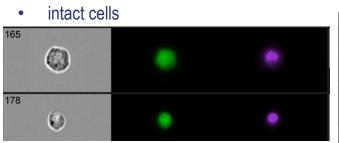
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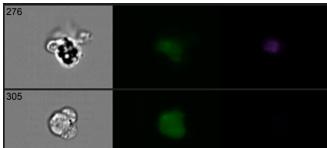


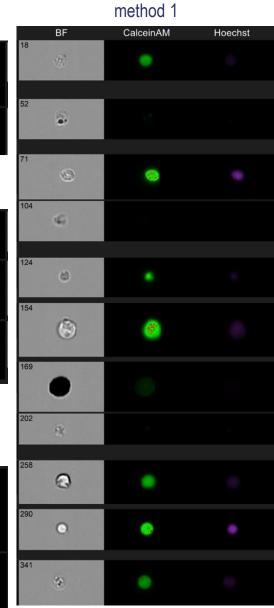


Tissue dissociation QC

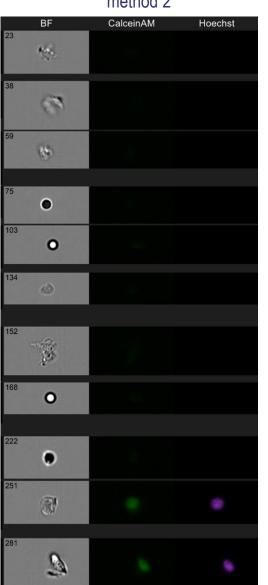


- cell debris, lysed cells
- 69 95 112
- cells sticking together with debris or small clumps of cells

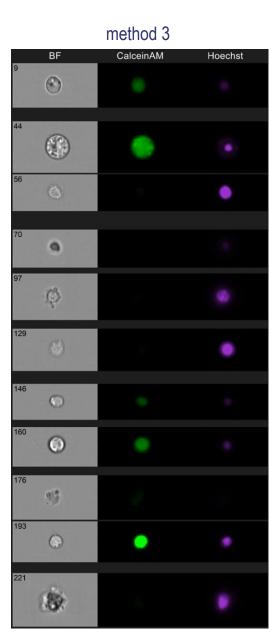




~ 40-50% viability

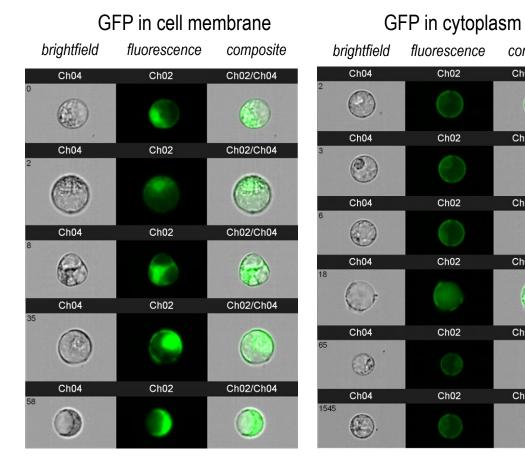


~ 40% viability



> 70% viability

method 2



Tracking intracellular localization of a fluorescent signal

composite

Ch02/Ch04

Ch02/Ch04

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Ch02/Ch04

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Ch02/Ch04

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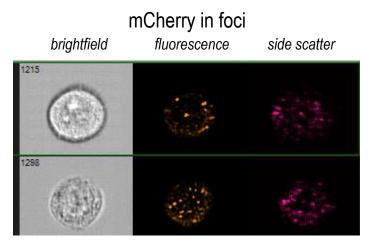
Ch02/Ch04

Ch02/Ch04

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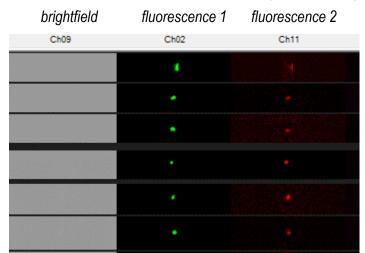
collaboration: Department of Plant Molecular Physiology; Prof. dr hab. M. Jasiński

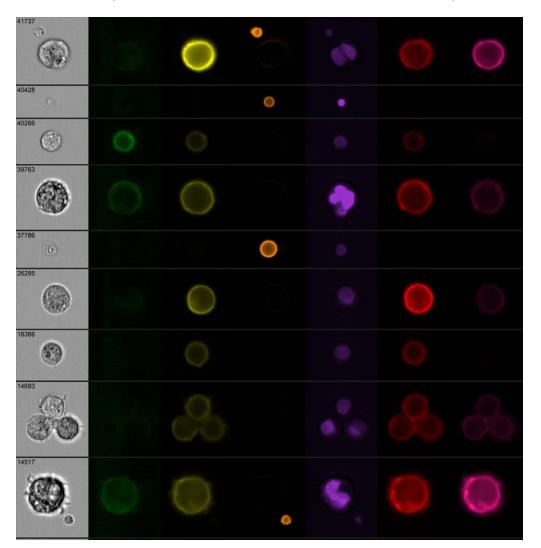
Identification of intracellular foci, spot counting



collaboration: Department of RNA Metabolism; Dr. hab. Z. Warkocki

Identification of extracellular vesicles (~30 nm objects)





Multiparametric characterization of a clinical sample

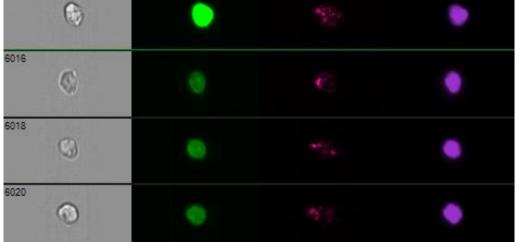
collaboration: Dr. M. Zaborowski, Poznań University of Medical Sciences

Visualisation of nuclei GFP in nuclei fluorescence side scatter Ch02 Ch06

brightfield

6007

Ch04



collaboration: Department of Neuronal Cell Biology; Dr. P. Świtoński

10x Genomics Chromium Controller platform

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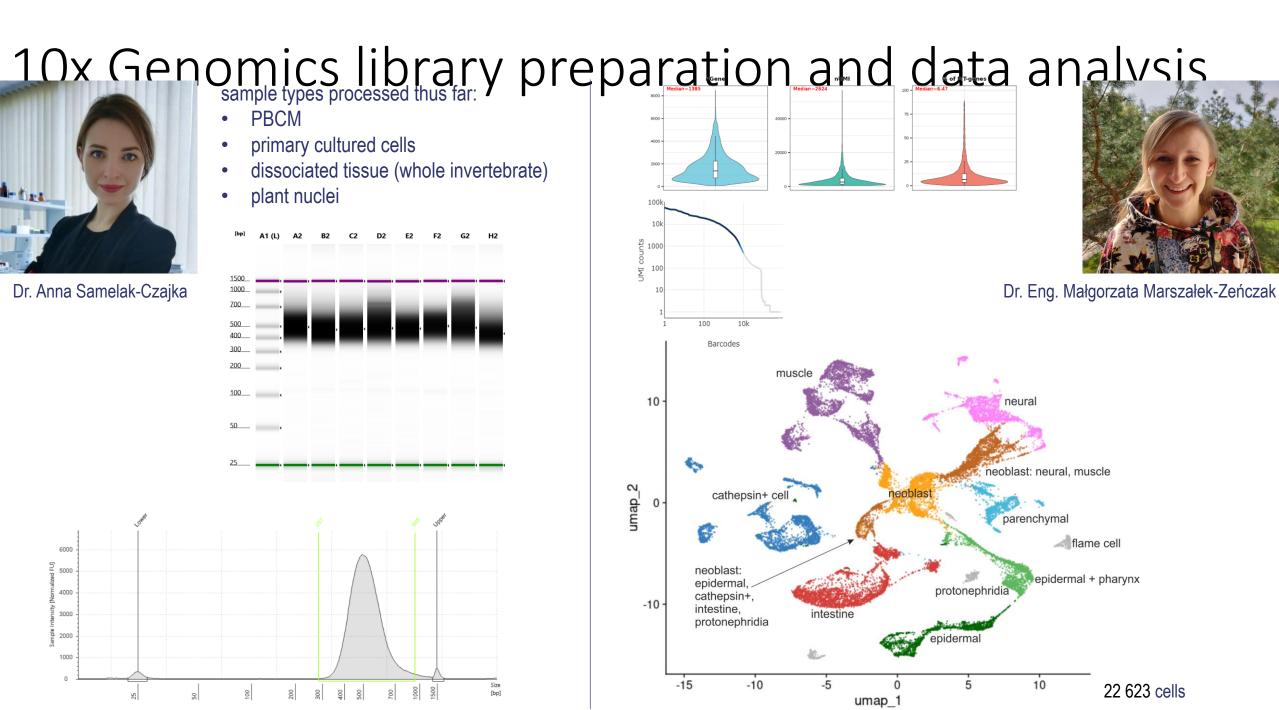
Applications include:

- gene expression profiling
- chromatin accessibility profiling (ATAC-Seq)
- feature barcode technology: integration of gene expression data with cell surface protein detection (antibody-oligonucleotide conjugates required), CRISPR screens

Sample types:

Laboratory of Genomics

- fixed, fresh, frozen
- whole cells, nuclei





2nd Guava easyCyte 12HT and Guava Muse Operator Training

- provided by LSCA staff
- small groups, theoretical & hands-on sessions (~4 hours in total)
- September 2024 save the date!

Droplet Digital PCR Workshop (organized with Bio-Rad)

- provided by Bio-Rad application specialist
- seminar & system demonstration
- date to be announced

Find out more at: <u>https://portal.ichb.pl/laboratory-of-single-cell-analyses</u>

Contact us at: lab.single.cell@ibch.poznan.pl



The Laboratory is a part of the infrastructure developed under the project NEBI - National Imaging Centre for Biological and Biomedical Sciences, POIR.04.02.00-00-C004/19, co-financed through the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) in the frame of Smart Growth Operational Programme 2014-2020 (Measure 4.2 Development of modern research infrastructure of the science sector).







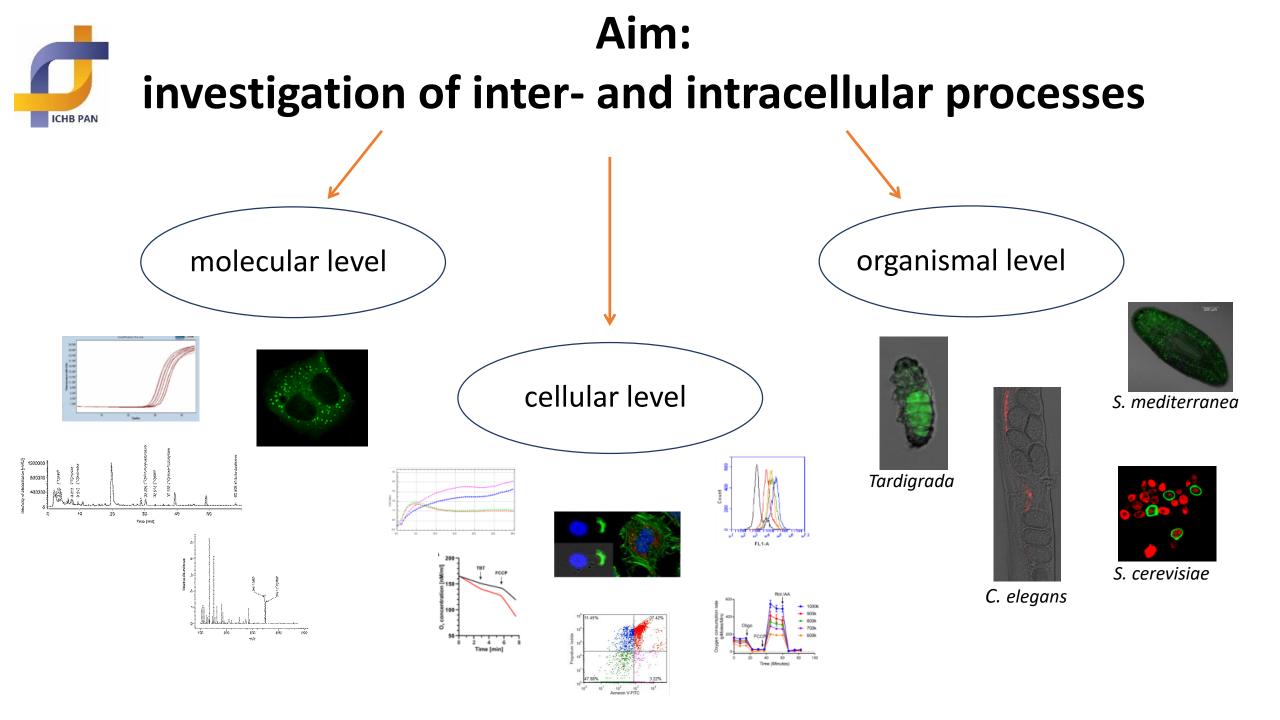




LABORATORY OF SUBCELLULAR STRUCTURES

ANALYSES

POZNAŃ, 6.02.2024





Cell culture room:

CO₂ incubators

Biohazard BIOBAN hoods

Cell Harvester

Automated cell counter

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Fluorescence microscope
Mini centrifuges
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Mini incubator

Liquid nitrogen dewar tank High-speed cooling centrifuges

Cell culture room

Additional equipment:

Ultra-low freezers (- 80°C) Liquid nitrogen dewar tank Steam Autoclaves Milli-Q Water Purification System Ultrasonic homogenizer Electroporator Steam Autoclaves

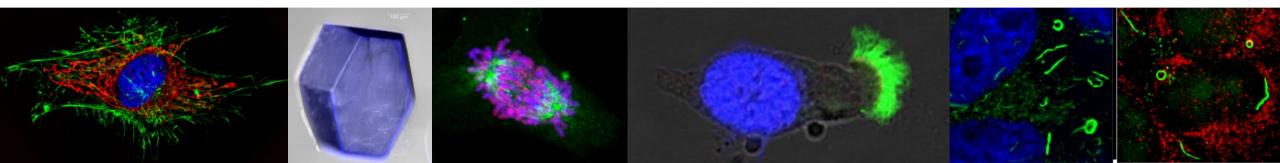




Confocal microscope TCS SP5, Leica



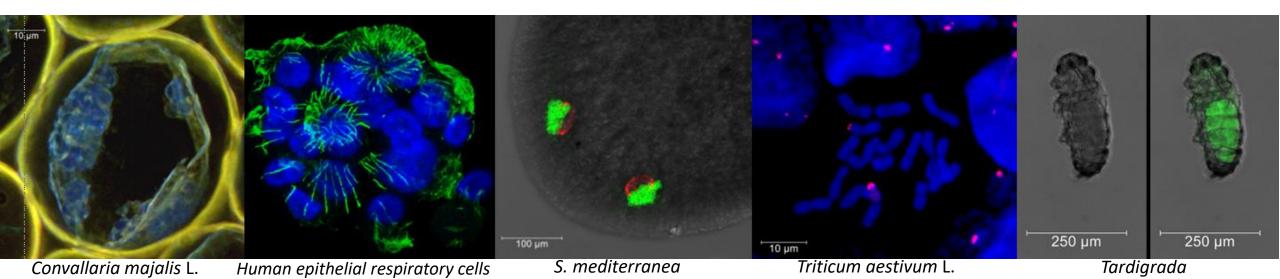
Lasers: White (470-670 nm), 405nm, Argon (458nm, 476nm, 488nm, 496nm, 514nm) Environmental chamber ensures real time analysis (CO₂, humidity, temperature)

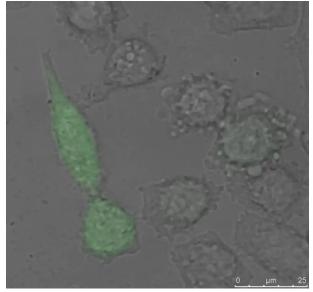


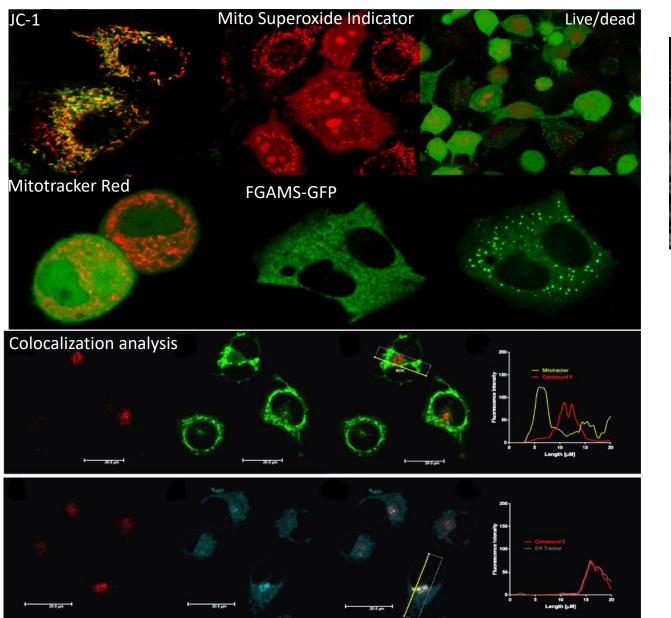


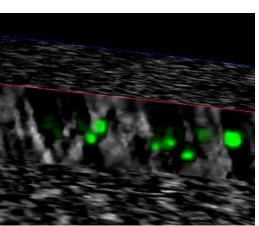
White Light Laser – WLL

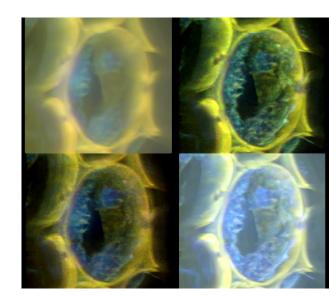
- Selection of any excitation light wavelength in the range of 470-670 nm with 1 nm accuracy for more efficient dye excitation.
- Ability to observe slides with autofluorescence and images with overlapping stain emissions.
- Measurement of co-localization of particles stained with two dyes and their interaction (FRET) and fluorescence intensity .
- Possibility to create absorption spectra of dyes.

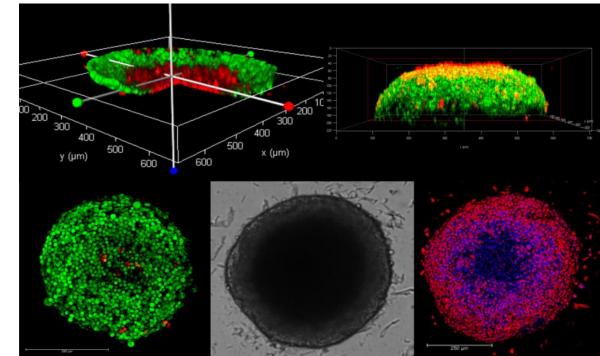














FACSCalibur Flow cytometer, Becton Dickinson

Flow cytometry allows fast analysis of single cells flowing in a stream of liquid. It allows to assess both qualitatively and quantitatively the physical and biological properties of cells and some of their components: nuclei, nucleic acids, mitochondria and chloroplasts.

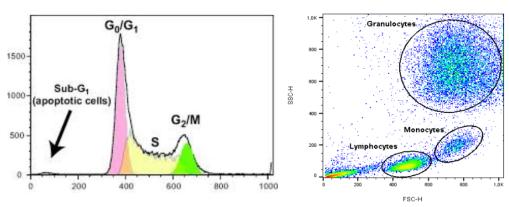
Lasers

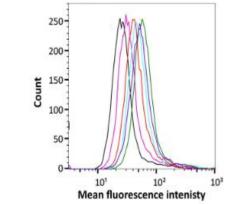
Detectors

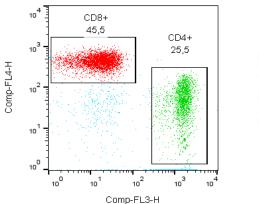
- 488 nm FL1 (530/30)
- 635 nm

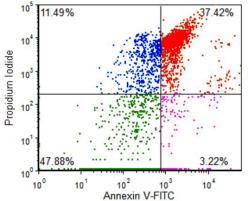
- FL2 (585/42)
- FL3 (670 LP)
- FL4 (661/16)









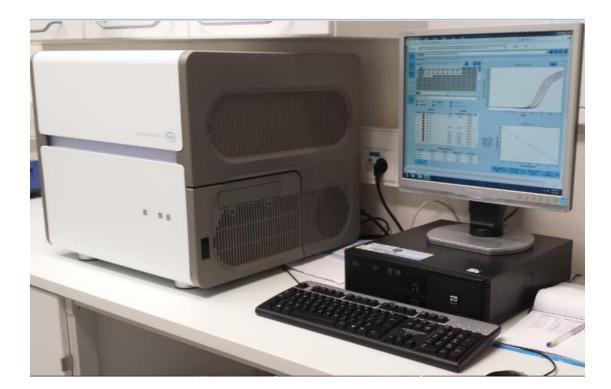


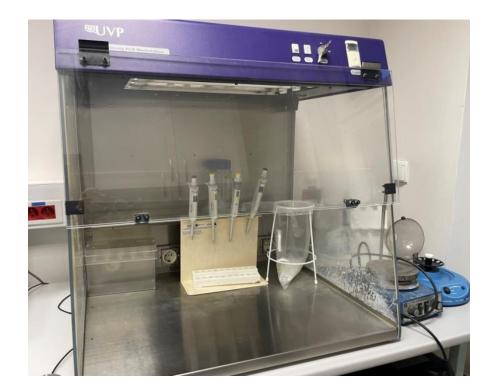


LightCycler 480 II, Roche

It is an integrated system, based on a real-time PCR platform. It allows accurate qualitative and quantitative detection of nucleic acids in a 96-well block.

- Improved performance of gene expression analysis and genetic variation analysis.
- HRM analysis of PCR products by melting curve determination enables detection of mutations, polymorphisms and epigenetic differences in double-stranded DNA samples.





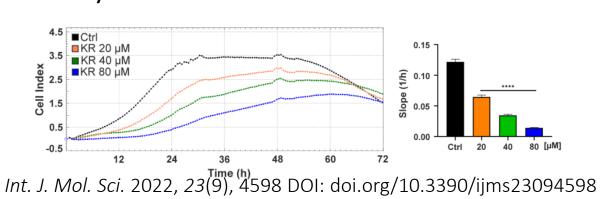


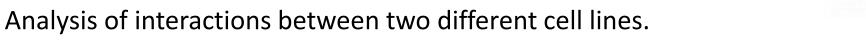
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xCELLigence RTCA System, Agilent Technologies

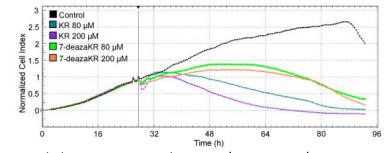
The xCELLigence system allows real-time analysis of eukaryotic cell proliferation, migration and cytotoxicity. The instrument measures impedance-based signals in both cellular proliferation and cell invasion/migration assays – without the use of exogenous labeling.

- The RTCA Analyzer together with the E-Plate is placed into a standard cell culture incubator, what ensures controlled environment throughout the experiment.
- Quantitatively monitors changes in cell number, adhesion, viability, and morphology.
- Analysis of sigle cell line or simultaneous analysis of one or more cell lines in the same experimental conditions.









Antioxidants 2021, 10(6), 950; DOI: doi.org/10.3390/antiox10060950

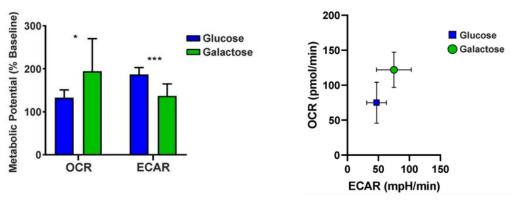
Seahorse XFp Analyzer

Seahorse XF Analyzers measure oxygen consumption rate (OCR) and extracellular acidification rate (ECAR) of live cells in a multi-well plate, based on key cellular functions such as mitochondrial respiration and glycolysis.

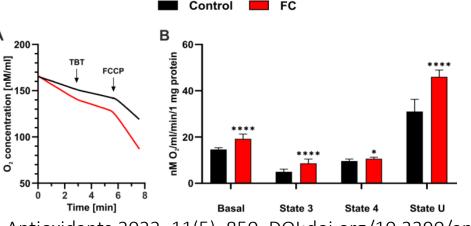


- Liquid-phase photosyntyhesis and respiration measurement system.
- Provides oxygen uptake measurements across a wide range of applications:
 - organisms (C. elegans, S. cerevisiae),
 - cells,
 - organelles (mitochondria, chloroplasts)

 Analysis of the rate of ATP production from the two key energy pathways (glycolysis and mitochondrial respiration)



Apoptosis 2020, 25:835–852 DOI: doi.org/10.1007/s10495-020-01637-x



Antioxidants 2022, 11(5), 850 DOI:doi.org/10.3390/antiox11050850

oxygraph

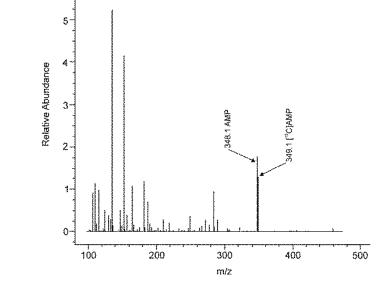
Oxygraph Plus

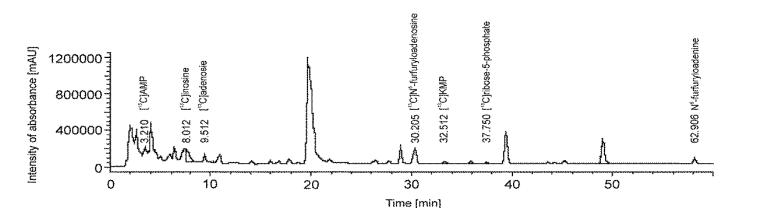


High Performance Liquid Chromatography HPLC LC/MS, ESA Coulochem III electrochemical detector

- Detection of nucleic acids components and their derivatives
- Detection of nucleic acid epigenetic modifications (e.g. m5C)
- Detection of oxidative stress modifications (8-oxo-dG)







Varioskan LUX multimode plate reader, Thermo Scientific

TCHB PAN Designed for a variety of applications (6- to 384-well plates):

- Asorbance (UV Vis)
- Fluorescence intensity (280 840 nm)
- Luminescence (360 670 nm)
- Time-resolved fluorescence (400-700 nm)
- Integrated gas module for atmospheric control of CO₂ and O₂ for cell-based assays.
- Different measurement modes: endpoint, kinetic, spectra, multipoint and kinetic spectra.
- Two dispensers for easy and accurate reagent addition, enabling follow-up of kinetic reactions, flash-type luminescence reactions, Ca²⁺ studies, and other rapid kinetic applications e.g. ATP, reporter gene assays.
- Control of temperature and shaking.





Colaborations

Colaboration	Type of analysis	Equipment used
Dr hab. Małgorzata Borowiak , prof. AMU, Adam Mickiewicz University ,Poznań	Analysis of pluripotrency markers, proliferation and bioenergetics of pluripotent Hues8-iCas9 cells	confocal microscope, flow cytometer, Seahorse analyzer
Dr hab. Agnieszka B. Olejniczak, prof. IMB PAS, Institute of Medicinal Biology PAS, Łódź	Anaysis of lisosomal membrane permeability and ferroptosis induction in HepG2 cells after 1,8-naphtalamides derivatives treatment.	Comprehensive analysis: experimental workflow, equipment, expertise
Dr hab. Anna Dembska, prof. AMU, Adam Mickiewicz University, Poznań	Analysis of cell membrane permeability to Ag nanoclusters in human cells.	confocal microscope, flow cytometer
Dr hab. Marta Olejniczak, prof. ICHB PAS	Analysis of huntingtin aggregates in brain of YAC128 mice.	Confocal microscope
Prof. Mirosława Z. Naskręt-Barciszewska	Cell cycle and 8-oxo-dG level analysis in T98G, U138 and HaCaT cells using epigenetic modulators (TMZ and metformin).	Cell culture room, HPLC LC/MS with coulochem detector, flow cytometer
Dr hab. Magdalena Łuczak, prof. IBCH PAS	Optimization of endothelial cells cultivation in normal condition and after treatment with serum from CKD and CVD patients.	Cell culture room, confocal microscope, flow cytometer, xCELLigence system
Dr hab. Agata Tyczewska, prof. ICHB PAS	Analysis of gene expression level in aged <i>C. elegans</i>	LightCycler 480 II
Prof. Michał Jasiński	Analysis of subcellular localization of plant ABCG transporters, and evaluation of influence of auxins on morphogenetic processes in <i>M. truncatula</i> roots.	Confocal microscope
Dr hab. Agnieszka Fiszer, prof. IBCH PAS	Microscope analysis of CAG repeats function in cell lines.	Confocal microscope
Dr hab. Jan Wrzesiński, prof. ICHB PAS	Analysis of real-time proliferation and immunofluorescent visualization of PIWIL1 protein in HEK293 and HK-2 cells	Confocal microscope, FACSCalibur flow cytometer, LightCycler 480 II
Prof. Anna Pasternak	Analysis of influence of G-quadruplexes on cell cycle and viability, and its internalization in HeLa cells	Confocal microscope, flow cytometer
Dr hab. Maciej Figiel, prof. ICHB PAS	Characterictics of brain organoids differantiated form iPSC from patients with juvenile-onset HD and visualisation of neuropathogenesis markers.	Confocal microscope
Dr hab. Zbigniew Warkocki, prof. ICHB PAS	Immunofluorescent analysis of cytoplasmatic bodies LINE-1 in WT cells, analysis of retrotransposone LINE-1 transcript expression in human cells.	Confocal microscope, LightCycler 480 II

List of publications

• Rykowski S, Gurda-Woźna D, Fedoruk-Wyszomirska A, Orlicka-Płocka M, Kowalczyk A, Stączek P, Denel-Bobrowska M, Biniek-Antosiak K, Rypniewski W, Wyszko E, Olejniczak AB. Carboranyl-1,8-naphthalimide intercalators induce lysosomal membrane permeabilization and ferroptosis in cancer cell lines. J Enzyme Inhib Med Chem. 2023, 38:2171028.

• Barciszewska AM, Belter A, Gawrońska I, **Giel-Pietraszuk M**, Naskręt-Barciszewska MZ. Juglone in combination with temozolomide shows a promising epigenetic therapeutic effect on the glioblastoma cell line. Int J Mol Sci. 2023, 24:6998.

• Rykowski S, Gurda-Woźna D, Orlicka-Płocka M, Fedoruk-Wyszomirska A, Giel-Pietraszuk M, Wyszko E, Kowalczyk A, Stączek P, Biniek-Antosiak K, Rypniewski W, Olejniczak AB. Design of DNA intercalators based on 4-Carboranyl-1,8-Naphthalimides: investigation of their DNA-binding ability and anticancer activity. Int J Mol Sci. 2022, 23:4598.

• Barciszewska AM, Belter A, Gawrońska I, **Giel-Pietraszuk M**, Naskręt-Barciszewska MZ. Cross-reactivity between histone demethylase inhibitor valproic acid and DNA methylation in glioblastoma cell lines. Front Oncol. 2022, 12:1033035.

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Patent application

Zastosowanie 37-merowej sondy oligonukleotydowej, jako indykatora do monitorowania zmian w metabolizmie komórek nowotworowych **P.441574 (2022)** A.R. Dembska, N. Lisiak, **A. Fedoruk-Wyszomirska**, B. Rubiś



Projects realized in the Laboratory

Research projects:

- Właściwości przeciwstarzeniowe 4-*N*-furfurylocytozyny w zróżnicowanych wiekowo komórkach eukariotycznych, drożdżach oraz mysim modelu starzenia (NCN OPUS EW)
- Rybozyd kinetyny i jego pochodne analiza właściwości apoptotycznych i mechanizmu działania w komórkach guzów mózgu (NCN OPUS EW)
- Analiza właściwości pro-regeneracyjnych i przeciwutleniających 4-N-furfurylocytozyny w modelu zwierzęcym *Schmidtea mediterranea* (Planaria) (NCN MINIATURA AFW)
- Optymalizacja warunków biodruku w celu stworzenia komórkowego modelu 3D raka wątroby jako platformy skriningowej do selekcji związków o potencjale terapeutycznym (NCN MINIATURA DGW)

Projects in cooperation:

- Regulacja poziomu neuroaktywnych beta-karbolin w diecie w oparciu o substytuty kawy (NCN OPUS, prof. dr hab. inż. Renata Zawirska-Wojtasiak UP)
- Cząsteczki wiążące DNA synteza i właściwości interkalatorów DNA zawierających klastry boru (SONATA Bis, dr hab. Agnieszka Olejniczak, prof. IBM PAN)
- pH-wrażliwe oligonukleotydy do monitorowania zmian w metabolizmie komórek nowotworowych wywołanych lekami przeciwnowotworowymi (NCBR TANGO, dr hab. Anna Dembska, prof. UAM)



Head:

Prof. Eliza Wyszko

Staff:

dr. habil. Małgorzata Giel-Pietraszuk, prof. ICHB

dr. Dorota Gurda-Woźna

dr. Agnieszka Fedoruk-Wyszomirska

PhD student:

Paweł Pawelczak, MSc

Contact us:

ext. 1141

lab.subcellular.struct@ibch.poznan.pl

eliza.wyszko@ibch.poznan.pl

https://portal.ichb.pl/pracownia-analiz-struktur-subkomorkowych/







LABORATORY OF BIOINFORMATICS





Department of Molecular Genetics

Prof, Piotr Kozłowski

Laboratory of Bioinformatics (2020)
 B building, 2nd floor
 Room 207 & 208



OUR TEAM

Dr hab. Anna Philips, prof. IBCH PAS - Head of Laboratory

- MSc. in Computer Science (Applied Computer Science)
- Ph.D. in Biology (Bioinformatics)
- In IBCH PAS from 2014





OUR TEAM

Dr Natalia Szóstak

- MSc. in Biology (Bioinformatics)
- Ph.D. in Computer Science (Bioinformatics)
- In IBCH PAS from 2020





OUR TEAM

Dr Arkadiusz Kajdasz

- MSc. in Biology (Molecular Biology)
- Ph.D. in Biology (Molecular Genetics)
- In IBCH PAS from 2021 (in Bioinformatics Lab 2023)





Szymon Melewski

-

BS. in Computer Science

- In IBCH PAS from 2021 (in Bioinformatics Lab 2024)







Maciej Michalczyk, Ph.D. Student

MSc. In Biology (Bioinformatics)

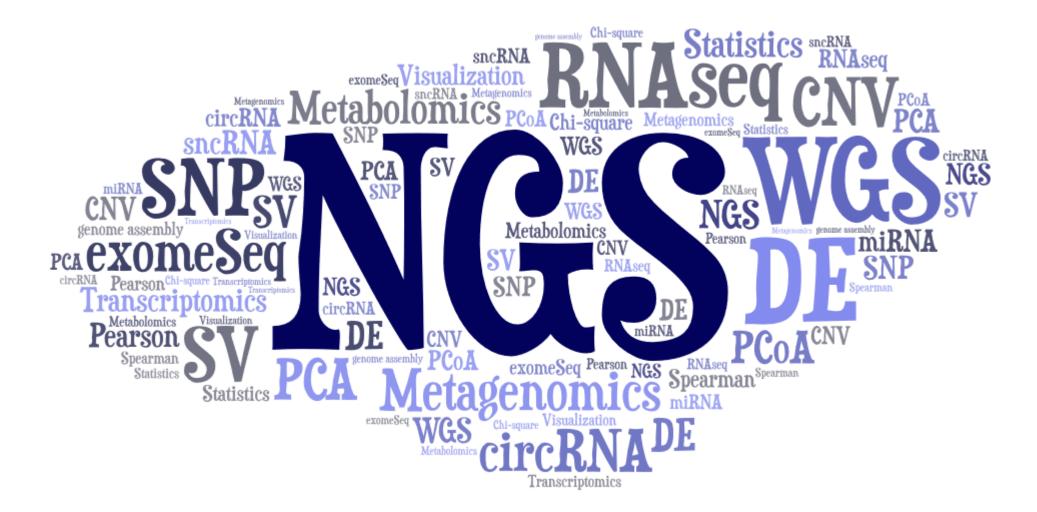
- In IBCH PAS from 2023

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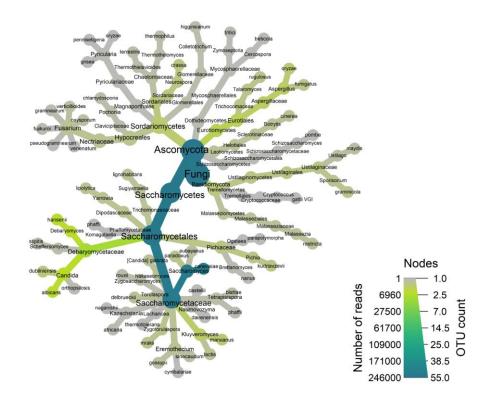


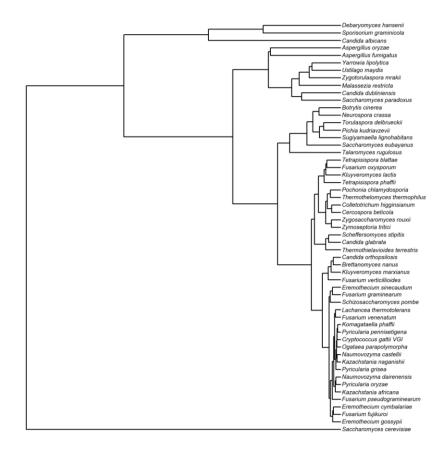
WHAT WE DO





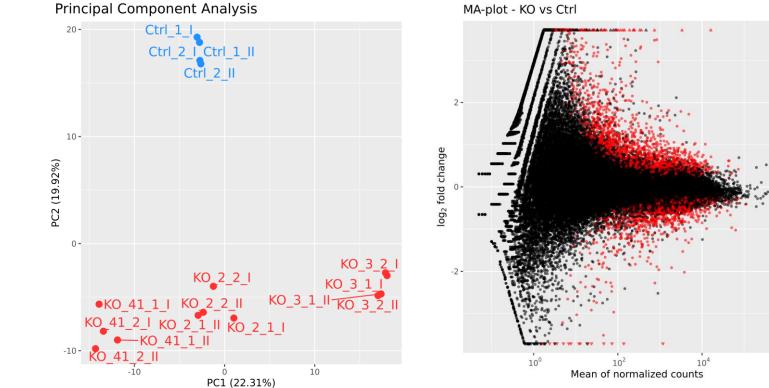
GENOMICS

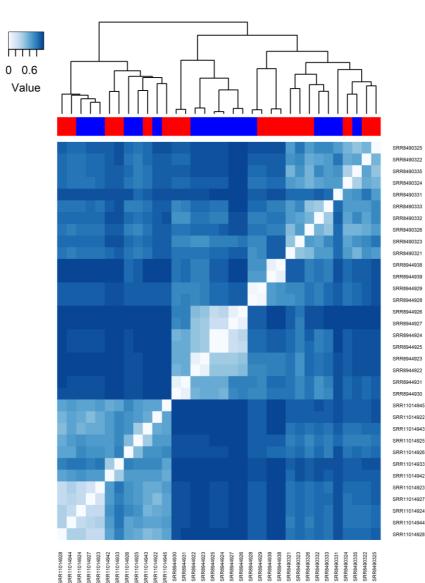




GENE EXPRESSION

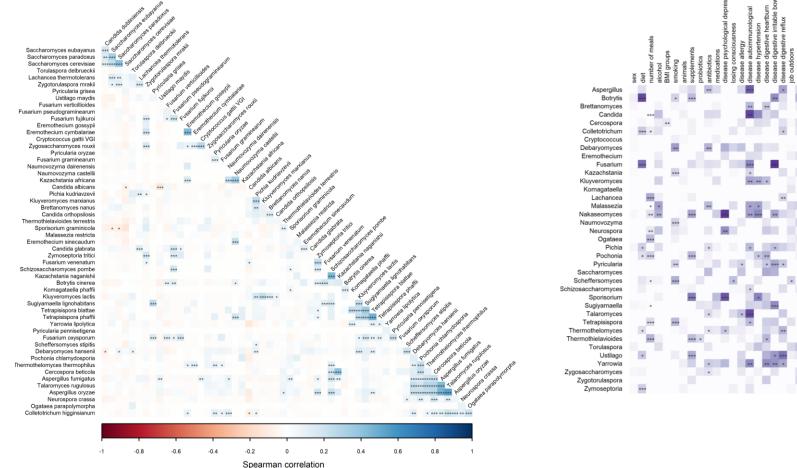
Principal Component Analysis

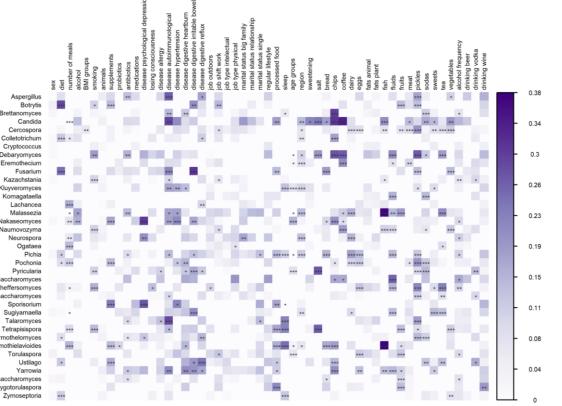




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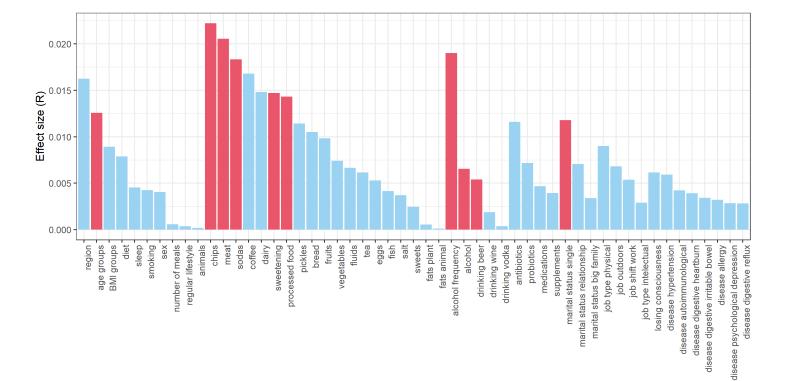
METAGENOMICS

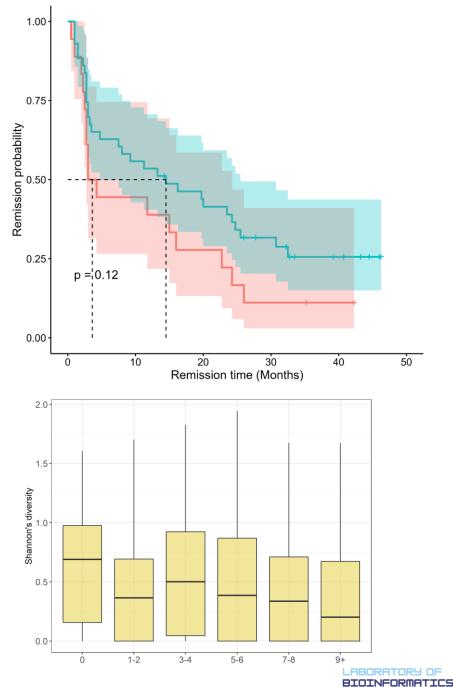




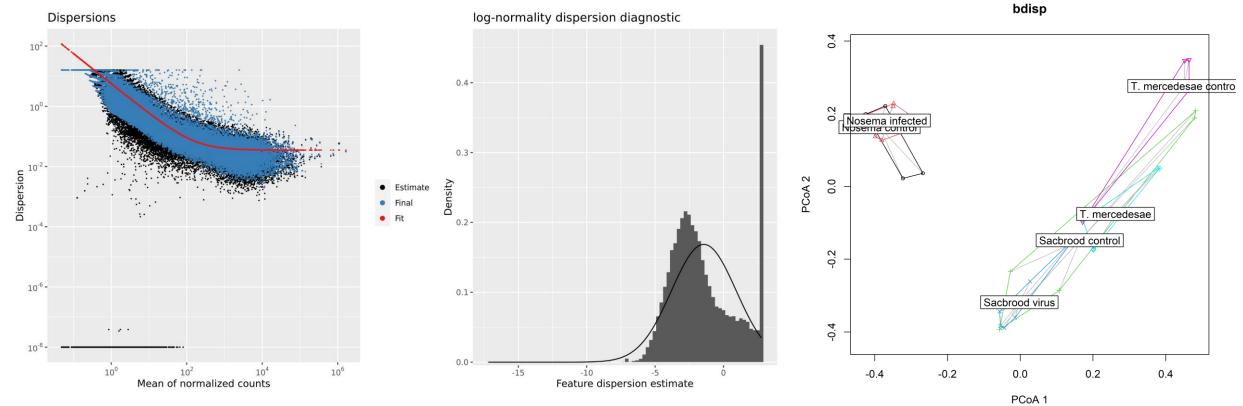
Cramer's

CLINICAL DATA





STATISTICS



method = "jaccard"





- Data mining
- Big data analyses
- Web services
- Non-standard analyses
- ... Or standard, but not popular



HOW WE DO IT

- Published tools
- Python
- R
- Bash
- ...
- PCSS resources



HOW TO COLABORATE WITH US

- 1. Talk to us
- 2. Indicate on the quarterly reports that you use our resources



COLABORATE WITH US

Nucleic Acids Research, 2024, 1-19 https://doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkad1251 RNA and RNA-protein complexes



LINE-1 mRNA 3' end dynamics shape its biology and retrotransposition potential

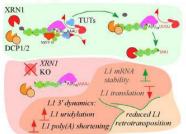
Damian M. Janecki 01.i, Raneet Sen 01.i, Natalia Szóstak 02.i, Arkadiusz Kajdasz 01, Martyna Kordyś ^{©1}, Kinga Plawgo ^{©1}, Dmytro Pandakov ^{©1}, Anna Philips ^{©2} and Zbigniew Warkocki 01.*

¹Department of RNA Metabolism, Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poznan, Poland ²Laboratory of Bioinformatics, Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poznan, Poland To whom correspondence should be addressed. Tel: +48618528503; Fax: +48618520532; Email: zwarkoc@gmail.com; zwarkocki@ibch.poznan.pl The first three authors should be regarded as Joint First Authors.

Abstract

LINE-1 (L1) retrotransposons are mobile genetic elements that create new genomic insertions by a copy-paste mechanism involving L1 RNA/RNP intermediates L1 encodes two ORFs of Unital L1 ORF2 print genomic DNA and reverse transcribes L1 mRNA using the middle DNA as a prime which base-pairs with poly(A1 and L1 mRNA; to better understand the importance of non-temptided L13 ends dynamics and the interplay between L13' and 5' ends, we investigated the effects of genomic knock-outs and temporal knock-downs of XRN1, DCP2, and other factors We hypothesized that in the absence of XRN1, the major 5'→3' exoribonuclease, there would be more L1 mRNA and retrotransposition Conversely, we observed that loss of XRN1 decreased L1 retrotransposition. This occurred despite slight stabilization of L1 mRNA, but with decreased L1 RNP formation. Similarly, loss of DCP2, the catalytic subunit of the decapping complex, lowered retrotransposition despite in creased steady-state levels of L1 proteins. In both XRN1 and DCP2 depletions we observed shortening of L1 3' poly(A) tails and their increased uridylation by TUT4/7. We explain the observed reduction of L1 retrotransposition by the changed qualities of non-templated L1 mRNA 3' ends demonstrating the important role of L13' end dynamics in L1 biology.





Introduction

Retrotransposons are mobile genetic elements that copy their mechanism called retrotransposition. Sequencing of the hu-

(1,2). Retrotransposons in the human genome comprise longterminal repeat retrotransposons (LTRs), also known as ensequences and insert them in new genomic locations via a dogenous retroviruses (ERVs), and non-long terminal repeat retrotransposons including long-interspersed elements (L1), man genome has led to a discovery that nearly half of it derives short-interspersed elements (Alu), and a class of SVA retrofrom repetitive sequences, mostly of retrotransposonal origin transposons (3,4). Around 516 000 copies of L1 occupy nearly

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CMC: Cancer miRNA Census – a list of cancer-related miRNA genes

Malwina Suszynska^{1,†}, Magdalena Machowska^{0,1,†}, Eliza Fraszczyk^{1,†}, Maciej Michalczyk² Anna Philips 02, Paulina Galka-Marciniak 01 and Piotr Kozlowski 01.*

Department of Molecular Genetics, Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poznan, 61-704, Poland ²Laboratory of Bioinformatics, Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poznan, Poland To whom correspondence should be addressed. Tel: +48 618528503 (Ext 1261); Fax: +48 618520532; Email: kozlowp@ibch.poznan.pl The first three authors should be regarded as joint First Authors.

Abstract

A growing body of evidence indicates an important role of miRNAs in cancer; however, there is no definitive, convenient-to-use list of cancer related miRNAs or miRNA genes that may serve as a reference for analyses of miRNAs in cancer. To this end, we created a list of 165 cancer-related miRNA genes called the Cancer miRNA Census (CMC). The list is based on a score, built on various types of functional and genetic evidence for the role of particular miRNAs in cancer, e.g., miRNA-cancer associations reported in database, associations of miRNAs with cancer halfmanks, or signals of positive selection of genetic alterations in cancer. The presence of well-recognized cancer-related miRNA genes such as MIR21, MIR155, MIR15A, MIR17 or MIRLET7s, at the top of the CMC ranking directly confirms the accuracy and robustness of the list Additionally, to verify and indicate the reliability of CMC, we performed a validation of criteria used to build CMC, comparison of CMC with various cancer data (publications and databasea), and enrichment ranlyses of biological pathways and processes such as Gene Ontology or DisGNNET. All validation stops showed a strong association of CMC with cancer (cancer-related processes on timining its usefulness as a reference list of All validation steps showed a strong association of CMC with cancer (cancer-related processes on timining its usefulness as a reference list of the cancer miRNA genes associated with cancer

Graphical abstract



Introduction

miRNAs are a class of small (18-24nt long), single-stranded noncoding RNA molecules that initiate translation repression and/or mRNA deadenylation, decapping, and degradation by complementary interaction with target sequences usually located in the 3'UTRs of target mRNAs; thus, miRNAs post-transcriptionally regulate (usually downregulate) the expression of most protein-coding genes (1,2). A large body of evidence indicates that miRNAs play an important role in cancer, and many upregulated and downregulated miRNAs are involved in the regulation of different processes in cancer. Among the most well-recognized miRNAs, acting either

as oncogenes or tumor suppressors are the let-7 (MIRLET7) family, miR-17-92a-1 cluster (known also as OncomiR-1 or according to HUGO nomenclature MIR17HG), miR-21, miR-205, and miR-15a (3.4).

Large cancer-genome projects such as The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA) (5,6) or International Cancer Genome Consortium (ICGC) (7) and especially recent whole-genome sequencing efforts such as The Pan-Cancer Analysis of Whole Genomes (PCAWG) (8) increase the potential for identifying cancer-related mutations or cancer-driver genetic elements in noncoding parts of the genome, including genes of miRNAs and other classes of noncoding RNAs. Appropriate reference

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NAR's 50 years, IBCH PAS in NAR in 2024

BIOINFORMATICS

LABORATORY OF BIOINFORMATICS

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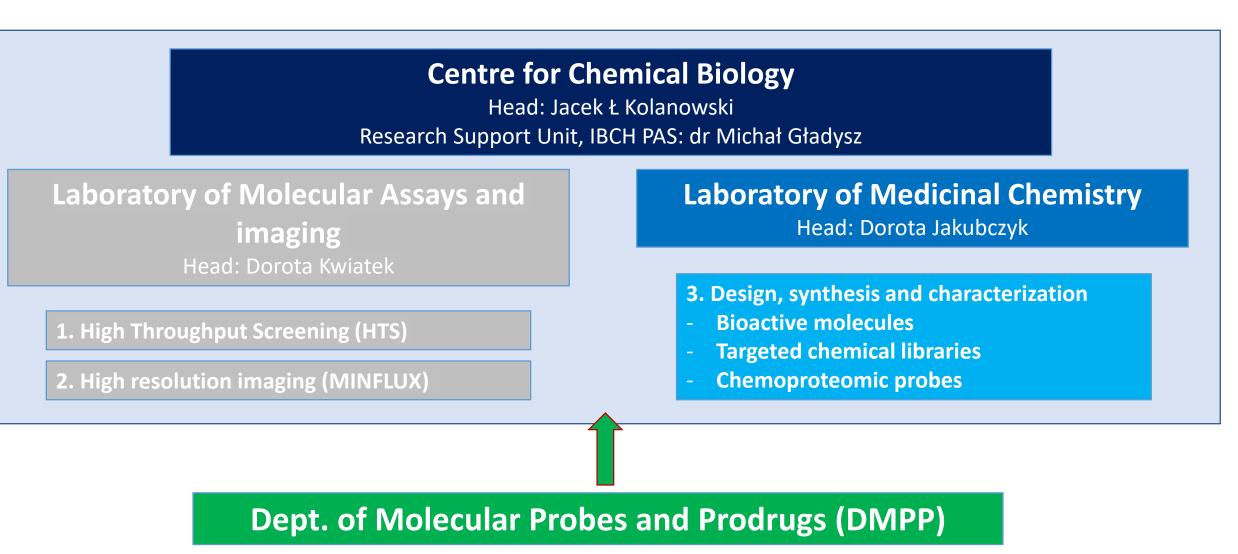
INSTITUTE OF BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Polish Academy of Sciences

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry Centre for Chemical Biology (ERIC)

Dr. Dorota Jakubczyk

Centre for Chemical Biology



Design, synthesis and validation of probes and assays

EU-OPENSCREEN - ERIC

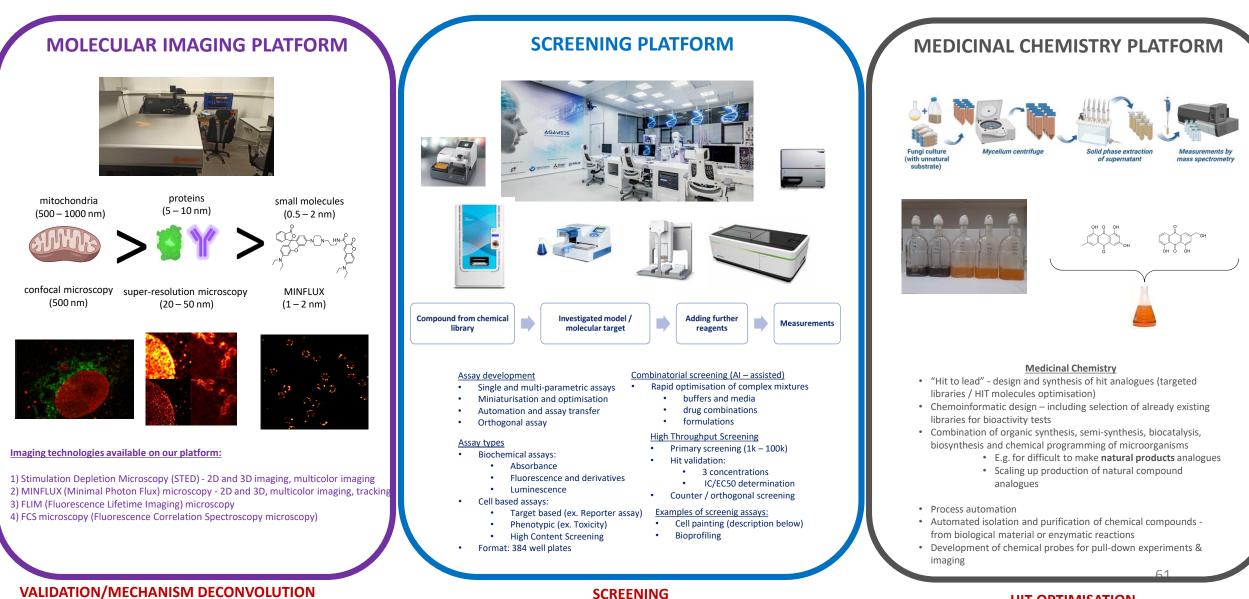
eutiopenscreen

European Research Infrastructure ERIC

- European Road Map of Research Infrastructure ESFRI
- Dedicated funding in Horizon Europe
- 33 certified partner sites in 10 member countries
- Expertise (partner sites)
 - HTS Screening & Fragment Screening
 - Med chem
 - Chemoproteomics (in formation)
- European Chemical Biology Database
- EU-OS Chemical Compounds Library
 - 100 000 commercial cpds (20kEUR)
 - 40 000 academic cpds
 - Ca. 1000 fragments



Centre for Chemical Biology



HIT OPTIMISATION

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry

Head of Laboratory Dr. Dorota Jakubczyk

Researchers:

Dr. hab. Tomasz Ostrowski Dr. Leszek Błaszczyk Dr. Magdalena Derbis – <u>from DMPP</u> Dr. Vanrajsinh Thakor - from mid March

Research and technical employees:

Dr. Grzegorz Framski

PhD students:

Masroor Khan M.Sc. – <u>from DMPP</u> Piotr Michałowski M.Sc. Eng. - <u>Poznan University of Technology</u>



Dr. Dorota Jakubczyk

Head of Laboratory

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Researchers:







Dr. Magdalena Derbi

asystent

Dr. Leszek Blaszczyk adjunkt Dr. hab. Tomasz Ostrowski adlunkt

Research and technical employees



Dr. Grzegorz Framski główny specjalista ds. środowiskowej aparatury badawczej

PhD students:





Masroor Khan MSc PhD student Piotr Michalowski PhD student

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry

Services:

- "Hit to lead" design and synthesis of hit analogues (targeted libraries / HIT molecules optimisation)
- Chemoinformatic design including selection of already existing libraries for bioactivity tests
- Combination of organic synthesis, semi-synthesis, biocatalysis and biosynthesis
 - E.g. for difficult to make **natural products** analogues
 - Scaling up production of natural compound analogues
- Process automation
- Automated isolation and purification of chemical compounds from biological material or enzymatic reactions
- Development of chemical probes for pull-down experiments & imaging





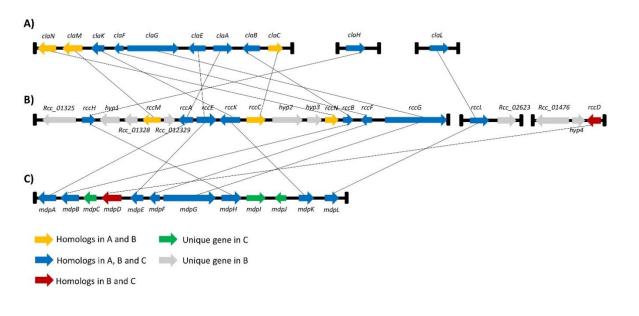
Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry

New services

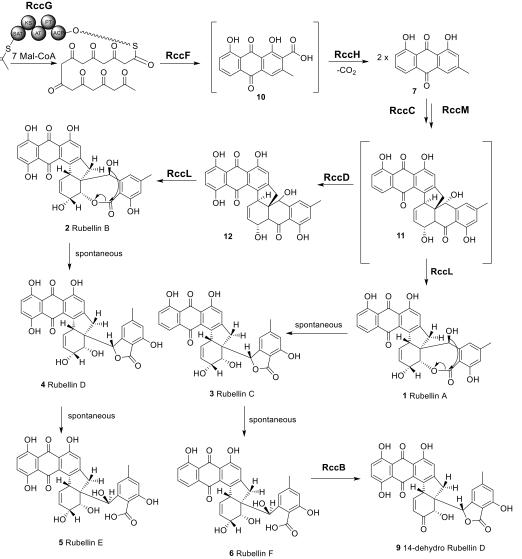
- Design and synthesis of RNA using chemical and biochemical methods along with structural and functional characterization of RNA molecules to understand their role in biological processes (Dr. Leszek Błaszczyk)
- Synthesis of purine and pyrimidine base-modified or/and sugar-modified nucleoside analogues, 1,2,3-triazole nucleosides, as well as quaternary ammonium salts, focused on compounds with required physicochemical properties and potential biological activities (Dr. hab. Tomasz Ostrowski, Dr. Grzegorz Framski)

OUR TECHNOLOGY: chemical programming of microorganisms

Proposed pathway and discovered gene cluster for rubellins biosynthesis



Dorota Jakubczyk Francois Dussart



Grant Miniatura 4 by National Science Centre (NCN) No: 2020/04/X/NZ1/01959 – Dr. Dorota Jakubczyk

OUR TECHNOLOGY: chemical programming of microorganisms

Optimisation of bio-production of bioactive natural products

• Chemical programming of fungus Ramularia collo-cygni

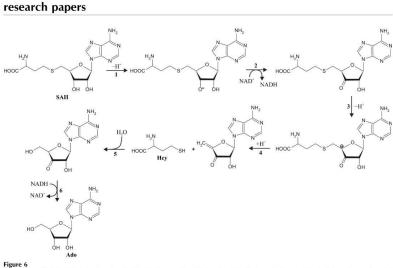
 Fungi culture (with unnatural substrate)

 Mycelium centrifuge
 Solid phase extraction of supernatant
 Measurements by mass spectrometry
 Mass spectry
 Mass spectry

Users Projects

Dr hab. K. Brzeziński

Identification of the products of the enzymatic reaction of SAHase from Pseudomonas aeruginosa carried out in the presence of transition metal ions



Mechanism of SAH hydrolysis to adenosine (Ado) and 1-homocysteine (Hcy) catalyzed by S-adenosyl-1-homocysteine hydrolase. The numbers 1-6 indicate the reaction steps described in the mechanism of SAH hydrolysis (see text)

Glu205. As a result, the C3'-H H atom becomes more labile and hydride abstraction by the NAD⁺ cofactor is facilitated (2). The products of this reaction step are 3'-keto-AdoHcy and NADH. The acidity of the C4'-H group of the 3'-keto

Figure 7 Superposition of the LISAHase protomer (green) with models of the

derivative is higher when compared with the Ado molecule, allowing the formation of a C4'⁻ carboanion through proton transfer to the carboxylic group of Asp139 (3). Proton transfer from the imidazole ring of His62 to the S⁸ atom of the 3'-keto-AdoHcy carboanion is followed by β -elimination of Hcy, leading to the formation of 3'-keto-4',5'-didehydroadenosine (4). As the final step, a water molecule is attached through Michael-type addition (5); consequently, the 3'-keto group is reduced and Ado and NAD⁺ are generated (6).

3.5. The plant-specific insert and the substrate-pocket access channel

An insert of about 40 amino-acid residues is present in all plant SAHases and also in a number of other eukaryotic and bacterial enzymes (Stępkowski et al., 2005). In LISAHase this segment forms a solvent-exposed region in the catalytic domain (Fig. 7) in an analogous way as in the plasmodial (PDB entry 1v8b) and bacterial (PDB entry 3ce6) enzymes (Tanaka et al., 2004; Reddy et al., 2008). Despite its conserved topology in the protein fold, the insert is in fact the area of the main structural differences between these proteins. The bacterial inserts are several residues shorter, leading to structural divergence. Moreover, differences in the conformation of this surface element could also result from different crystalpacking contacts.

using orange (adenosine) and gray (cofactor) colors.

enzymes from P. falciparum (yellow; PDB entry 1v8b), M. tuberculosis

(raspberry; PDB entry 3ce6) and H. sapiens (blue; PDB entry 1li4). The

highly conserved Glu154 and Glu173 located in the 40-residue insert of

LISAHase are shown as sticks. Ligands are shown as space-filling models

Users Projects

Completed projects:

Prof. dr Paul Schulze-Lefert - <u>Max Planck Institute for Plant Breeding Research</u> - Synthesis and characterization of oxidized fraxetin to investigate the formation of the plant- and microbial-driven coumarin redox cycle (DFG, Germany's Excellence Strategy—EXC 2048/1—Project ID: 390686111)

Dr. hab. K. Brzeziński - Identification of the products of the enzymatic reaction of SAHase from Pseudomonas aeruginosa carried out in the presence of transition metal ions (NCN SONATA BIS nr UMO-2018/30/E/NZ1/00729)

Dr. hab. Miłosz Ruszkowski - Identification of human δ1-pyrroline-5-carboxylate reductase (PYCR1) products (NCN Opus 2021/43/B/NZ7/01611)

Dr. hab. Jacek Kolanowski (POL-OS, Sonata 2017/26/D/NZ1/01234) – Data base creation; Kinetics of bioluminescent probes

Users Projects

Ongoing projects:

Ewa Sobieszczuk-Nowicka, Magdalenia Arasimowicz-Jelonek – Biology Department AMU – synthesis and identyficatin of plant metabolites

Arleta Sierakowska (Miniatura), Chemistry Department AMU – MedChem on new caffeine analogues

Jacek Kolanowski, Dorota Kwiatek – EU-OS (Drive 2 - HORIZON-INFRA-2023-DEV-01-03) - chemoinformatics

Grant proposals (last stage of evaluation):

Jacek Kolanowski, Dorota Kwiatek - Development of the infrastructure POL-OPENSCREEN 2 Dorota Kwiatek, Jacek Kolanowski - Maintenance of the infrastructure: SPUB Miłosz Ruszkowski – Sonata Bis

Summary of the offer

- SCREENING (high throughput)
 - Absorbance, fluorescence, bioluminescence and variants + imaging
 - Biochemical (protein / RNA) and cellular (mammalian and plants), advanced models (3D) Multiparametric tests
- SUPER-RESOLUTION IMAGING
 - MINFLUX (2 nm, only one of few in the world, localisation or particle tracking)
 - Multicolour STED (50-30 nm)
 - FRET / Lifetime / FCS
- MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY
 - (Bio)synthesis and optimisation of analogues of BIOACTIVE MOLECULES and scale-up
 - Design of dedicated libraries and their synthesis
 - Synthesis of multi-parametric molecular probes

Other services types of the Centre:

Grant proposal preparation

Experiment design

Sample preparation or supervision

Data analysis

Types of activities

- R&D serivces
- Tech development
- Consulting
- Infrastructure collab
- Outreach

Aims / results

- Bioactives
- Tools for imaging and research
- Understanding mech of action



Price depends on:

- Type of collaboration
- Type of experiment
- Number of compounds to screen
- User hands on engagement

Documents:

- Application form
- User agreement

We have EXPERIENCE in and can SCIENTIFICALLY CONSULT on the preparation of joint grant proposals: >35 since 2020 (70% success rate)

Get in touchwith us 😳

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry

Dr. Dorota Jakubczyk djakubczyk@ibch.poznan.pl tel. 1184, room 110 E and 117E Webpages: https://chembio.pl/ https://portal.ichb.pl/pracownia-chemii-medycznej/





Head of Laboratory

djakubczyk@ibch.poznan.pl cxz. 1184









Dr. Leszek Błaszczyk adjunkt Dr. hab. Tomasz Ostrowski adlunkt Dr. Magdalena Derbis asystent

Research and technical employees



Dr. Grzegorz Framski główny specjalista ds. środowiskowej aparatury badawczej

PhD students:





Masroor Khan MSc PhD student Piotr Michałowski PhD student





Laboratory of Genomics

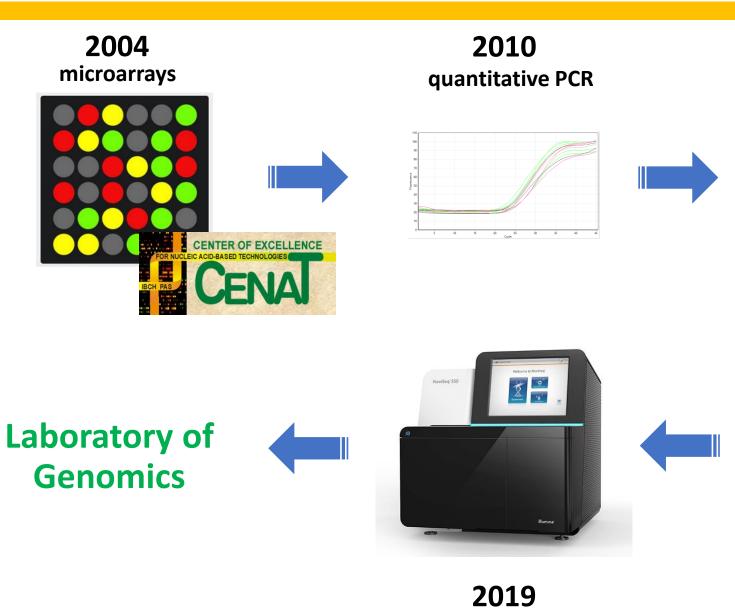
Luiza Handschuh

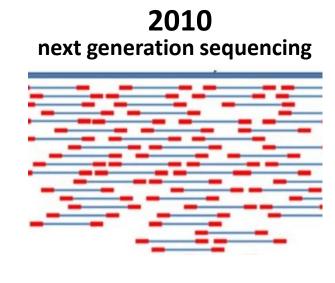
Presenting: Małgorzata Marcinkowska-Swojak

Poznań, 06.02.2024

Brief history



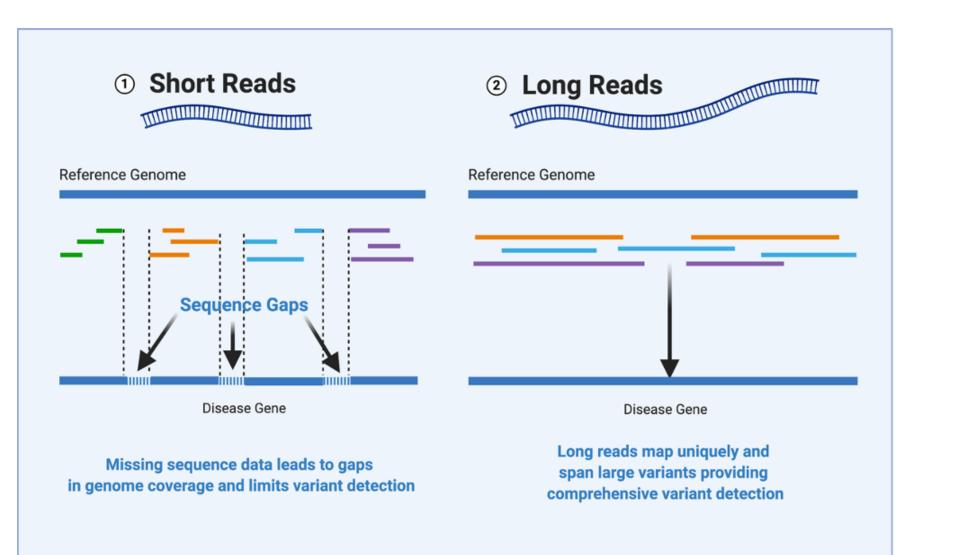






Laboratory of Microarrays and Deep Sequencing established in January 2013

Second and third generation sequencing



ICHB PAN

2022/2023 - five sequencing systems

ICHB PAN

Illumina sequencing systems

NextSeq 550









09:38 06:23

NovaSeq X Plus

2022/2023 - five sequencing systems

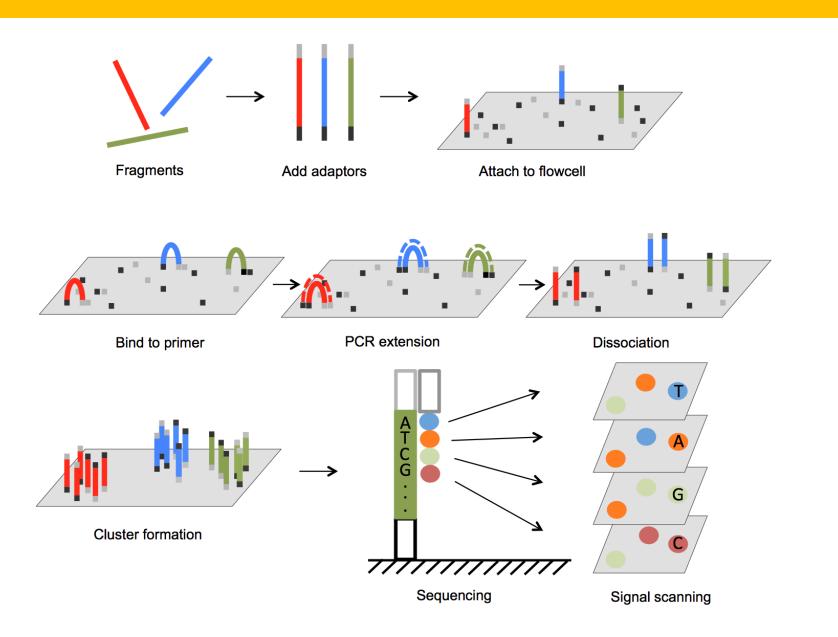
ICHB PAN

Pacific Biosciences sequencing systems



Sequel IIe

Illumina sequencing



ICHB PAN

Illumina sequencers

Benchtop



MiSeq Series 🗘 NextSeq 550 Series 🗘

Popular Applications & Methods	Key Application	Key Application
Large Whole-Genome Sequencing (human, plant, animal)		
Small Whole-Genome Sequencing (microbe, virus)	•	•
Exome & Large Panel Sequencing (enrichment-based)		•
Targeted Gene Sequencing (amplicon- based, gene panel)	•	•
Single-Cell Profiling (scRNA-Seq, scDNA-Seq, oligo tagging assays)		•
Transcriptome Sequencing (total RNA- Seq, mRNA-Seq, gene expression profiling)		•
Targeted Gene Expression Profiling	•	•
miRNA & Small RNA Analysis	•	٠
DNA-Protein Interaction Analysis (ChIP- Seq)	•	•
Methylation Sequencing		•
16S Metagenomic Sequencing	•	•
Metagenomic Profiling (shotgun metagenomics, metatranscriptomics)		•
Cell-Free Sequencing & Liquid Biopsy Analysis		•

Production-scale





ICHB PAN

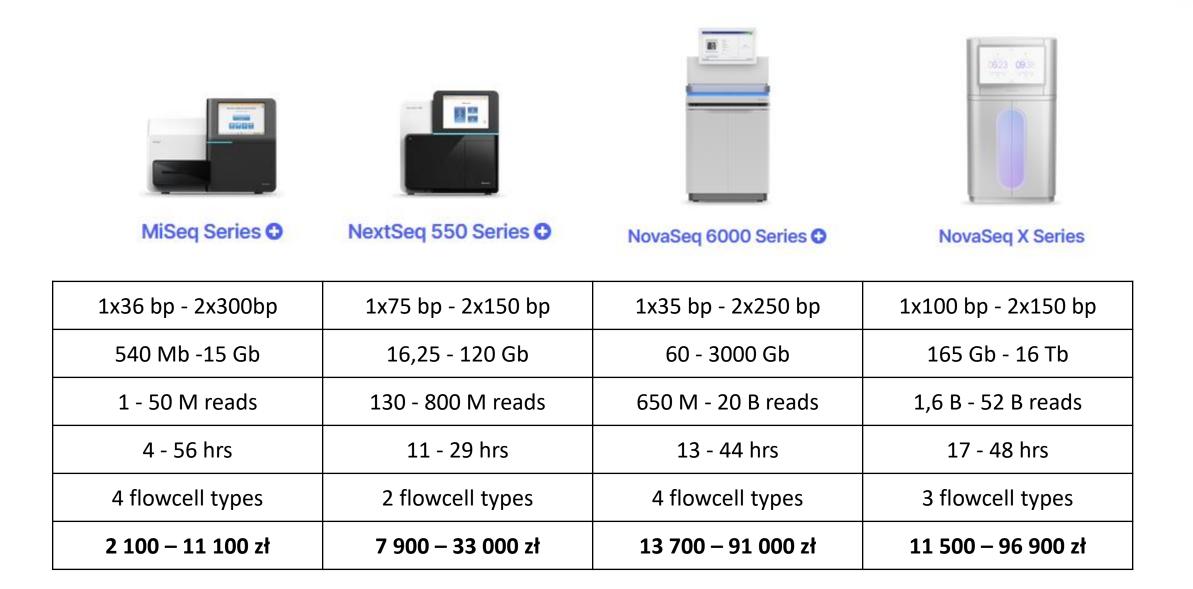
NovaSeq 6000 Series O

NovaSeq X Series

Popular Applications & Methods	Key Application	Key Application
Large Whole-Genome Sequencing (human, plant, animal)	•	•
Small Whole-Genome Sequencing (microbe, virus)	•	
Exome & Large Panel Sequencing (enrichment-based)	•	•
Targeted Gene Sequencing (amplicon-based, gene panel)	•	•
Single-Cell Profiling (scRNA-Seq, scDNA-Seq, oligo tagging assays)	•	•
Transcriptome Sequencing (total RNA-Seq, mRNA-Seq, gene expression profiling)	•	•
Chromatin Analysis (ATAC-Seq, ChIP-Seq)	•	•
Methylation Sequencing	•	•
Metagenomic Profiling (shotgun metagenomics, metatranscriptomics)	•	•
Cell-Free Sequencing & Liquid Biopsy Analysis	•	•

Illumina sequencers



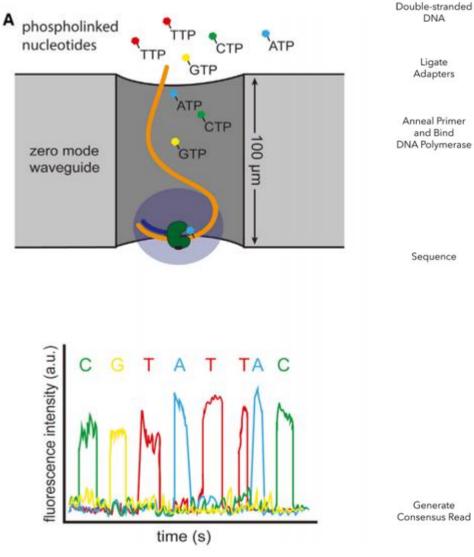


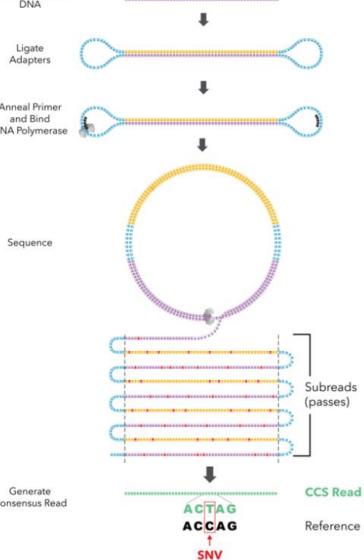
Illumina sequencers

NextSeq 550 System High-Output Kit	NextSeq 550 System Mid-O	NextSeq 550 System Mid-Output Kit	
1 human whole genome	3 exomes		
12 exomes	12 enrichment panels		
16 transcriptomes	96 amplicon panels	96 amplicon panels	
NovaSeq 6000 System			
Flow Cell Type	SP S1	S2	S4
Human Genomes per Run ~4	~8	~20	~48
Exomes per Run ~4	.0 ~80	~200	~500
Transcriptomes per Run ~3	2 ~64	~164	~400
NovaSeq X Series			
Flow Cell Type	1.5B	10B	25B
Human Genomes per Flow Cell	~4	~24	~64
Exomes per Flow Cell	~41	~250	~750
Transcriptomes per Flow Cell	~30	~200	~520

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Pac-Bio – length and precision





 Long reads: 8-15kb, up to 40-70kb **ICHB PAN**

- High Accuracy: >99.999% consensus accuracy achieved by sequencing the same molecule multiple times
- No GC bias
- Direct identification of base modification (epigenetics - 5mC)

Pac-Bio – what can we do with 1 SMRT cell?

SMRT sequencing applications	Samples per SMRT Cell 8M*	X
Whole genome sequencing		Xx
De novo assembly: Produce reference-quality assemblies for genomes up to 2 Gb	1	
Microbial de novo assembly: Generate reference- quality assemblies for up to 96 microbial isolates	96	
Variant detection: Call single nucleotide, indel, and structural variants and 5mC methylation in a ~3 Gb genome	0.5	
RNA sequencing		
Whole transcriptome: Characterize alternative splicing with full-length transcripts	1	
Genome annotation: Sequence full-length transcripts and multiplex up to 8 tissues	8	>>>
Targeted sequencing		>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>
Amplicon sequencing: Detect variation in specific regions by multiplexing 1,000 samples (1–10 kb)	1,000	XX 00 00
HiFiViral sequencing: Multiplex 384 samples and perform full genome sequencing of SARS-CoV-2	384	
Metagenome sequencing		
Full-length 16S: Gain species- and strain-level resolution by multiplexing up to 192 samples	192	
Metagenome profiling: Profile the composition or functional profile of up to 48 multiplexed samples	48	
Metagenome assembly: Generate up to 35 high- quality MAGs from a gut microbiome sample	4	3-2 1 SN/

Whole Genome Sequencing

For humans, plants, animals and microbes including *de novo* sequencing and variant detection

RNA Sequencing

In-depth analysis of cDNA sequences across the entire transcriptome or targeted genes

Targeted Sequencing

Study relevant genome targets across any regions of interest



3-4 SMRT cells per 1 **human** genome 1 SMRT cell per 1 **human** transcriptomes

Complex Populations



 Understand variants

 △
 among bacterial, viral

 △
 and cancer cell

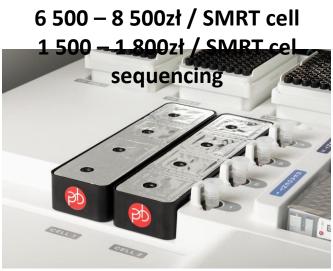
 □
 populations

Epigenetics

Dete modi samp sequ

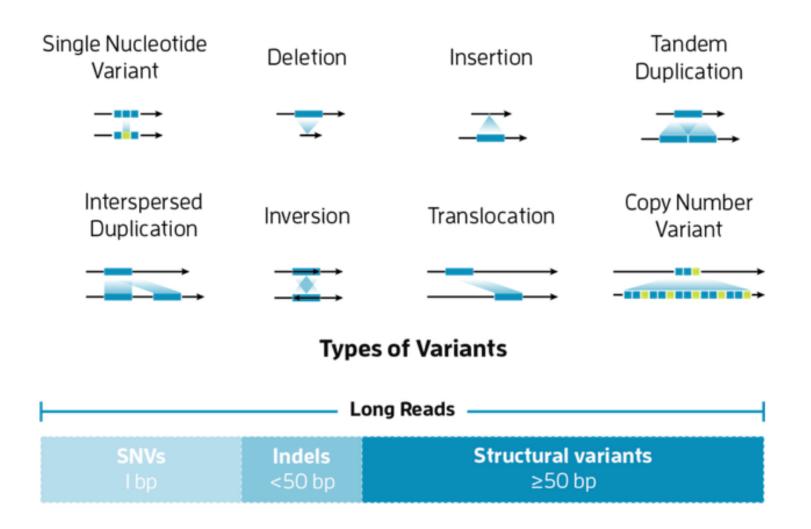
Detect DNA modifications in your samples while you sequence on the PacBio platform







Pac-Bio – genome analysis



Genomic DNA input (higher organisms) - 5-10 µg, high quality (high mol. weight)

Automation (2023)

Automated workstations -Beckman Biomek i5







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Library preparation

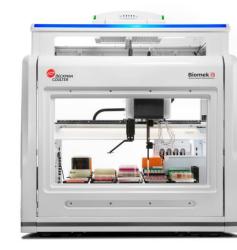
Automation (2023)



Automated workstations -Beckman Biomek i5



DNA/RNA isolation





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Library preparation

up to 96 samples per run	up to 48 samples per run	
4 - 8 hrs	6 - 10 hrs	
DNA - Beckman GeneFind	Genome - Illumina DNA Prep	
RNA - Beckman RNAdvance	Transcriptome - KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit (+RiboErase)	

Additional equipment







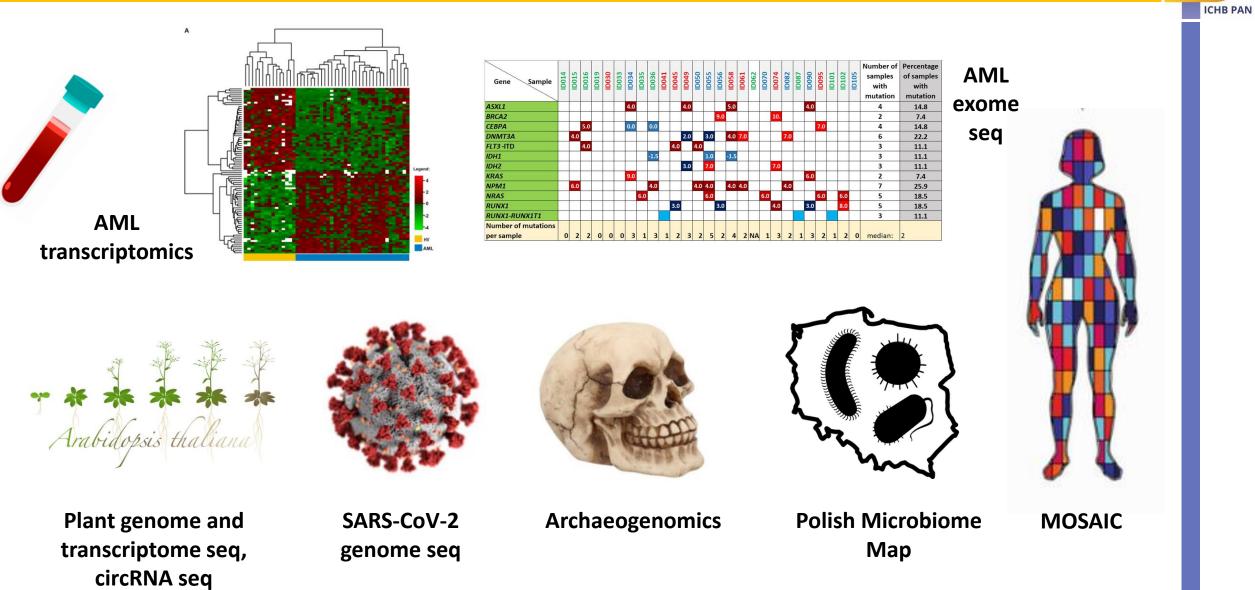
- Nanodrop, ThermoFisher Sci. (ECBiG)
- Qubit, ThermoFisher Sci. (ECBiG, ICHB 108A)
- Bioanalyzer 2100, Agilent (ECBiG)
- **Bioruptor NextGen Sonicator, Diagenode (ICHB)**

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- T100 thermocyclers, Bio-Rad (ECBiG, ICHB)
- Rotor Gene Q, Qiagen (ECBiG)

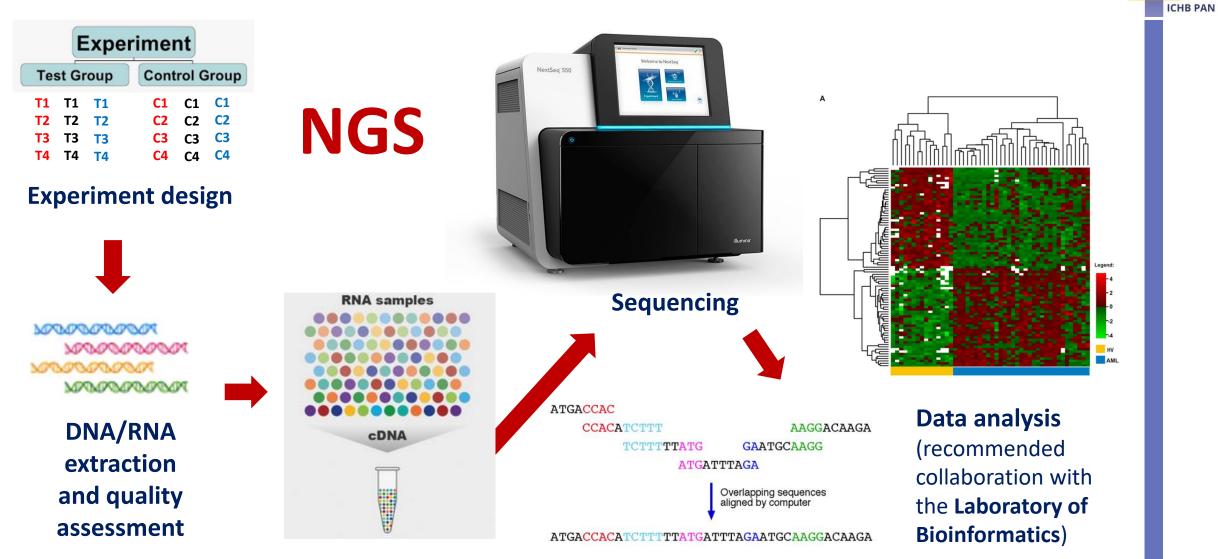
- **QX200** droplet digital PCR, Bio-Rad (ECBiG)

What we have done



... and other projects

What we can offer



Library preparation

Team

Head

Luiza Handschuh, prof. ICHBPAN



Bioinformatics

Paweł Wojciechowski, Ph.D.

Michał Zeńczak, M.Sc.

Wet lab

Magdalena Rakoczy, M.Sc.

Jan Podkowiński, Ph.D.

Małgorzata Marcinkowska-Swojak, Ph.D.





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Contact

ICHB PAN

- lab.genomics@ibch.poznan.pl
- Luiza Handschuh, int. tel. 1249

luizahan@ibch.poznan.pl

Małgorzata Marcinkowska-Swojak, int. tel. 1202

marcinkm@ibch.poznan.pl





Cell and Tissue Culture Laboratory

Natalia Koralewska

Operation areas

Animal cell and tissue cultures



Plant *in vitro* and in soil cultures



Sterilization and autoclaving





Staff

Aleksandra Błaszczak Jarosław Lewandowski



Mariola Piślewska-Bednarek Paweł Stróżycki



Hanna Glapiak Magdalena Puszczyk





What we offer?

- Space and equipment for animal and plant cultures
- Access to a collection of cell lines
- Great ideas, but no biologist? We can do the wet work for you!
 - ✓ Cell lines culture and maintenance
 - ✓ Analysis of cell morphology, proliferation, adhesion, migration, and viability
 - ✓ Collecting and pre-processing cells for downstream analyses
- Mycoplasma testing
- Long-term liquid nitrogen storage
- Training in best practices for animal and plant cultures
- Technical expertise and hands on support for custom research projects
- Support in preparing research funding proposals involving work with *in vitro* models



Animal cell and tissue cultures



BSL2 infrastructure for:

- Cryopreservation and biobanking
- 2D and 3D cultures
- Transfection
- Counting and bioimaging

Localization: 016C



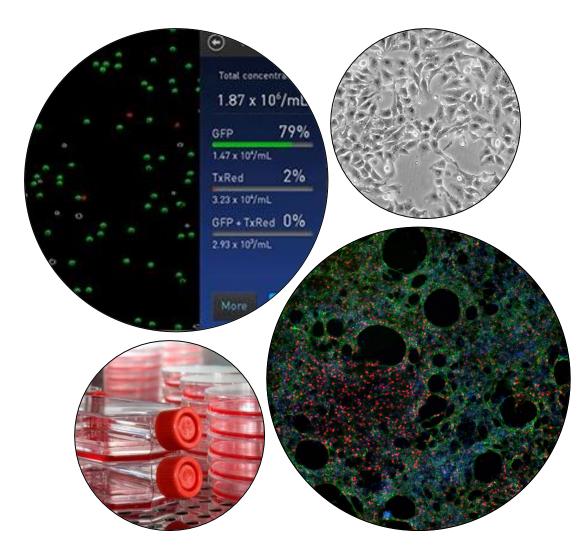
Animal cell and tissue cultures



- BSL2 biosafety cabinets
- CO_2 and CO_2/O_2 incubators
- 4°C/-20°C/-80°C/liquid nitrogen storage
- Centrifuges (refrigerated, preparatory)
- Microscopes (inverted, fluorescence, confocal)
- Automated cell counters
- Nucleofector
- Collection of human, mammalian, and insect cell lines



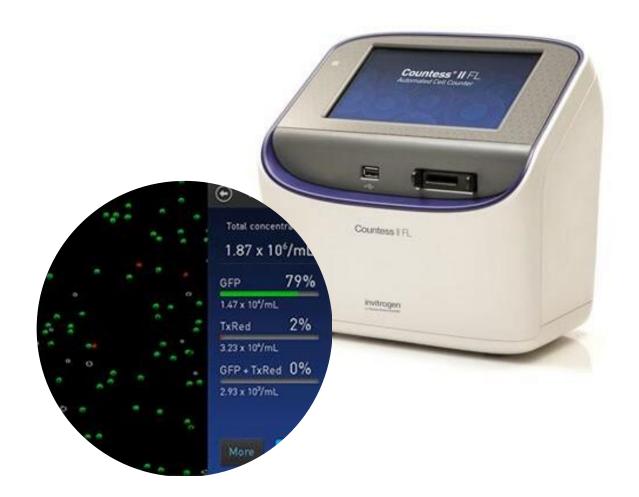
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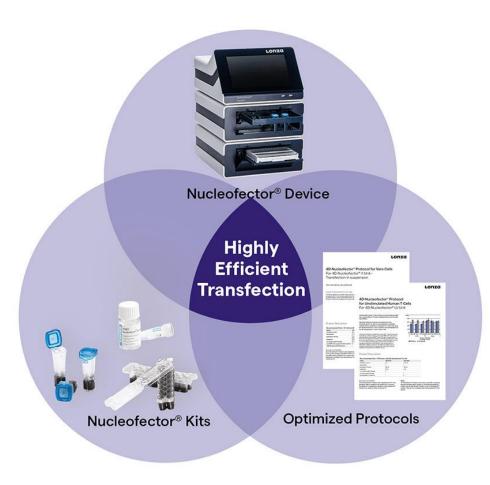
Countess® II FL Automated Cell Counter



- Three-channel cell counter
- Bright field and interchangeable LED light cubes: RFP, GFP, Cy5, DAPI
- To assess cell viability, cell cycle phase, apoptotic stage, transfection efficiency, and fluorescent protein expression
- Compatible with a wide variety of eukaryotic cells, incl. clumpy samples



4D-Nucleofector®



- Improved electroporation technology
- High transfection efficiency combined with low mortality
- Efficient transfection of hard-to-transfect cells
- A wide range of substrates
- Applicable for overexpression studies, generation of stable clones, RNAi screening, CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing
- 100 µL cuvettes or 20 µL 16-well strips



Plant in vitro & in soil cultures



- Plant growth chambers and rooms with temperature, humidity, and lighting control
- Greenhouse
- BSL2 biosafety cabinets
- Shaking incubators for bacterial cultures
- Ballistic cell transfection system
- Electroporation system
- 4°C and -20°C storage
- Centrifuges (ultracentrifuge, preparatory)
- Stereoscopic and fluorescence microscope

Localization: 015-016C, greenhouse



Sterilization & autoclaving



- Centralized services for dishwashing and autoclaving
- Sterilization of glassware, plastic consumables, media and buffers
- Processing and disposal of hazardous biological waste materials

Localization: 101A



Access

- Trained users are free to operate independently in the facility by reserving time through the reservation system
- Access to the culture laboratories is free of charge
- Users participate in the maintanence costs (CO₂, liquid nitrogen, EtOH, etc.)
- Rates of other services based on project scale contact us!





nataliak@ibch.poznan.pl tel. int. 1505 room 105A









Dr hab. Anna Urbanowicz Laboratory of Protein Engineering affiliated with Department of Structural Biology of Eukaryotes





Team:

Dr hab. Anna Urbanowicz - head Dr hab. Agata Świątkowska Dr Joanna Śliwiak Dr Jakub Barciszewski Mgr Alina Kasperska Mgr Martyna Kordyś Location: Building A **Basement – level 000A** Building E **Basement – room 009E**

- Preparation of bacterial expression vectors, production of recombinant proteins and their purification, evaluation of quality of protein preparations for functional and structural research;
- propagation, maintaining and banking of the cell lines, cell tests (cytotoxicity, cell cycle arrest, apoptosis)
- > physicochemical characteristics of interactions between proteins and other macromolecules: measurement of association and dissociationi constants, determining the number of ligand binding sites and thermodynamic parameters of binding (enthalpy, entropy), measurement of enzymatic kinetics,
- high-throughput tests of the initial conditions for crystallization of biomolecules, optimization of the crystallization process to obtain crystals for diffraction experiments, recording diffraction data for protein crystals and nucleic acids using a diffractometer equipped with a rotating anode



We offer two types of equipment/services:

- 1. Available to each IChB employee or PhD student, after prior notification of the Lab Head and initial training
- 2. Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff





Equipment available to each IChB employee or PhD student, after prior notification of the Lab Head and initial training:

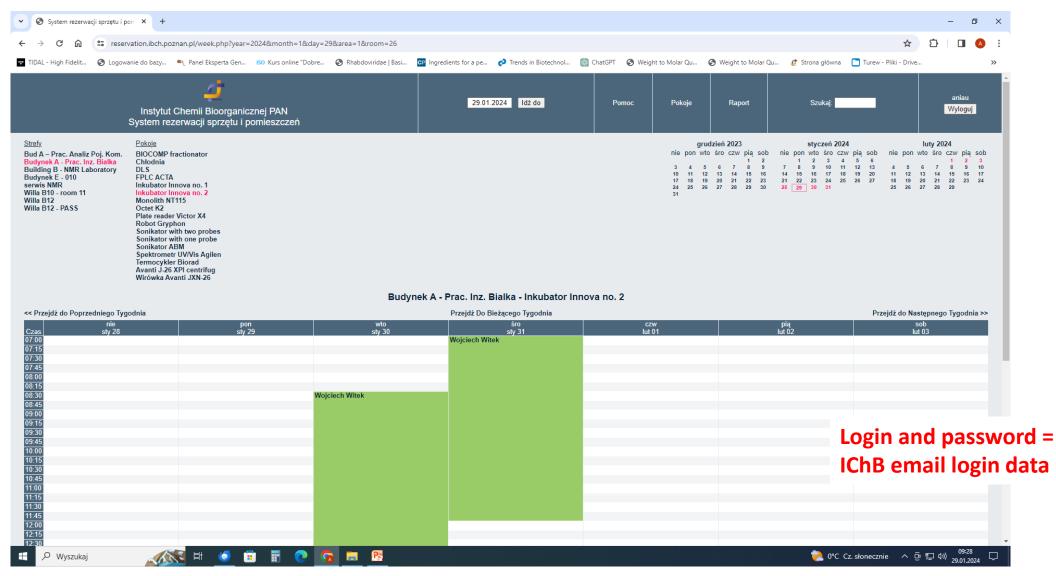
- 1. First usage must be consulted with Lab Head (equipment operation and safety matters)
- 2. Disposable matherials/reagents provided by the user
- 3. Reservation system obligatory
- 2 incubators with shaking and temperature control in the range of 5 to 50°C,
- 3 sonicators,
- 2 preparative centrifuges (rotors: 8 x 50 ml and 6 x 500 ml, 6x 1l),
- Zetasizer μV analyzer for static and dynamic light scattering measurements (DLS and SLS) in order to assess molecular mass and hydrodynamic diameter of proteins and polymers,
- nanophotometer for concentration measurements,
- UV-visible spectrometer for precise concentration and kinetics measurements,
- thermocycler
- cold-room (8 °C) and crystallization room (18 °C)





Pracownia Inżynierii Białek

Reservation system - obligatory





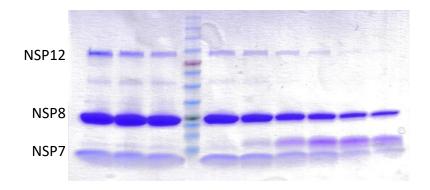


Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff – **AKTA system**

- Protein expression and purification, various purification methods (FPLC)
 - dr hab. Anna Urbanowicz, mgr Martyna Kordyś

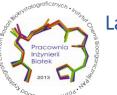






Active recombinant SARS CoV-2 RdRp preparation (NSP7,8,12 complex). The polymerase was produced in *E. coli* and purified by III-step chromatography: Ni-NTA affinity, ion-exchange and, finally SEC (presented fractions after SDS-PAGE).





Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff – Gradient forming and fractionating using Biokomp equipments

- Preparation of the gradient prior to separation of particles through ultracentrifugation or fractionation
 - mgr Martyna Kordyś







Applications:

- polysome profiling
- seperation and fractionation of proteins and complexes





Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff -

• <u>Fluorescence</u>, <u>luminescence</u>, <u>absorbance</u>, <u>radiometric detection</u> - <u>dr hab</u>. <u>Agata Świątkowska</u>



Spectophotometer Victor X4 Multimode plate reader

- (Perkin Elmer)
- Fluorescence (fluorescein, GFP, mCherry)
- Luminescence (luciferase system)
- Visible Absorbance

2450 Microplate Counter MicroBeta 2MicroBeta^{2®}

Microplate Counter for Radiometric and Luminescence Detection







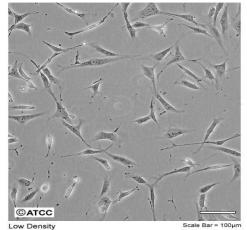
Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff -

• Propagation, maintaining and banking of the cells, cell tests (cytotoxicity, cell cycle arrest, apoptosis)

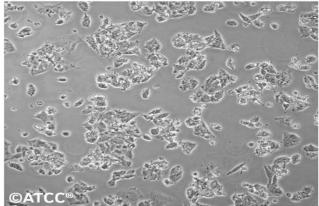


- dr hab. Agata Świątkowska

ATCC Number: CRL-1658 Designation: NIH/3T3



ATCC Number: HB-8065 Designation: Hep G2



Low Density

We offer cell lines:

Adherent human cell lines : HepG2, HT-29, HCT116, MCF-7, H1299, HEK-293, BEAS-2B

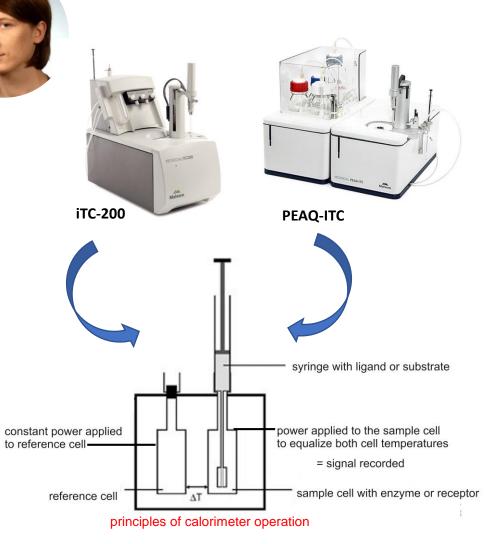
Adherent mouse cell lines: MEF, NIH3T





Microcal iTC200 and Microcal PEAQ-ITC microcalorimeters

- dr Joanna Śliwiak



- All chemical processes are either exothermic or endothermic they produce or consume heat.
- Microcalorimetry ultrasensitive technique, measures very small heat changes coming from these processes
- Dissociation constants, stoichiometry, enthalpy and entropy of bimolecular binding events e.g.:
 - ✓ Parameters of zeatin and giberellin binding by CSBP (Ruszkowski et al. 2014)
 - ✓ The effect of temperature of ligand bindng by thermofilic SAHase (Brzezinski et al. 2017)
 - ✓ Influence of monovalent cation on adenosine binding by PaSAHase (Czyrko et al. 2018)
 - $\checkmark~$ The effect of HISN2 point mutations on AMP binding (Witek et al. 2021)
 - ✓ Binding parameters of different DNA duplexes with transciption factor WRKY (Grzechowiak et al. 2022)
 - \checkmark Divalent cations binding by deacetylase (Biniek et al. 2022)
- Enzyme kinetic parameters and total molar enthalpy of enzymatic reaction e.g.:
 - ✓ Temperature and pH effect on work of thermofilic deacetylase (Biniek et al., 2022)
 - ✓ Kinetic parameters of Rhisobium etli asparaginases (Loch et al., 2021, 2023)
 - ✓ Kinetic parameters of AtGDH isoforms (Grzechowiak et al. 2023)
 - ✓ Kinetic parameters of different phyrophosphatase variants (Grzechowiak et al. 2019)

ICHB PAN

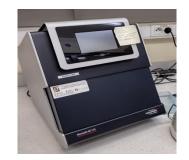


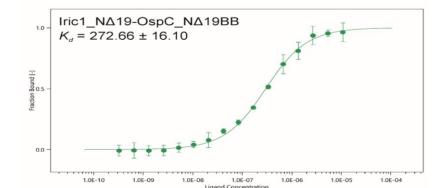
Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff –

• <u>Monolith NT.115 system for measurements of binding affinity using</u> <u>microscale thermophoresis (MST)</u>,

- dr hab. Anna Urbanowicz





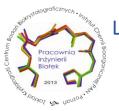


K_D range: 1 nM – 500 mM

- molecular size range: 300 Da 2.5
 MDa
- one of the studied molecules has to be fluorescently labelled
- single measurement takes 15 minutes, a small amount of material is needed, a set of 16 ligand dilutions is analyzed

Exemplary MST curves and assessed binding affinities. Binding affinity between Iric1 recombinant protein from *I. ricinus* tick and recombinant OspC protein from *Borrelia*. Bierwagen et al., 2021





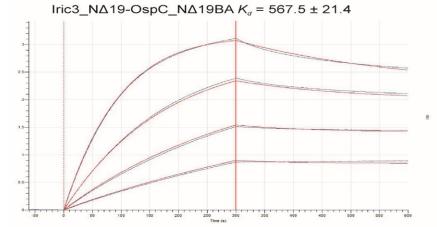
Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff –

• Octet K2 system (ForteBio) for measurements of binding affinity using biolayer interferometry (BLI),



- dr hab. Anna Urbanowicz





real- time measuring association (**ka**) and dissociation (**kd**) kinetics, and affinity constants (K_D)

- •K_D range: 0.1 nM 500 mM
- molecular size range: 150 Da whole cells
- small amount of material is needed, at least 4 ligand dilutions are analyzed

Exemplary BLI curves and assessed binding affinities. Binding affinity between Iric3 recombinant protein from *I. ricinus* tick and recombinant OspC protein from *Borrelia*. Bierwagen et al., 2021



atioabrohoot ARIf GryphonEngineering



Specialized equipment that may be used only in cooperation with Laboratory Staff -

<u>Crystallization robot ARI Gryphon</u>

- dr Jakub Barciszewski

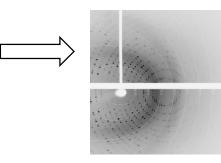
(Radiological Protection Inspector)



- Crystallization of proteins, nucleic acids and their complexes,
- Determination of initial crystallization condition,
- Optimization of conditions

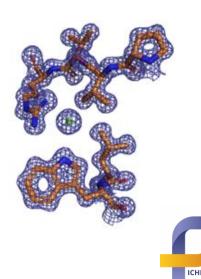
Diffractometer Rigaku XtaLAB Synergy-R





Assessment of crystal quality

Solving crystal structures of proteins, nucleic acids and their complexes





Dr hab. Anna Urbanowicz Laboratory of Protein Engineering affiliated with Department of Structural Biology of Eukaryotes

We invite you to cooperation!







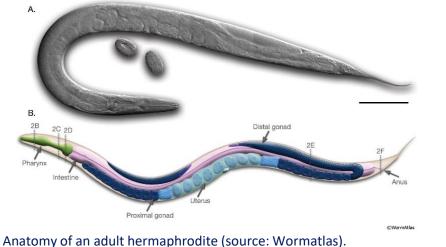
Laboratory of Invertebrate Model Organisms

Head: dr. habil. Agata Tyczewska

lab.model.invertebrate@ibch.poznan.pl agatat@ibch.poznan.pl

31 January 2023

Caenorhabditis elegans



A Gond Protodeum Seminal vesice B. C. E. D. Comments

C. elegans male (source: Wormatlas).

- The life cycle 2 to 3 weeks, 4 larval stages before reaching maturity.
- Two sexes: male and hermaphrodite. Males arise infrequently (0.1%) at higher frequency (up to 50%) through mating.
- Self-fertilization of the hermaphrodite allows for homozygous worms to generate genetically identical progeny, and male mating facilitates the isolation and maintenance of mutant strains as well as moving mutations between strains.

!!! Ability to self-fertilize is a useful tool because hermaphrodites can reproduce quickly in high numbers.





Caenorhabditis elegans - key benefits of the worm

- Complete genome sequence published in 1998
- *C. elegans* are grown cheaply and in large numbers on plates containing *Escherichia coli*
- Healthy cultures of *C. elegans* can be frozen, defrosted and revived
- *C. elegans* produce approximately 300 eggs/worm within several days
- Short life cycle of only 18-21 days on average
- Very small organism (~ 1mm), convenient to keep in the lab
- The worm is transparent so the behavior of individual cells can be followed through its development
- The anatomy and development of *C. elegans* can be examined easily under a microscope
- The availability of molecular biology tools (i.e., transgenic, gene knockouts, and RNAi knockdowns)

Caenorhabditis elegans - key benefits of the worm

- *C. elegans* development is very specific, cells divide and specialize in a characteristic way, so each cell can be traced back to the embryo
- Mutant forms of *C. elegans*, can be produced very easily to closely study gene function
- High genetic homology (60–80%) with humans
- Many of the molecular signals controlling *C. elegans* development are also found in more complex organisms, like humans
- Many of the genes in the *C. elegans* genome have functional counterparts in humans, which makes it an extremely useful model for human diseases
- *C. elegans* mutants can be screened with thousands of potential drugs for important diseases
- Studying cell death or 'apoptosis' in the *C. elegans* could hold the key to counteracting the effects of aging in humans as well as providing clues about cancer, diabetes and other diseases



Caenorhabditis elegans – model organism

- Microbiome Research
- Longevity and Aging
- Parkinson's disease
- Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
- Triplet Repeat Diseases
- Neural Development due to the availability of a comprehensive connectivity map and only 302 neurons and ~7000 synapses.
- Mitochondrial Diseases
- Immunology
- Obesity (e.g. nutrient sensing, lipid storage)
- Biomedical and Environmental Toxicology
- Environmental Epigenetics
- Neurotoxic and Behavioral effects of various compounds
- Infection model for a variety of bacterial and fungal pathogens

Caenorhabditis elegans - resources

• C. elegans RNAi feeding library – Ahringer

The library has 16,757 clones, made by cloning gene-specific genomic fragments between two inverted T7 promoters. The inserts contain exons and introns and sizes vary from 500 bp to 2.5 kb. (Fraser et al., 2000; Kamath et al., 2003)

ORFeome-Based RNAi Library – Vidal

The *C. elegans* ORFeome v1.1 library contains 11,511 RNAi clones, each expected to target a single gene. Several of these RNAi clones target the same genes, so the RNAi library in theory can knockdown the expression of 10,953 (~55%) of the 19,920 unique protein-encoding genes predicted in WS112. Of these 10,953 genes, 485 are targeted by two or more RNAi clones. (Rual et al., 2004)

!!! Both libraries target about 94% of *C. elegans* genes.



Caenorhabditis elegans - resources

- WormBook <<u>http://www.wormbook.org</u>> is a comprehensive, open-access collection of original, peer-reviewed chapters covering topics
 related to the biology of *C. elegans* and other nematodes. Wormbook also contains: WormMethods, a collection of protocols for nematode
 researchers; WormHistory, personal perspectives on *C. elegans* research; and the Worm Breeder's Gazette, an informal, non-refereed,
 biannual newsletter for the interchange of ideas and information related to *C. elegans* and other nematodes.
- WormBase <<u>http://www.wormbase.org</u>> is a major repository for *C. elegans* information, including genomic, genetic, anatomy, people, and literature. WormBase also integrates genetic map information with that of physical map. Genetic Interval Search
 http://wormbase.org/db/searches/interval> can return a list of genes that have the potential to map within a specified genetic interval.
 SNP, Visible Marker, and Strain Search ">http://wormbase.org/db/searches/strains> is particularly useful for finding markers for genetic mapping experiments in a small interval.
- Caenorhabditis Genetics Center (CGC) <<u>http://biosci.umn.edu/CGC/CGChomepage.htm</u>> is a resource center for *C. elegans* genetics. It is
 responsible for gene nomenclature, strain collection and distribution, and genetic map construction. CGC homepage is a portal that has
 links to these and some other related services useful to *C. elegans* geneticists.
- WormBase Gene Summary <<u>http://www.wormbase.org/db/gene/gene</u>>. Each gene in WormBase has a summary page which collates together several different aspects of a gene, including identification, genetic and genomic location, function, reagents and bibliography.

Caenorhabditis elegans – in house resources



- WormBase Genome Browser <<u>http://www.wormbase.org/db/seq/gbrowse/wormbase</u>> is a physical map browser. Using Genome Browser, one can search and display sequences and sequence-related features; one can also zoom in or out and move along on a chromosome.
- WormAtlas <<u>http://www.wormatlas.org/</u>> provides anatomical information of *C. elegans*. The front page lists several useful entry points.
 One can use the simple text search tool to search the site for information that relates to anatomical terms (e.g. PVT, name of a neuron).
 Another good way to use this site is to read sections of the "handbook".
- The Nematode Expression Pattern Database (NEXTDB) <<u>http://nematode.lab.nig.ac.jp/db/keysrch.html</u>> provides access to *C. elegans* EST sequences obtained by Yuji Kohara's laboratory and some other experimental results derived from them, such as expression patterns determined by in situ hybridization, which can be searched via a text query tool.
- BCGSC Expression Patterns < <u>http://elegans.bcgsc.ca/perl/eprofile/browse</u>> lists GFP expression data which can be browsed directly or searched by gene name, tissue pattern or life stage.
- Textpresso < <u>http://www.textpresso.org</u>> allows text searches on primarily *C. elegans* literature, including published papers, personal communications and meeting reports. Two major features distinguish Textpresso from other literature search tools: that it searches full-text contents of publications, and in addition to text strings, that it can search for groups of terms (categories).





Autoclaving and pouring plates

Mediaclave 10 (Integra) - used for preparing and sterilizing many types of media, min. 1l, max. 10l of broth for sterilization.

MediaJet vario (Integra) - Petri Dish Filler with sets for Petri dishes \emptyset 35 mm, 60 mm, 90 mm, up to 330 plates/h, equipped with a UV lamp allowing for contamination-free filling of Petri dishes.



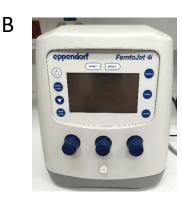




- Axio Vert.A1 (Zeiss), with Eppendorf microinjection kit mounted
- InjectMan®4 micromanipulator with dynamic motion control and programmable micromembrane
- FemtoJet®4i with integrated pressure supply
- **PC-100** (Narishige) microneedle preparation



Α





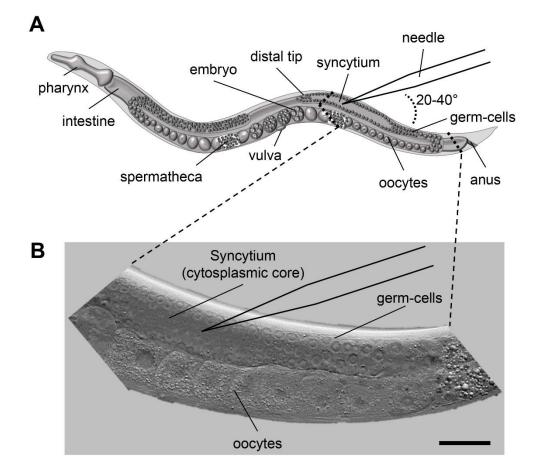






A. Axio Vert.A1 (Zeiss). B. FemtoJet 4i (Eppendorf). C. InjectMan 4 (Eppendorf).

Laboratory of Animal Model Organisms - microinjection



Microinjection is a proven and relatively simple method of introducing DNA into organisms. Moreover, microinjection is a very effective approach to RNA interference and can be used to deliver synthetic mRNAs or other molecules directly into cells.

IBCH PAS

Figure 10. Microinjection scheme for *C. elegans*. **A**. Scheme of an adult *C. elegans* displaying the major organs including pharynx, intestine and gonad. When microinjecting *C. elegans* the injection capillary needs to be inserted in the syncytium (cytoplasmic core) of the distal gonad. The inlay indicates the area of interest for injection. **B**. DIC image of the area indicated in 1A. The nuclei of the germ-cells are clearly visible and surround the syncytium. Size bar corresponds to 50 μ m. (Rieckher and Tavernarakis, Bio-protocol 2017, 7(19): 578, 10.21769/BioProtoc.2565)









Stereo microscope (Nikon) characterized by a large magnification ratio of 25: 1, high resolution and exceptional fluorescence transmission ability.

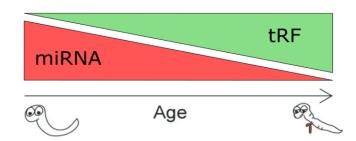
Axio Imager 2 (Zeiss) is designed to be a platform for an impressive number of applications in cell biology, neuroscience, molecular genetics and pathology.

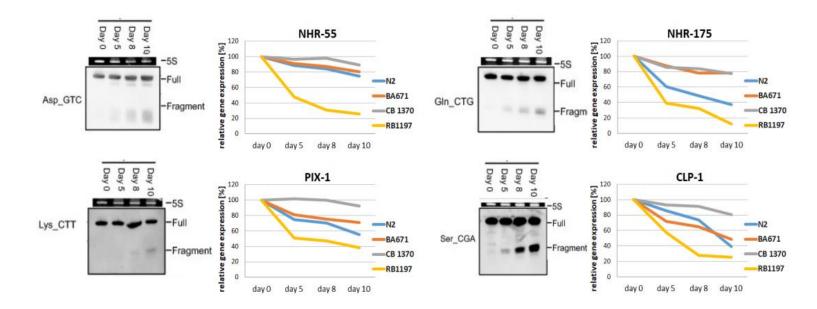




Undergoing projects

1. Age-related changes in the expression of small noncoding RNAs





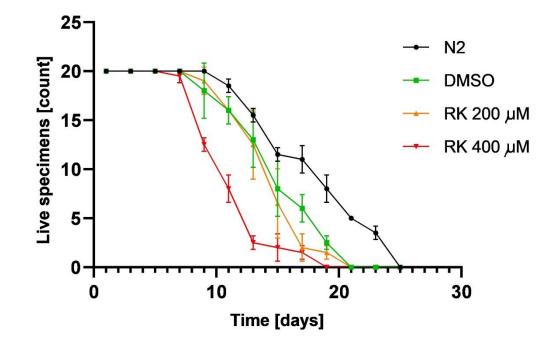
Undergoing projects



1. Analysis of the influence of small molecules on *C. elegans* lifespan (collaboration with **prof. Eliza Wyszko**, Laboratory of Subcellular Structures Analyses, IBCh PAS)

Necessary supplies:

- Petri plates (90 mm),
- E. coli OP50,
- NG 2% medium (agar, NaCl, bacto-peptone, cholesterol, CaCl2, MgSO4, KH2PO4)
- liquid LB medium
- bleaching solution (sodium hypochlorite, KOH)
- worm strains (10 \$ per strain, transport from US)



Undergoing projects



3. Cellular uptake and retention studies of silica nanoparticles in *C. elegans*

Collaboration with **dr. Patrick Perrigue** – NanoBioMedical Centre, Adami Mickiewicz University in Poznań

Article Open access Published: 10 January 2023

Cellular uptake and retention studies of silica nanoparticles utilizing senescent fibroblasts

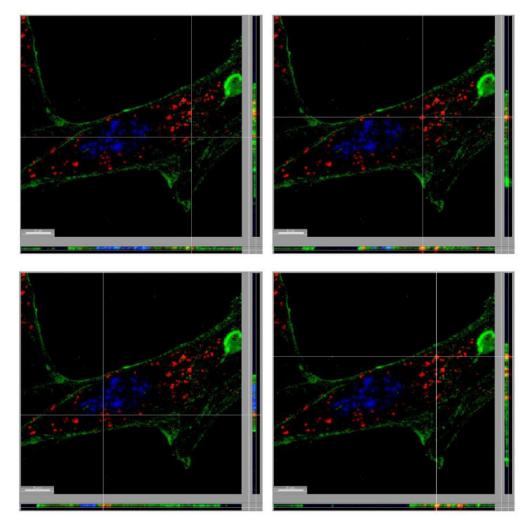
Patrick M. Perrigue [⊠], <u>Agata Henschke</u>, <u>Bartosz F. Grześkowiak</u>, <u>Łucja Przysiecka</u>, <u>Kaja Jaskot</u>, <u>Angelika</u> <u>Mielcarek</u>, <u>Emerson Coy</u> [⊠] & <u>Sergio E. Moya</u> [⊠]

<u>Scientific Reports</u> **13**, Article number: 475 (2023) <u>Cite this article</u>

1753 Accesses Metrics

Abstract

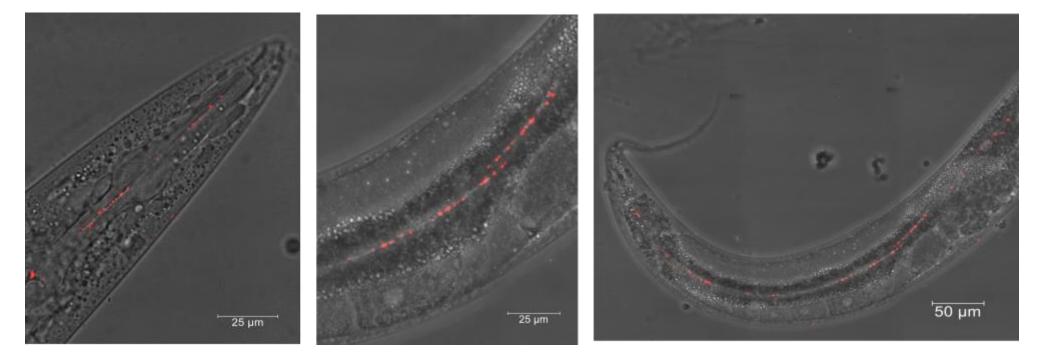
Understanding the interplay between nanoparticles (NPs) and cells is essential to designing more efficient nanomedicines. Previous research has shown the role of the cell cycle having impact on the efficiency of cellular uptake and accumulation of NPs. However, there is a limited investigation into the biological fate of NPs in cells that are permanently withdrawn from the cell cycle. Here we utilize senescent WI-38 fibroblasts, which do not divide and provide a definitive model for tracking the biological fate of silica nanoparticles (SiNPs) independent of cell cycle. We use several methods to measure the cellular uptake kinetics and intracellular retention of SiNPs, including confocal laser scanning microscopy (CLSM), flow cytometry, and transmission electron microscopy (TEM). We demonstrate that SiNPs readily enter into senescent cells. Once internalized, SiNPs do not exit and accumulate in the cytoplasm for long term. Our study provides a basis for future development of NP-based tools that can detect and target senescent cells for therapy.



Cellular uptake and retention studies of silica nanoparticles in C. elegans

ІВСН РАЗ

- C. elegans (young adult) fed with E. coli OP50 mixed with nanoparticles (500 nm in size, Red fluorescent),
- lifespan analysis
- visualization Confocal Microscopy, Laboratory of Subcellular Structures Analyses (Head: prof. Eliza Wyszko), IBCh PAS, by dr. Agnieszka Fedoruk-Wyszomirska



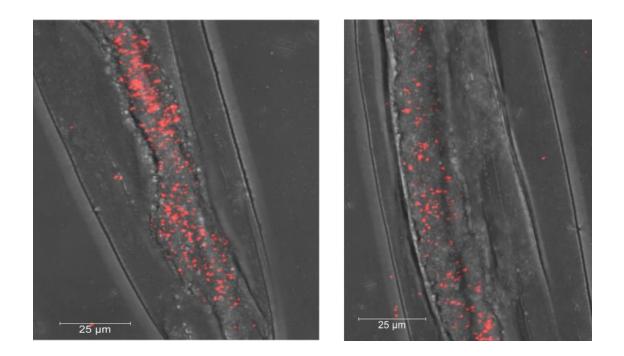
DAY 5

Cellular uptake and retention studies of silica nanoparticles in C. elegans

ІВСН РАЗ

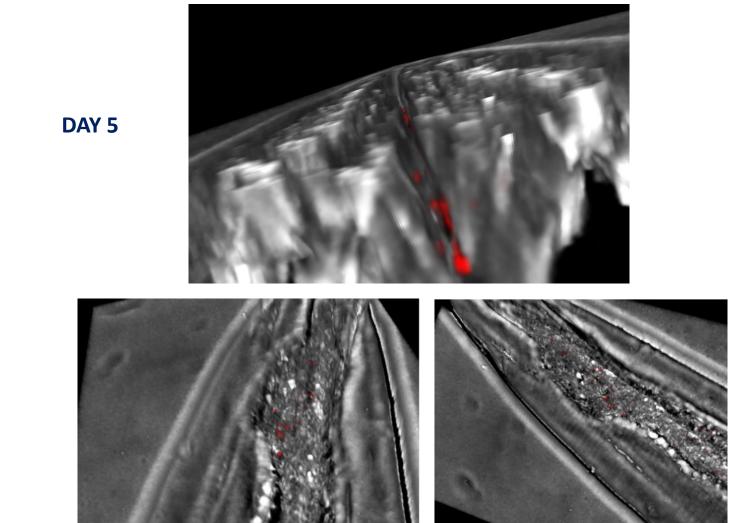
- C. elegans (young adult) fed with E. coli OP50 mixed with nanoparticles (500 nm in size, Red fluorescent),
- lifespan analysis
- visualization confocal microscopy, Laboratory of Subcellular Structures Analyses (Head: prof. Eliza Wyszko), IBCh PAS, by dr. Agnieszka Fedoruk-Wyszomirska

DAY 18



Cellular uptake and retention studies of silica nanoparticles in *C. elegans* 3D imaging

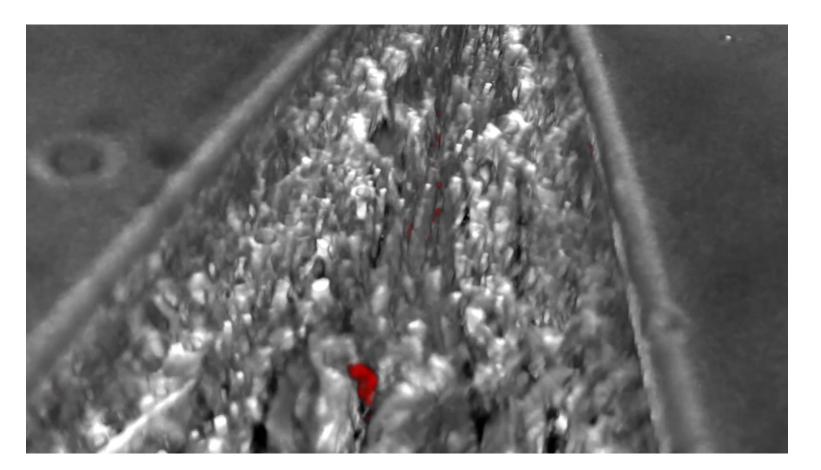




DAY 18

Laboratory of Subcellular Structures Analyses (Head: prof. Eliza Wyszko), IBCh PAS, by dr. Agnieszka Fedoruk-Wyszomirska

Cellular uptake and retention studies of silica nanoparticles in *C. elegans* 3D imaging - movies



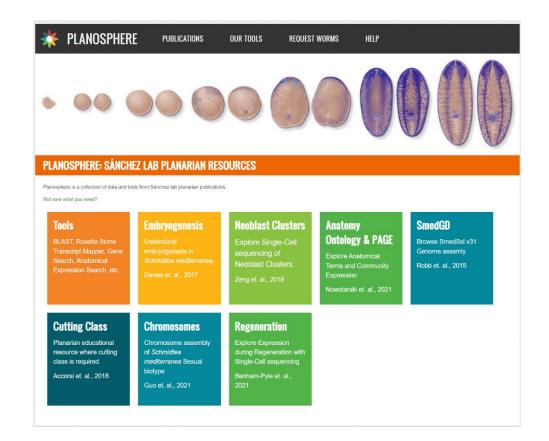
Laboratory of Subcellular Structures Analyses (Head: prof. Eliza Wyszko), IBCh PAS, by dr. Agnieszka Fedoruk-Wyszomirska

Schmidtea mediterranea

- 1. Freshwater planarian, free-living invertebrate from the phylum Platyhelminthes (flatworms).
- 2. Three germ layers (endoderm, mesoderm, and ectoderm), bilateral symmetry, and tissues with separate organs.
- 3. Great ability to regenerate after amputation or injury. In some cases, a full organism can be rebuilt after several days from 1/279 piece of a single worm, although the regenerative abilities of planarians are different across the species.
- 4. Two distinct strains of *S. mediterranea* exist in nature: a sexual strain (2 cm long) and an asexual strain (slightly shorter).
- 5. Nervous system of flatworms is comprised of a bilobed 'brain' with different types of neurons and glia.
- 6. Photo-, chemo- and rheoreceptors located at the front of the planarian's body.
- 7. Centrally located pharynx is in charge of food intake and removal and is connected to a highly branched intestine, which circulates nutrients within the body
- 8. Pluripotent stem cells (neoblasts), which are essential for worms' regeneration ability, comprise ~30% of the cells in the adult animal.

Advantages of the S. mediterranea

- ІВСН РАЗ
- 1. The maintenance of planarians is relatively easy and cheap, and does not require specialized equipment; only habitat conditions, such as temperature, darkness, feeding, and water culture.
- 2. The genome of *S. mediterranea* is well annotated SmedGD: the *Schmidtea mediterranea* genome database.
- 3. Many of the annotated *S. mediterranea*'s genes have known orthologs (or at least homologs) in the human genome.
- 4. Simple modifications of gene expression by knockdown/silencing genes of interest through RNA interference (RNAi) using double-stranded RNA (dsRNA). dsRNA can be administered to the worms by microinjection, by feeding them with dsRNA-containing bacteria, or with food mixed with free dsRNA.



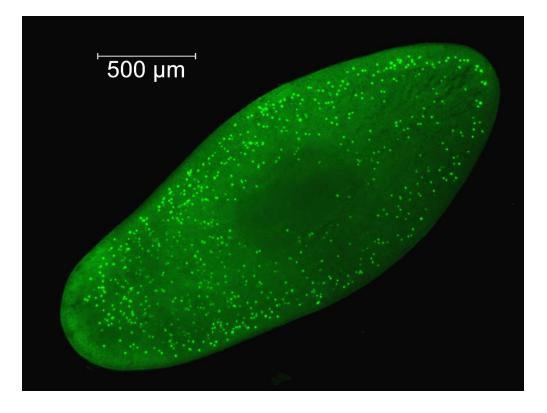
S. mediterranea as a model organism



Model organism for:

- adult stem cel biology research and regeneration
- human motile ciliopathies
- neurotoxicology
- toxicity assessment
- germ cell development
- discovery and characterization of cell-penetrating peptides and bioportides







Polish Academy of Sciences

lab.model.invertebrate@ibch.poznan.pl agatat@ibch.poznan.pl





Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms

Established in January 2020

Poznań, 6.02.2024

Łukasz Przybył, PhD Head of Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry Polish Academy of Sciences Z. Noskowskiego str. 12/14 61-704 Poznań

e-mail: lukasz.przybyl@ibch.poznan.pl telephone: +48 618291858 web site https://portal.ichb.pl/laboratory-of-mammalian-model-organisms/



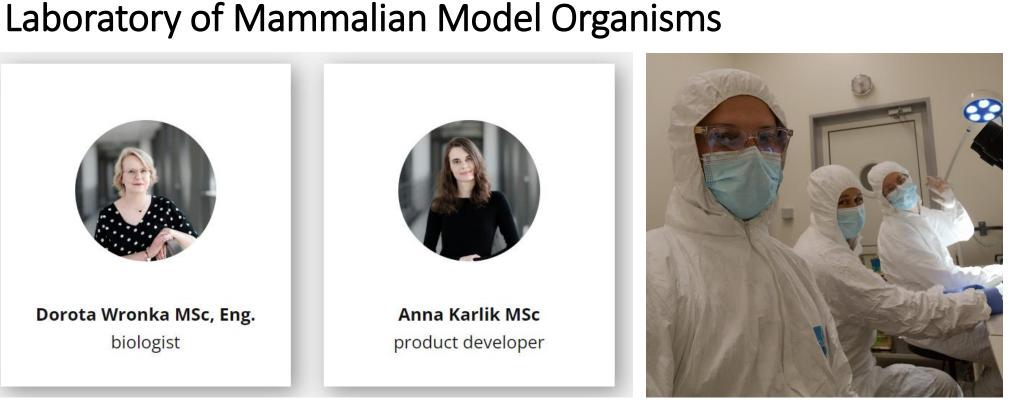
Łukasz Przybył, PhD Head of Laboratory



Dorota Wronka MSc, Eng. biologist



Anna Karlik MSc product developer



Center for Advanced Technologies; Adam Mickiewicz University





Łukasz Przybył, PhD

Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms

DEPARTMENT X

IDEA FOR IN VIVO EXPERIMENT

LARORATORY OF MANAALIAN

PREPARATION

MODEL OKGANISIVIS

MATERIAL READY FOR ANALYSIS

PERMISSIONS

FIGURES READY FOR PUBLISHING

DEPARTMENT X

6/02/2024

PLAN

Łukasz Przybył, PhD

Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms

PERFORMANCE

ANALYSIS

WHAT DO WE OFFER?

experimental design planning a budget

Local Ethics Committee or Ministry of Environment or Pharmaceutical Inspectorate organisation of animal transport documentation to work with laboratory animals

> training in basic techniques used in animal research mouse colonies (transgenic or wild-type) and databases keeping experimental records

injections: intramuscular, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, intracranial intra-stomach administration (oral gavage) implantation of osmotic pumps behavioral testing and phenotyphic observations transcardial perfusion, organ weighing and sampling, blood withdrawal <i>en face</i> preparation of whole aorta brain dissection into structures acute kidney injury and uninephrctomy xenograft inoculation immunization bronchoalveolar lavage	In vivo
immunophenotyping using flow cytometry primary cell cultures hybridoma generation genotyping qPCRs	In vitro
digitalization of data acquired during animal experiment statistical analysis and figure preparation	

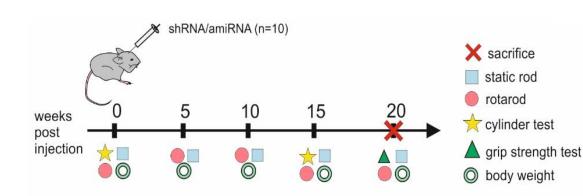
PERFORMANCE

Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms

PLANNING AND PREPARATION

Experimental design

- Selection of appropriate models and methodology
- ➤ Timeline
- > Budget



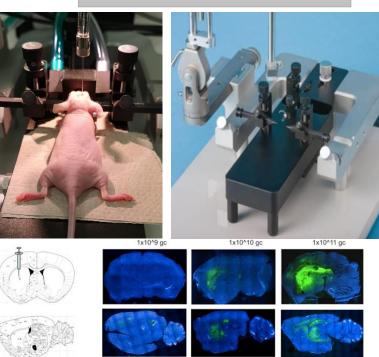
Database and colony management

- generate experimental groups
- sustain the mouse lines
- track generations and in-bred factor

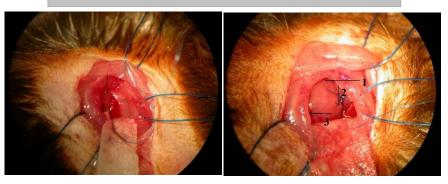
Zlecono	Cage number	Animal ID	Genotype	Date of Birth	Sex	Generation	Parent male	Parent female	Experiments planned
Ayca's breeding cages NEW		3539	WT	2021-11-12	F		3365	416	new breeding cage on 16/02 - experimental
		2282	WT	2021-12-27	М		413	418	new breeding cage on 16/02 - experimental
		3538	WT	2021-11-12	F		3365	416	new breeding cage on 26/01 - experimental
		3540	WT	2021-11-12	М		3365	416	new breeding cage on 26/01 - experimental
		2217	WT	2021-11-30	F		413	418	new breeding cage on 31/01 - experimental :
		2218	WT	2021-11-30	F		413	418	new breeding cage on 31/01 - experimental
		3541	WT	2021-11-12	М		3365	416	new breeding cage on 31/01 - experimental
		3542	WT	2021-11-12	М		3365	416	new breeding cage on 04/02 - experimental
		2219	WT	2021-11-30	F		413	418	new breeding cage on 04/02 - experimental
		3804	WT	2022-02-16	F		2221	2220	new breeding cage on 04/03 - experimental
		3806	WT	2022-02-16	М		2221	2220	new breeding cage on 04/03 - experimental a
	Breeding zone BC's	416	WT	2021-04-10	F	F:1	1973	1970	w parze zarodowej
		418	WT	2021-04-10	F	F:1	1973	1970	w parze zarodowej
		2220	WT	2021-11-30	F		413	418	w parze zarodowej
		2279	WT	2021-12-22	F		3365	416	w parze zarodowej
		2280	WT	2021-12-22	F		3365	416	w parze zarodowej
		3365	WT	2021-03-02	М	F:1	1973	1970	w parze zarodowej
		413	WT	2021-04-10	М	F:1	1973	1970	w parze zarodowej
		2221	WT	2021-11-30	М		413	418	w parze zarodowej
		2281	WT	2021-12-22	М		3365	416	w parze zarodowej
	1 sentinel		14/7	0000.04.40					
		3901	WT	2022-01-18	F		413	418	
	2	3902	WT	2022-01-18	F		413	418	
		3802	WT	2022-02-02	F		3365	416	
	3	3807	WT	2022-02-16	М		2221	2220	
	4	3808	WT	2022-02-16	М		2221	2220	
		3818	WT	2022-03-14	F		2281	2280	
		3819	WT	2022-03-14	F		2281	2280	
		3820	WT	2022-03-14	F		2281	2280	
		3821	WT	2022-03-14	F		2281	2280	
		3822	WT	2022-03-16	F		2281	2279	
		3832	WT	2022-03-16	М		2281	2279	
	e	3833	WT	2022-03-16	М		2281	2279	

SURGERIES

Intracranial delivery

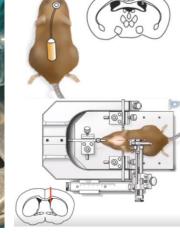


Myocardial infarction and myometrium injections



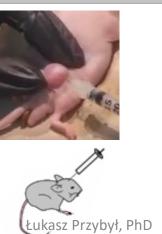
Implantation of osmotic pump

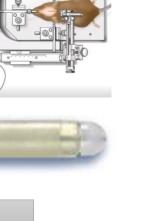






Biopsy and oral gavage



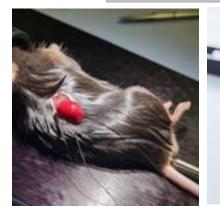


Tumor inoculation



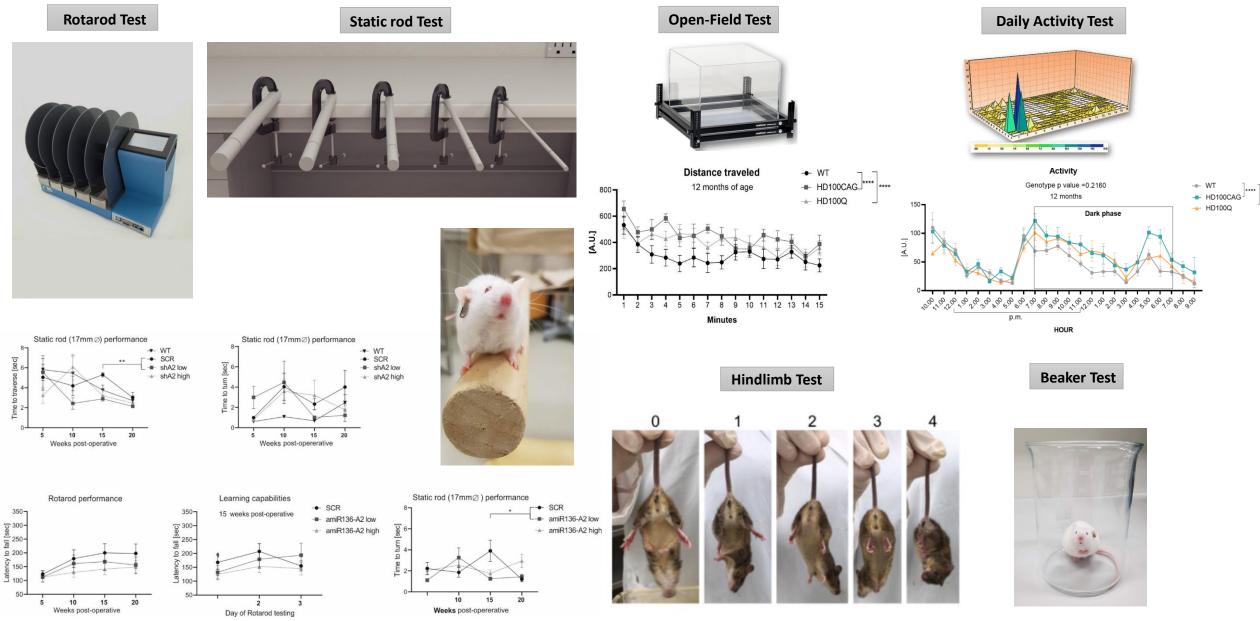


Uninefrectomy / Acute Kidney Injury



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BEHAVIORAL TESTING



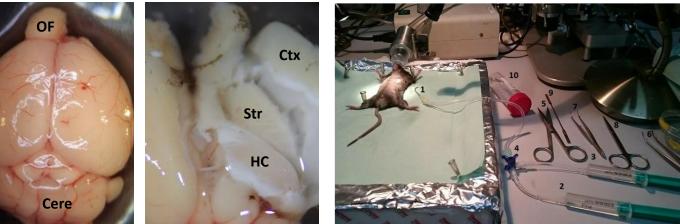
TISSUE PROCESSING

Isolation of aortas en face

High Fat Diet Low Fat Diet

Dissection of brains into structures

Transcardial perfusion

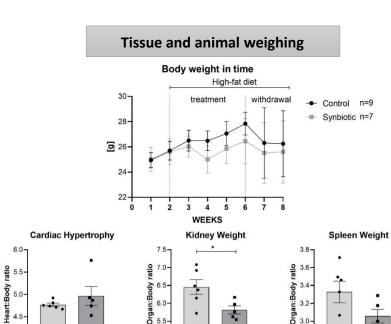


Synbiotic

n=4

Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms





Control

n=6

Synbiotic

n=5

Control

n=6

Synbiotic

n=5



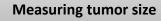
Control

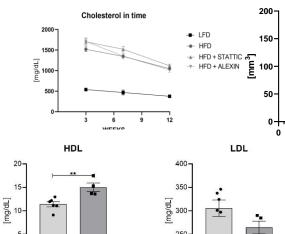
n=6

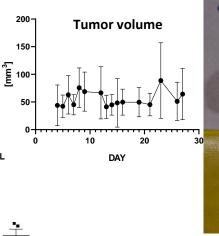
Synbiotic

n=5











MA

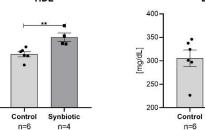
CM

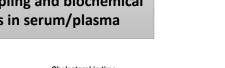
Cholesterol

1600-

1500-[10/5m] 1300-1200 Control Synbiotic n=6 n=4 Łukasz Przybył, PhD

analysis in serum/plasma







PRIMARY CELL CULTURE

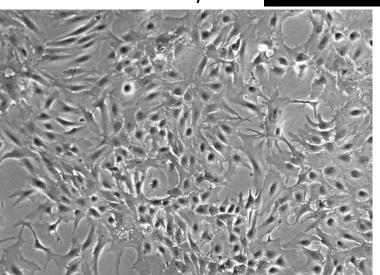
Mouse embryonic fibroblasts (MEFs)
 Vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMCs)
 Bone marrow-derived macrophages

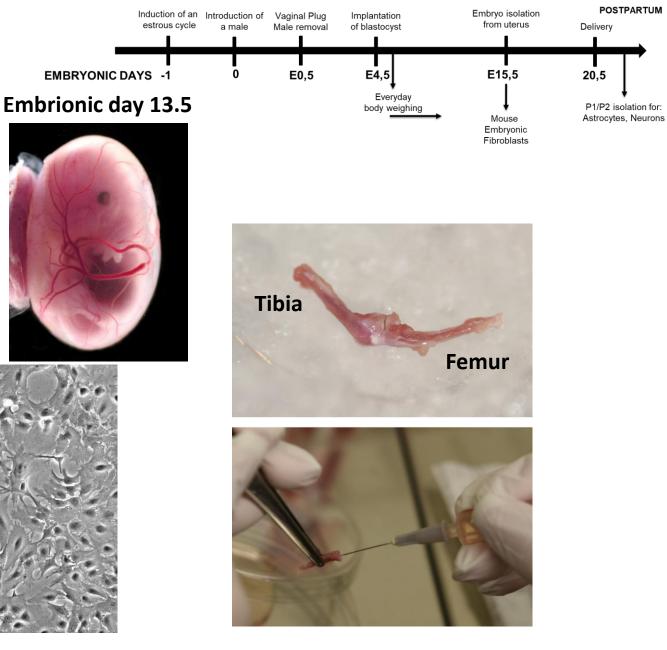
➢Neurons

≻Astrocytes

 Neurons

Astrocytes





FLOW CYTOMETRY

- > Cell cycle
- Proliferation (Ki67)
- Apoptosis and necrosis (Annexin V, 7AAD)
- Immunophenotyping

Mouse:

T cells (effector, helper1, helper17, $\gamma\delta$ T cells, regulatory, central memory, effector memory, naive) CD3, CD8, CD4, γδTCR, CD44, CD62L, CD69, CD25, FoxP3, T-bet, Helios, RORγt

M cells (B cells, monocytes, M1 macrophages, M2 macrophages, gMDSC, mMDSC)

CD11b, CD11c, Ly6C, Ly6G, B220, CD86, CD206

Cytokines

TNF-α, IL-17, IFN-γ, IL-6, IL-1β

Rat:

T cells (helper T cells, effector T cells)

CD3, CD4, CD8

M cells (B cells, NK cells, neutrophils, monocytes, macrophages) CD43, CD161, B220, His48

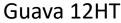
Human: T cells (helper T cells, effector T cells, $v\delta T$ cells) CD3, CD8, CD4, γδTCR, CD44, CD25

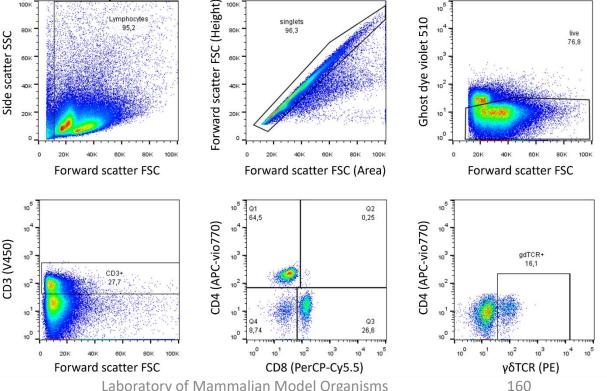
B cells

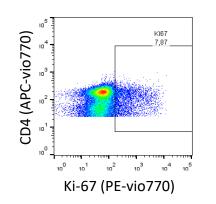
6/02/2024 B220

Łukasz Przybył, PhD

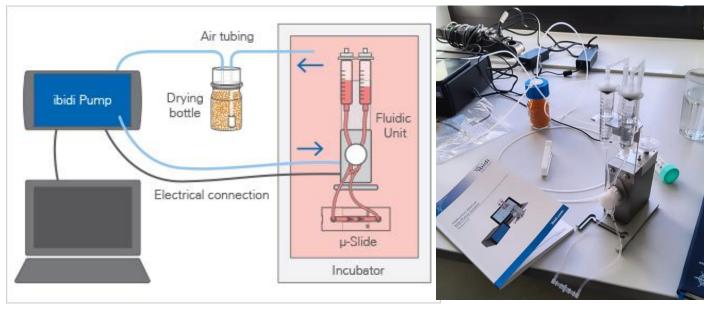








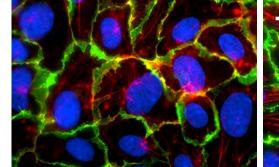
IBIDI PUMP SYSTEM



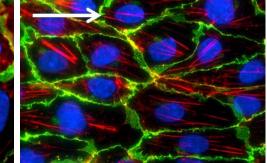
 \geq

Allows for cell culture and live imaging under flow conditions

Static culture



Flow culture



Ibidi.com

HUVEC (human umbilical vein endothelial cells) structure under static and flow conditions. Flow-conditioned cells are elongated and show distinct F-actin stress fibers (stained with phalloidin, red). VE-cadherins (green), which mark the adherence junctions, are present in both conditions.

Wide variety of slides for different assays

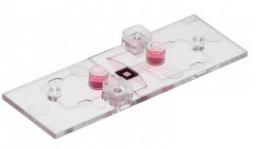


- Adherent cells under flow conditions
- Simulation of blood vessels
- Rolling and Adhesion of Leukocytes assay

long-term cultivation and perfusion of 3D spheroids or organoids



- 3D Cell and Tissue Assays
- Endothelial barrier model
- Rolling, Adhesion, and Transmigration

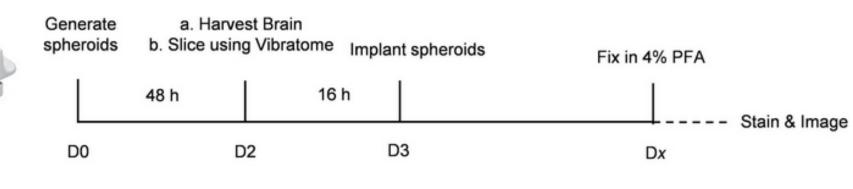


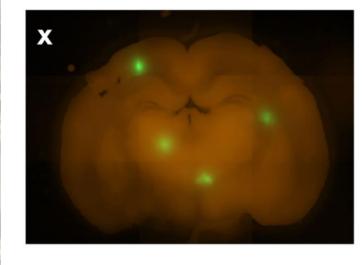
- Blood-brain barrier model
- Trans-Membrane Migration in 2D
- Cell Transport in a 3D Gel Matrix

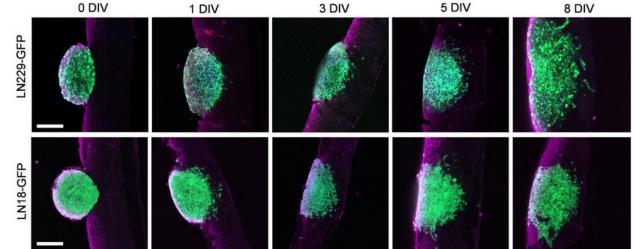
LEICA VIBRATOME VT1200 S @dr hab. Paulina Jackowiak

Fully automated vibrating blade microtome

Development and validation of an advanced ex vivo brain slice invasion assay to model glioblastoma cell invasion into the complex brain microenvironment







Decotret LR, Shi R, Thomas KN, Hsu M, Pallen CJ, Bennewith KL. Development and validation of an advanced *ex vivo* brain slice invasion assay to model glioblastoma cell invasion into the complex brain microenvironment. Front Oncol. 2023 Jan 26;13:976945. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2023.976945. PMID: 36793608; PMCID: PMC9923402.

By Anna Karlik, Dorota Wronka, Konrad Kuczyński

REDE

REBE

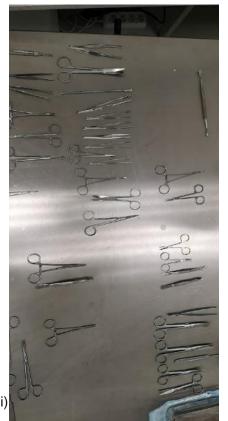
EQUIPMENT

In vivo:

- > Digital operating microscope (RWD Life Science)
- Stereo microscope (Nikon)
- > Multifunctional surgical platform (Kent Scientific)
- > Endotracheal intubation kit for mice and rats (Kent Scientific)
- Low-flow anesthesia system (Kent Scientific)
- > System for thermoregulation of mice and rats (RWD Life Science)
- Peristaltic pump (WPI)
- Analytical scales
- Surgical tools (FST/RWD)

In vitro:

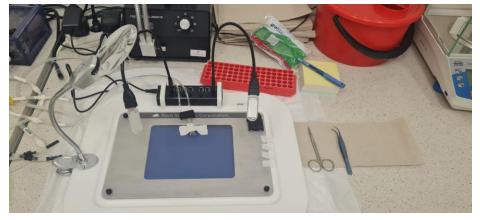
- > Pump system for long-term flow cell cultures under physiological conditions (Ibidi)
- Cell counter (Bio-Rad)
- Precellys homogenizer (Bertin)
- Bioanalyzer (Agilent)
- QuantStudio3 (Applied Biosystems)
- > Thermocycler (Applied Biosystems)
- HPLC with colorimetric detector (Thermo)
- Centrifuge 5424R (Eppendorf)











RESEARCH PROJECTS (past and present)

- Functional implications of brain-enriched circular RNAs; PI: dr Monika Piwecka; SONATA BIS 8
- Non-coding RNAs at single-cell resolution in the pituitary gland and their role in the regulation of gene expression; PI: dr Monika Piwecka; OPUS 19
- Development of a universal fast-response platform, based on RNA technology, ensuring the national drug and epidemiological safety (Consortium leader: Polfa S.A., PI: prof. M. Figlerowicz) ABM
- Deciphering selective neuronal vulnerability using the direct profiling of degenerating neurons; PI: dr Paweł Świtoński; SONATA 17
- The influence of normal and mutant ataxin 3 on the immune system in the context of the pathogenesis of spinocerebellar ataxia type 3 (SCA3) PI dr Łukasz Przybył; MINIATURA 3
- The use of genetic tools in experimental therapy of polyglutamine diseases; PI prof. Marta Olejniczak; SONATA BIS 5
- The characteristics of the regulatory RNAs landscape in glioblastoma multiforme (GBM). Circular RNAs and micro RNA-like molecules as new players in gliomagenesis and GBM progression and their importance for glioblastoma stem cells; PI prof. Katarzyna Rolle; SONATA BIS 7
- Anti-aging properties of 4-N-furfyrylocytosine in age-differentiated eukaryotic cells, budding yeast and mouse model of aging; PI prof. Eliza Wyszko; OPUS 13
- Psychedelics as Therapeutic Candidates in Neurodegenerative Disorders Treatment– a Study in Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 3 Mouse Model; PI dr Urszula Kozłowska; SONATINA 5
- Comprehensive analysis of the therapeutic potential of oligonucleotides for the treatment of polyglutamine diseases; PI prof. Agnieszka Fiszer; SONATA 9
- The novel role of STAT1 in Vascular Smooth Muscle Cell and Macrophage common and –specific transcriptional responses that reflect onset and progression of atherosclerosis; (cooperation with Adam Mickiewicz University) PI prof. Johannes Bluyssen; OPUS 19

RESEARCH PROJECTS (future)

Granted:

- Functional or not? Studying positionally conserved vertebrate long noncoding RNA orthologues at subcellular resolution; PI: dr hab. Barbara Uszczyńska-Ratajczak; SONATA BIS 11
- Antiviral strategies targeting RNA: Peptide nucleic acids (PNA) forming triplexes and their conjugates with low molecular weight ligands specific to conserved structural motifs of influenza A virus RNA and SARS-CoV-2; PI: prof. Dr hab. Elżbieta Kierzek; OPUS 21
- Vitamin drink enriched with compounds of natural origin with scientifically proven effectiveness supporting the treatment of irratable bowel syndrome; PI (in consortium): dr hab. Paweł Kołodziejski; NUTRITECH 1 Under revision:
- > Modeling and studying tumor invasion in 3D GBM-brain assembloid; PI: dr. hab. Katarzyna Rolle; OPUS 26
- Design and Development of Serine Hydroxymethyltransferase-2 (SHMT2) Inhibitors Blocking Tumor Growth; PI: dr hab. Miłosz Ruszkowski; SONATA BIS 13
- > Organometallic inhibitors of influenza virus and emerging coronaviruses entry; PI: dr Paweł Zmora; OPUS 26
- From third ventricle to pituitary gland: regulatory RNA networks in post-transcriptional modulation of gene expression in neurosecretion; PI: dr Monika Piwecka; OPUS-LAP 24
- Integrative, Therapeutic Microbiome-empowered Neuroprotective Nutrition; PI (in consortium): dr Łukasz Przybył; NUTRIBRAIN
- Modeling of human tissues in the study of molecular mechanisms and pathogenesis of human diseases; PI (in consortium): dr Łukasz Przybył; STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

To be submitted soon:

- Psychobiological stress processing as modulator of neurodegenerative disease severity; PI (in consortium): dr Łukasz Przybył; JPND
- Development of an innovative targeted therapy for glioma using nucleic acids to modify the tumor microenvironment and the functions of cancer stem cells; PI (in consortium): dr Łukasz Przybył; SMART PATH
- Development of technology based on parallelized microfluidic systems for cascade filtration of animal cells in continuous perfusion culture on an industrial scale; PI (in consortium): dr Łukasz Przybył; SMART PATH

PUBLICATIONS

Wronka D, Karlik A, Misiorek JO, Przybyl L. What the Gut Tells the Brain—Is There a Link between Microbiota and Huntington's Disease? Int J Mol Sci 2023

Kotowska-Zimmer A, <u>Przybyl L</u>, Pewinska M, Suszynska-Zajczyk J, <u>Wronka D</u>, Figiel M and Olejniczak M. <u>A CAG repeat-targeting artificial miRNA lowers the mutant huntingtin level in the YAC128 model of Huntington's disease</u>. *Molecular Therapy - Nucleic Acids* 2022

Majchrzak-Celińska A, Misiorek J, Kruhlenia N, <u>Przybyl L</u>, Kleszcz R, Rolle K, Krajka-Kuźniak V. <u>COXIBs and 2,5-</u> <u>dimethylcelecoxib counteract the hyperactivated Wnt/β-catenin pathway and COX-2/PGE2/EP4 signaling in glioblastoma</u> <u>cells</u> *BMC Cancer* 2021

Przybyl L, Wozna-Wysocka M, Kozlowska E, Fiszer A. <u>What, When and How to Measure-Peripheral Biomarkers in Therapy</u> <u>of Huntington's Disease</u>. *Int J Mol Sci* 2021

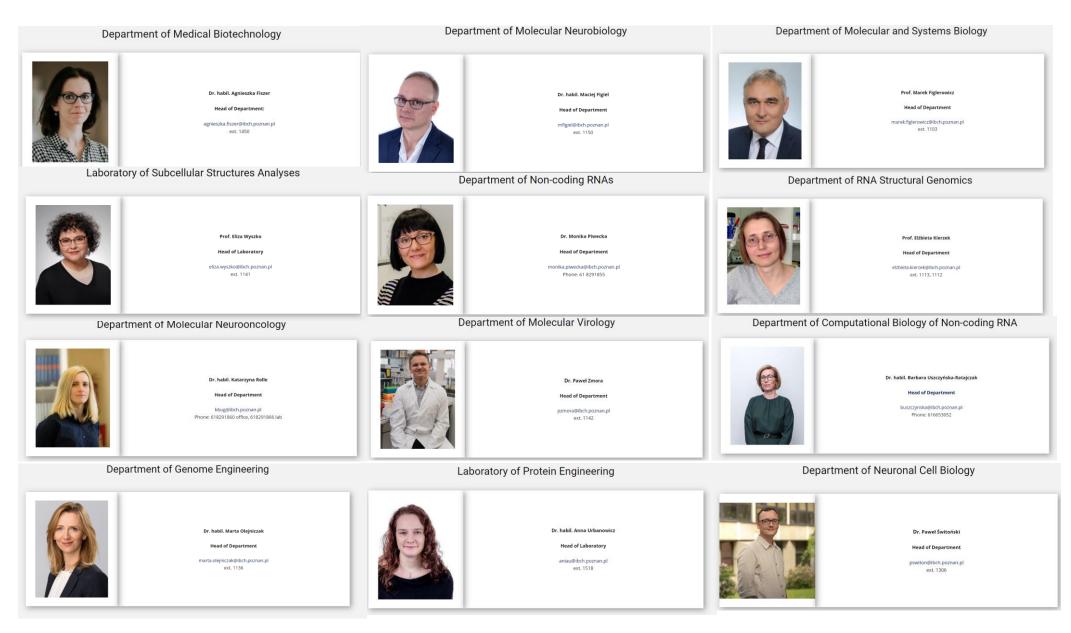
Wozna-Wysocka M#, Jazurek-Ciesiolka M#, **Przybyl L**#, **Wronka D**, Suszyńska-Zajczyk J, Misiorek JO, Figura G, Ciesiolka A, Sobieszczanska P, Zeller A, Niemira M, Figiel M, Switonski PM*, Fiszer A* <u>Mutant RNA contributes to neuropathology in new mouse models of Huntington's disease</u>. *In preparation*

Palani Kumar M, Halami P, Serva Peddha M, **Wronka D, Karlik A,** Bartolomaeus T, Haghikia A, Markó L*, Forslund S*, **Przybyl L*** <u>Synbiotics attenuate hypercholesterolemia in ApoE knockout mouse model by immune-dependent regulation of intestinal cholesterol metabolism *In preparation*</u>

Bębnowska D, Hrynkiewicz R, **Karlik A, Przybyl L,** Niedźwiedzka-Rystwej P <u>Expression of autophagic and apoptotic</u> markers during infection with animal virus causing hemorrhagic fever in rabbits *In preparation*

Zarębska Z, Kuczyński K, Latowska-Łysiak J, Grabowska A, Sajek MP, Piestrzeniewicz R, Barciszewska AM, Kuczyńska B, **Wronka D, Karlik A, Przybyl L**, Rolle K <u>Circular RNA circCLIP2 promotes the invasive properties of glioblastoma by acting</u> as a mediator of EMT pathway and cancer stemness *In preparation*

IBCH PARTNERS



NATIONAL



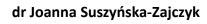
\bigcirc Katedra Żywienia Człowieka i Dietetyki Wydział Nauk o Żywności i Żywieniu Uniwersytetu Przyrodniczego w Poznaniu



prof. dr hab. Joanna Suliburska







Laboratory of Human Molecular Genetics Laboratory of High Throughput Technologies

prof. dr hab. Johannes Bluyssen





dr hab. Paweł Kołodziejski



UNIWERSYTET SZCZECIŃSKI **INSTYTUT BIOLOGII**

INTERNATIONAL



MDC MAX DELBRUCK CENTER FOR MOLECULAR MEDICINE IN THE HELMHOLTZ ASSOCIATION









CHARITÉ UNIVERSITÄTSMEDIZIN REPLIN

dr hab. Julian Hellmann-Regen



dr Mikael Kowal



Experimental & Clinical Research Center

dystrogene

dr Kris Siemionow



dr Brian Miller



JJP **Biologics**

prof. dr hab. Tomasz Grabowski

COMPANIES



dr Michał Prendecki





ECRC



168



> 10.000 mice

19 mouse colonies

> 30 people from IBCH administered in animal facility

28 applications to Local Ethics Committee

Myocardial infarction In vitro fertilization/embryo transfer Germ-free mice Dedicated immunophenotyping for rats and human In vitro model of blood-brain barier M1/M2 polarisation of macrophages Ex vivo models: Acute brain slices and Precision-cut Lung Slices Suppression assay **Good Laboratory Practice**

PAST

Laboratory of Mammalian Model Organisms

Dr. Łukasz Przybył

Head of Laboratory

lprzybyl@ibch.poznan.pl

Phone: 61 829 18 58



Technical Staff:



Dorota Wronka MSc, Eng. biologist



Anna Karlik MSc product developer





The Laboratory of Model Mammalian Organisms conducts comprehensive experiments on animals as part of projects implemented at the Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry of the Polish Academy of Sciences. We offer assistance in such aspects of scientific work as:

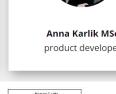
Offer

- planning expenses in grant applications
- designing experiments and appropriate experimental groups in accordance with the 3R and ARRIVE principles
- preparing an application to the Local Ethics Committee, the Ministry of the Environment or the Provincial Pharmaceutical Inspectorate
- organization of transport of experimental animals
- obtaining appropriate consents to work with laboratory animals
- training in basic techniques of working with animals
- maintaining a colony of transgenic or wild-type mice with a database
- obtaining embryonic material at appropriate stages of development
- intramuscular, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intracerebral injections
- · microsurgery · mouse perfusion, organ weighing, and blood and tissue collection
- keeping experience diaries
- · performing behavioral tests
- digitization of data, creation of charts and statistical analysis of data obtained during experiments
- · in-depth analysis of the mouse and rat immunophenotype using flow cytometry
- intragastric administration
- implantation of osmotic pumps
- preparation of the entire aorta en face
- dissection of the brain into structures
- Intubations Uninephrectomy
- · Induction of acute kidney injury
- Xenograft inoculations
- Bronchoalveolar lavage
- Culture of cell lines (L929, U87, U251, SP2/ag14) and primary cells (Neurons, Astrocytes, VSMCs, Macrophages)
- Animal immunization and antibody production

Equipment

- Digital operating microscope (RWD Life Science)
- Stereo microscope (Nikon)
- Multifunctional treatment platform, endotracheal intubation kit for mice and rats, low-flow anesthesia system (Kent Scientific)
- Peristaltic pump (WPI)
- System for thermoregulation of mice and rats (RWD Life Science)
- Laminar chamber (Alpina)
- Analytical balances
- Surgical tools
- Precellys Evolution Touch homogenizer (Bertin)
- · Ibidi pump system for long-term flow cell cultures under physiological conditions
- · CO2 incubators for cell culture
- Capillary electrophoresis apparatus (Agilent)
- HPLC kit with coulometric detector
- UVP laboratory incubator
- QuantStudio3 Real-time PCR
- Centrifuge 5424R centrifuge with rotor

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!









NMR Laboratory Department of Biomolecular NMR

Presentation of IChB Laboratories, February 6th, 2024



Starting 2024!



Staff

mgr Anna Teubert



dr Karolina Zielińska



dr Karol Pasternak



dr Daniel Baranowski

Equipment

- Spectrometer NMR 400 MHz, AVANCE II, Bruker
- Spectrometer NMR 500 MHz, AVANCE III, Bruker
- Spectrometer NMR 700 MHz, AVANCE III, Bruker
- Circular Dichroism spectrometer (CD), J-815 S, JASCO
- Spectrophotometer UV VIS , V-650, JASCO
- HPLC



"Zwiększenie potencjału badawczego Instytutu Chemii Bioorganicznej PAN w zakresie analizy strukturalnej biomolekuł metodami NMR i krystalografii"





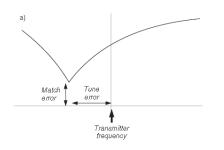


Equipment – NMR spectrometers 400 MHz





• Spectrometer equipped with ATMA – automatic matching i tuning system





Instrument equipped in broadband probe for wide spectrum of experiments, routine analysis. Available for Institute employees after mandatory training.





Equipement – NMR spectrometers 500 MHz



- Spectrometer equipped with ATMA *automatic matching i tuning* system
- TOPSHIM to achieve best homogenity of sample
- Equipped with autosampler allowing for automated analysis up to 120 samples controlled by ICON NMR software
- Available for requesting more demanding/complex experiments for every Institute employee



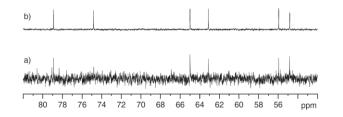
Equipment – NMR spectrometers 700 MHz



ABORATORY

It is ideally suited to the study of RNA/ DNA and proteins, small molecules and metabolomic samples research.

400% increase in S/N ratio means that it is possible to run an experiment in 1/16 th of time needed for standard probe (or run an experiment for sample in 4 times lower concentration).



Observation coils are cooled with gas helium ~20K (-253 °C).

It effects with increasing 400% S/N ratio on ¹H and ¹³C compared to

a room temperature standard probe.











Equipement

- Circular Dichroism (CD) spectropolarimeter from JASCO.
- Characterization of nucleic acid/protein secondary structure
- Detection of structural changes due to mutagenesis
- Conformational stability in response to changes in: temperature (Tm), pH or buffer composition

 - HPLC Agilent Tech 1260 Infinity
 - Purification of nucleic acids on analytical and semi-preparative scale;
 - Characterization
 of purity
 of nucleic acids
 and monomers
 e.g. nucleotides





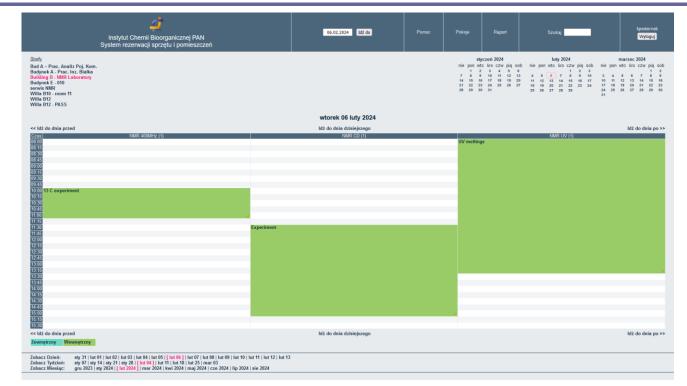


Spectrophotometer UV VIS Jasco V-650
 DNA/RNA melting measurements





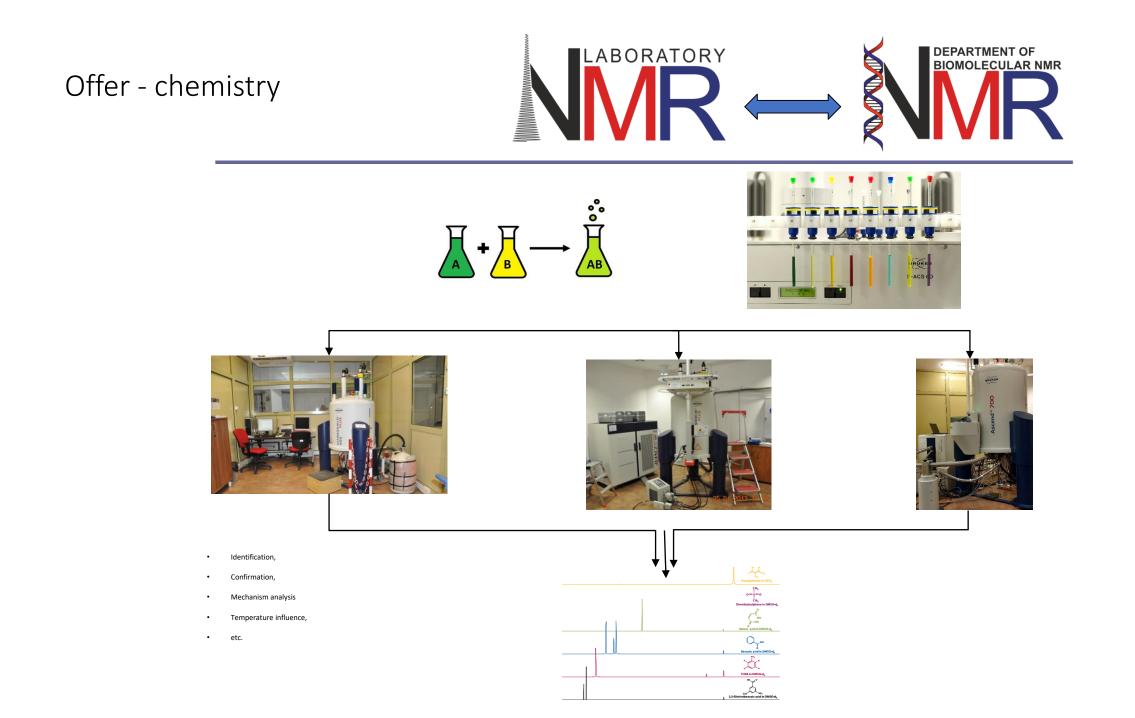
Reservation system



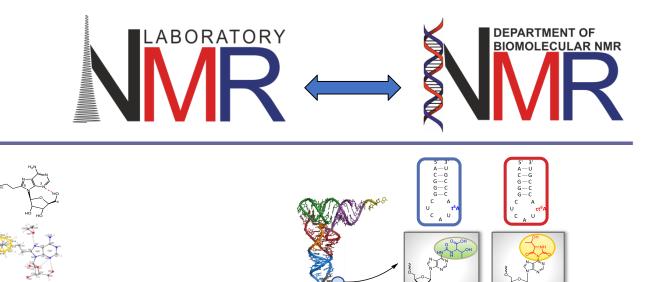
https://reservation.ibch.poznan.pl

CD – oreder liquid nitrogen for your analysis

400 MHz NMR – mandatory training with Anna Teubert (ext. 1156)



Offer



37

Structure and conformation Adenosie 2-analogues (temperature spectra)

20 C

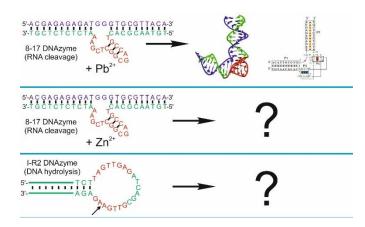
The state

ليمينات ليفريات إياريات ماريات إياريات

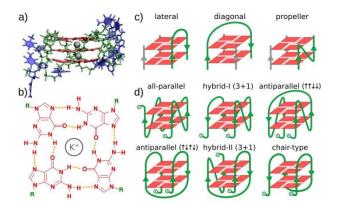
Understanding how the cyclic ct^6A modifications influence the structure and function of tRNA.

t⁶A

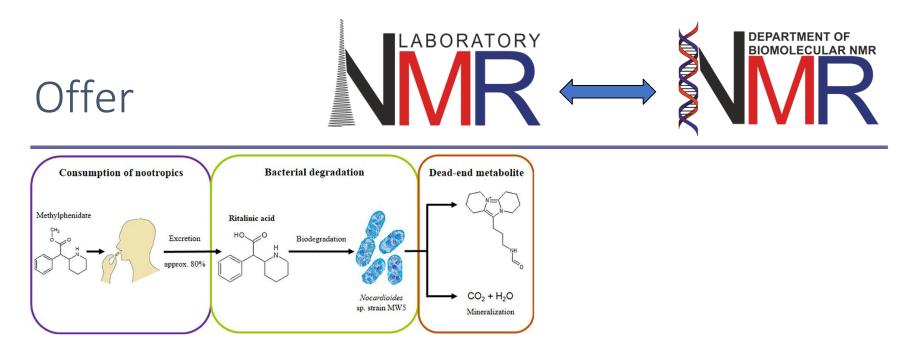
ct⁶/



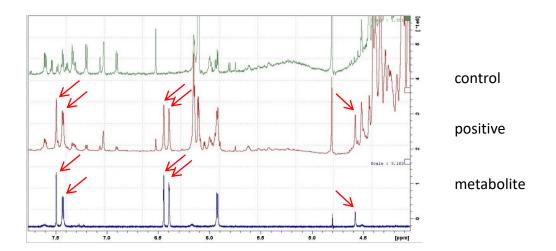
Structural studies and formation of DNA-zymes



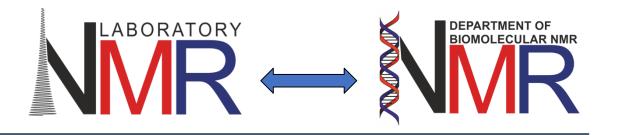
Sequence-structure relationship for the design of DNA G-quadruplexes with a given topology.



Identification and confirmation of the structure of biodegradation of ritanilic acid.



Metabolite confirmation form mice tissue (muscles, brain).



- There is a broad spectrum of experiments which could be performed using equipement in NMR Laboratory
- NMR is not only for chemists
- Your sample can be recovered
- The experiments could be run in wide range of temperatures and pH values
- Due to the close collaboration with NMR Biomolecular Department we have an expertise in setting up, running and interpretation of variaty of experiments

Feel free to visit us – building B

(entrance next to the first magnet at ICHB PAS)



Thank you for you attention





Laboratory of Mass Spectrometry

Łukasz Marczak

Anna Wojakowska

Aleksander Strugała

MS systems:

European Center for Bioinformatics and Genomics:

- MALDI-ToF/ToF system
- nano/micro LC-MS (high resolution OrbiTrap)
- GC-MS (TripleQuad)
- GC x GC MS (ToF)
- nanoLC-MS (ion trap)

Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry (Noskowskiego)

- LC-MS with Ion Mobility separation (NEBI)
- Nano/micro/high flow LC-MS Orbitrap system (MOSAIC)

E-mail: pracownia.ms@ibch.poznan.pl

- Service price list available on request
- Prices for Instutute employees are lower than in case of external services
- Payments are settled through the customer's purchase of reagents and small equipment necessary for the day-to-day functioning of the laboratory

Pracownia Spektrometrii Mas (Laboratory of Mass Spectrometry)	
Dane osoby zlecającej (Person ordering the analysis) Imię i nazwisko (Name): Zakład (Department): Telefon (Phone):	
Przedmiot zlecenia (Subject matter)	Liczba próbek (Number
	of samples)
Informacje dotyczące próbek (information about samples)	
Symbole próbki (sample symbols):	
Wzór sumaryczny (Sum formula):	
Masa cząsteczkowa związku (Molecular weight):	
Stan skupienia (physical state):	
Rozpuszczalność (solubility):	
Matryca (dla Maldi) (proposed matrix for MALDI analyses):	
Uwagi (Remarks):	
Wzory strukturalne (opcjonalnie) (optional structural formulas):	

What we can measure?

Molecular Weight determination

Low resolution:

- MALDI oligonucleotides, peptides, polymers etc.
- Structure elucidation (MS/MS)

High Resolution:

- Direct infusion peptides, oligonucleotides, low MW compounds, etc.
- LC-MS on Orbitrap

Proteomic analyses

Identification of single proteins:

- From polyacrylamide gels
- From solution
- De novo sequencing

Analysis of protein modifications

Analysis of proteins in complex mixtures:

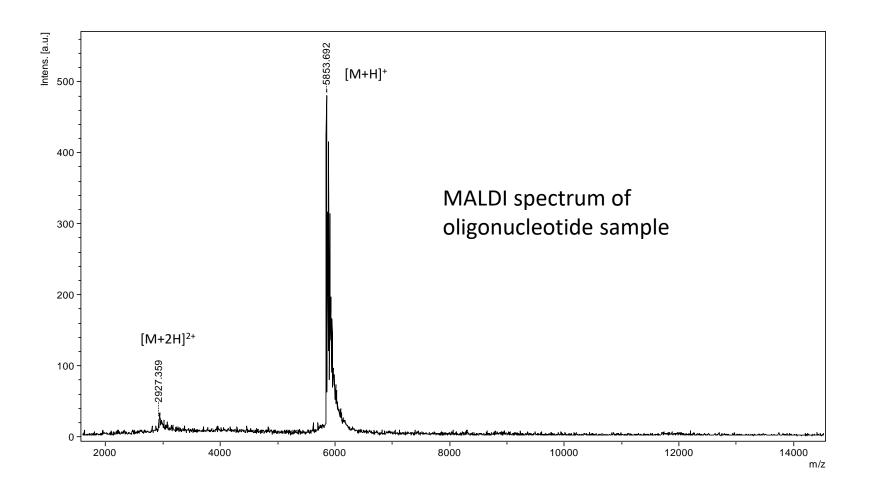
- Identification, PTMs analysis
- Identification + quatification (label free, ITRAQs, TMT, etc.)

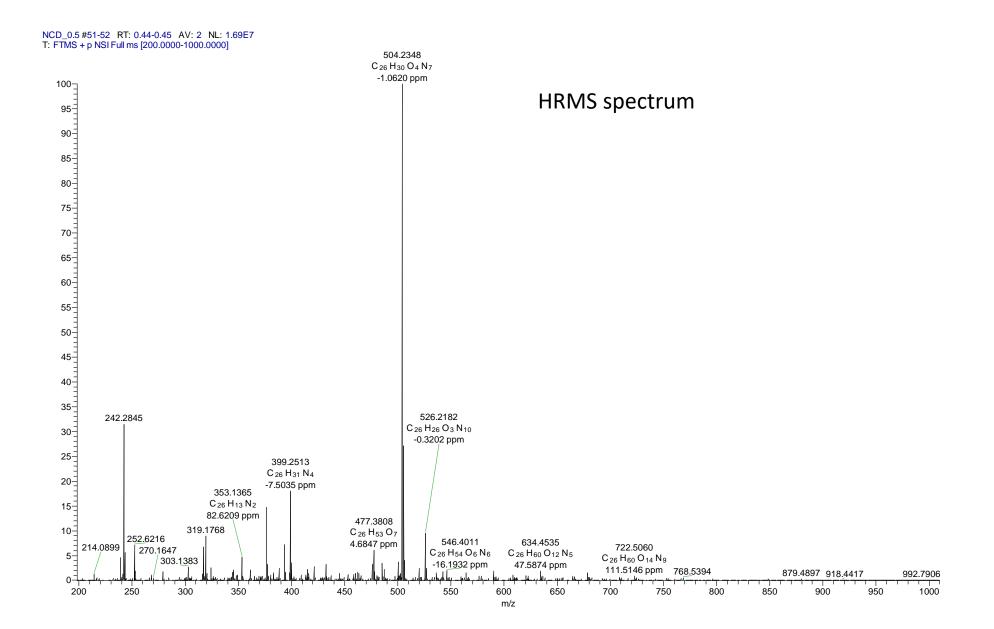
Metabolomic analyses

Analysis of compounds in complex mixtures identification and quantification

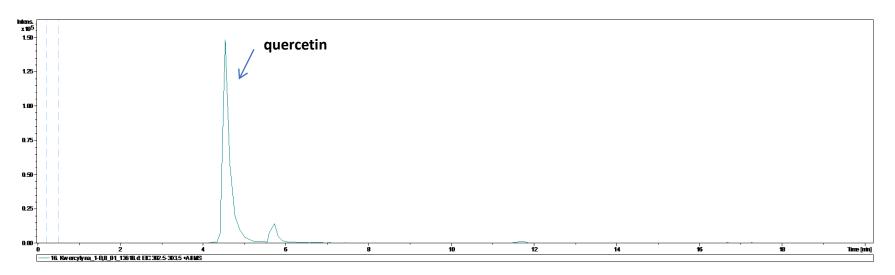
- GC-MS analysis for volatile compounds (+derivatization)
- LC-MS analysis for other metabolites
- Direct Infusion High Resolution analysis with nano source (ie. Lipids)

Molecular Weight determination



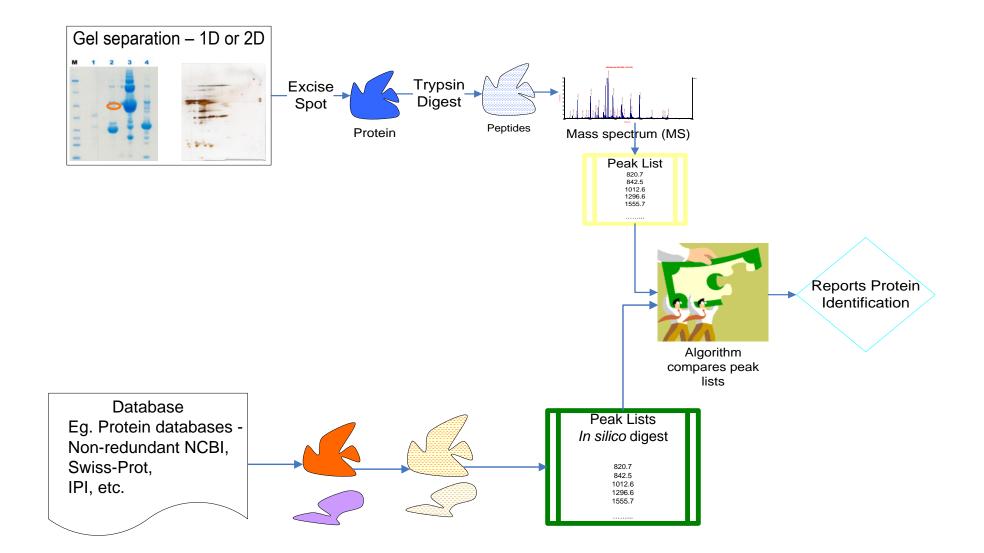


Finding specific compound using LC/MS



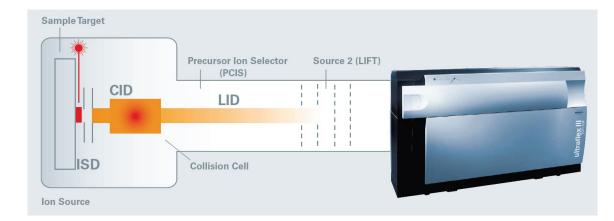
Extracted Ion Chromatogram for 303 m/z (qercetin [M+H]⁺)

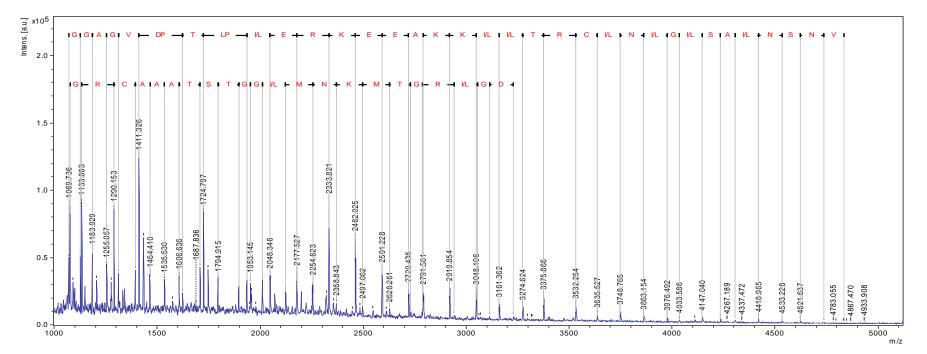
- Identification of proteins from gel bands (PMF and MS/MS)



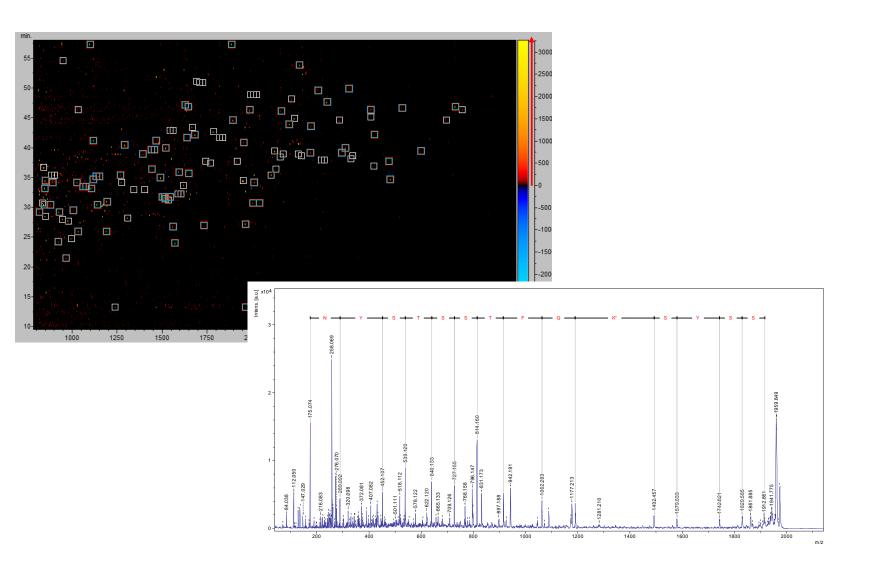
wg Genomics and Proteomics Core Laboratories

- protein sequencing using the In Source Decay (ISD) method





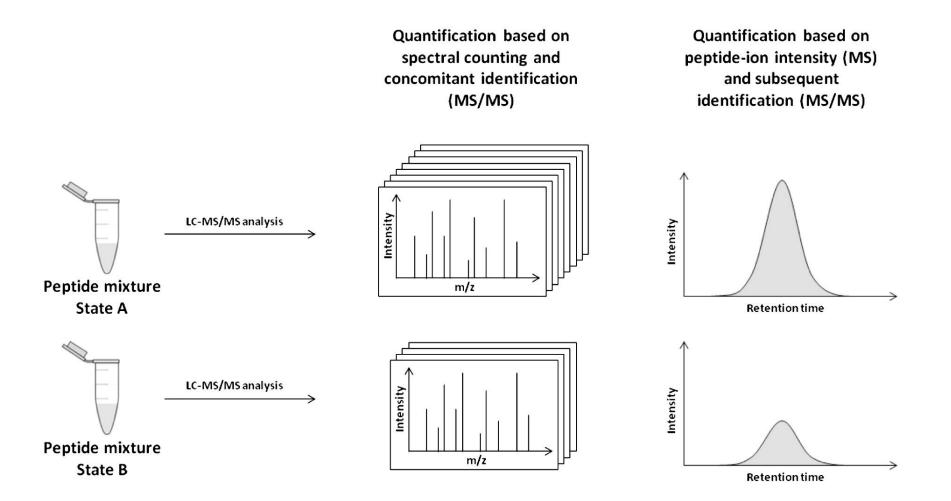
- analysis of complex peptide mixtures with protein identification



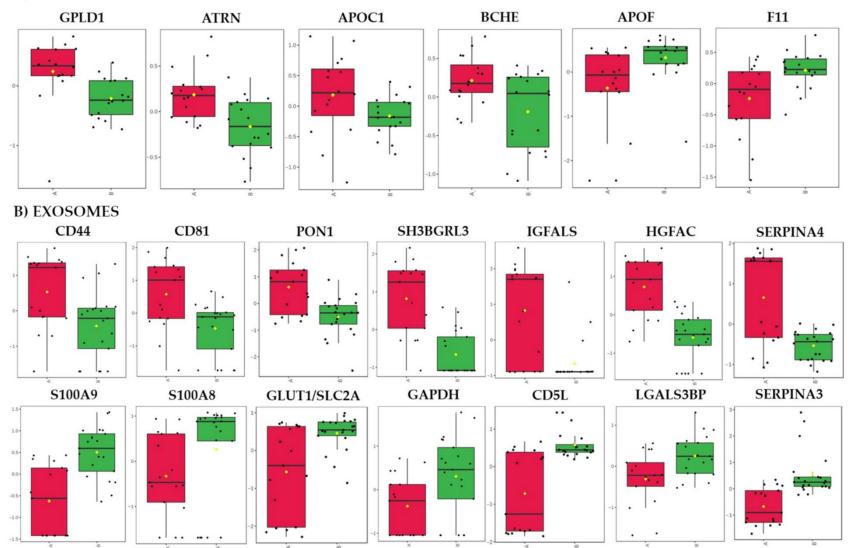
Other applications of the MALDI-TOF/TOF system for protein analysis:

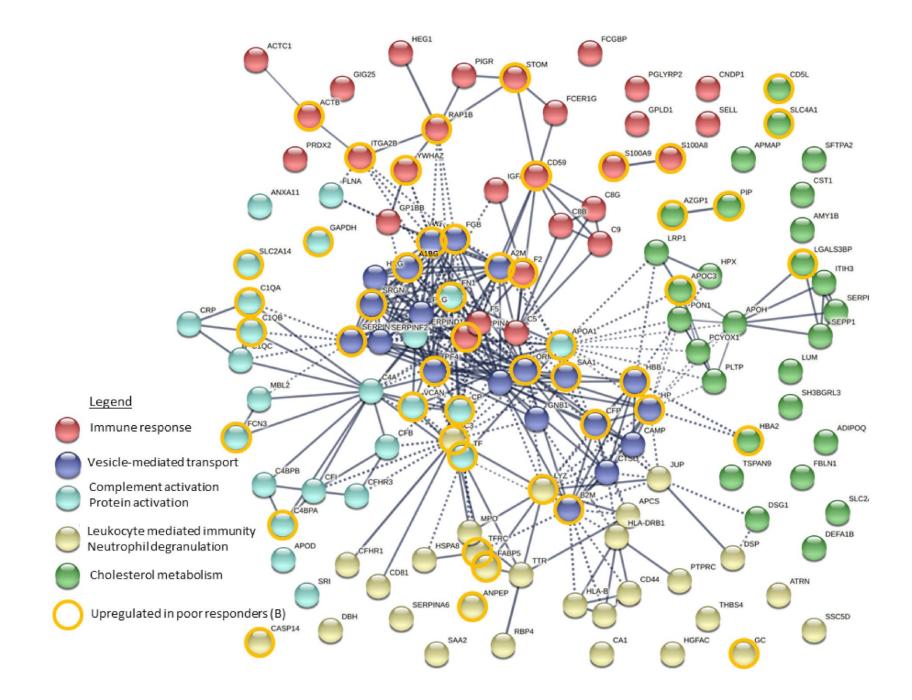
- De novo peptide sequencing (also in mixture LIFT)
- Analysis of post-translational modifications of proteins (e.g. glycosylation)
- Quantitative analysis of proteins by peptide labeling methods (SILAC, ITRAQ, ICPL, ICAT, etc.)
- Profiling of proteins and peptides

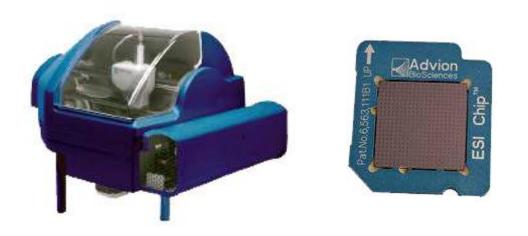
Label free quatitation of proteins using LC-MS/MS



A) PLASMA



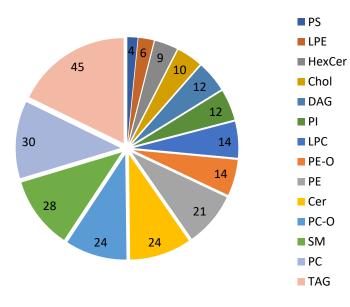




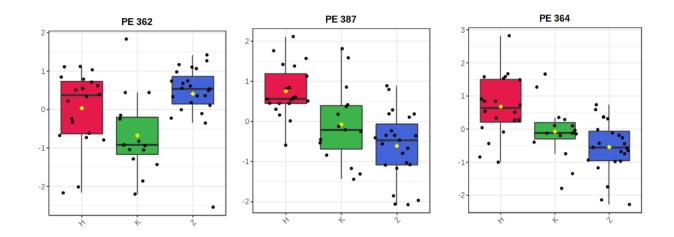
Advion NanoMate TriVersa

- direct analysis in nanoESI mode (even 1ul of sample)
- HPLC separation with nanoESI ionization
- HPLC separation with nanoESI ionization and collection of fractions for later injection
- lipidomic experiments

Human plasma lipidomics







- GC x GC –MS (ToF)



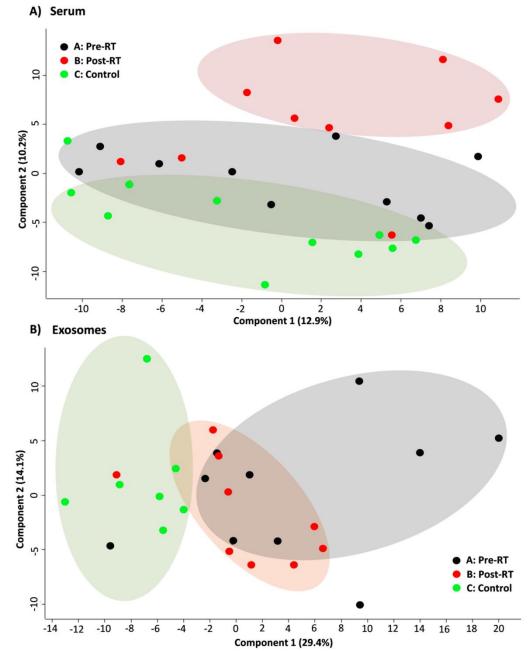
- El ion
- 2D separation of components of complex mixtures
- high speed (500 spectra / second)
- high sensitivity
- volatile metabolites analysis (qualitative and quantitative)

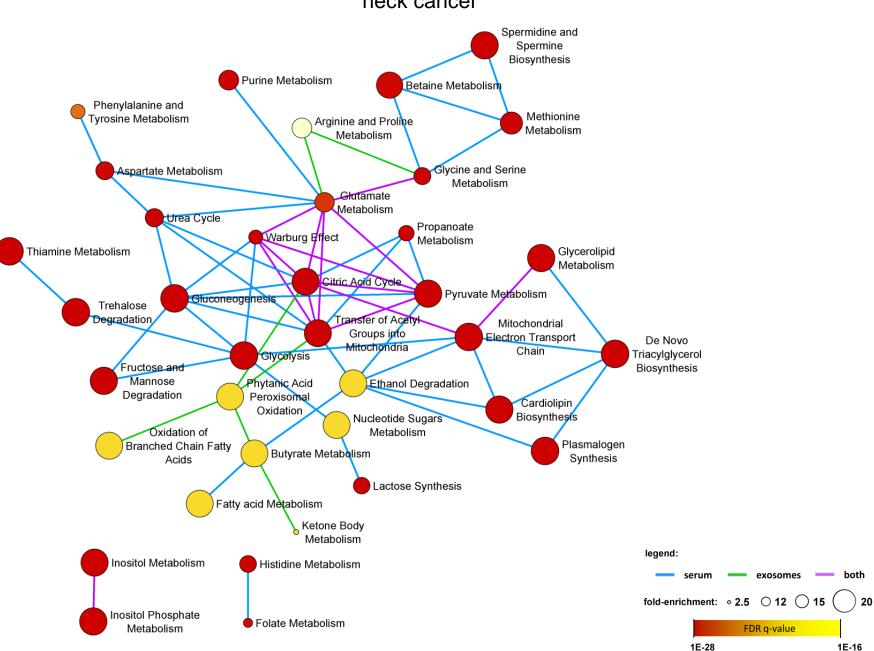
- GC-MS (TripleQuad)



- El or Cl ionization
- additional ion fragmentation in CID mode
- very high sensitivity in MRM mode (up to 500 MRM / second)
- targeted analysis of volatile metabolites (qualitative and quantitative)

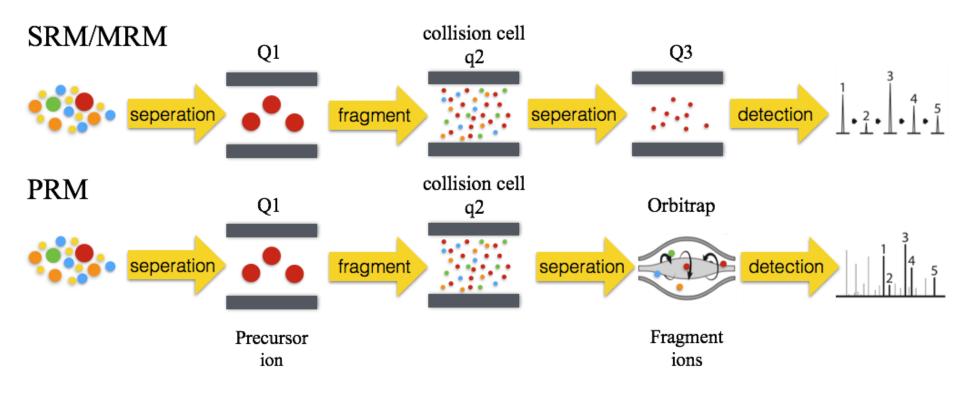
Metabolomic profiling





Metabolic pathways associated with metabolites differentiating head and neck cancer

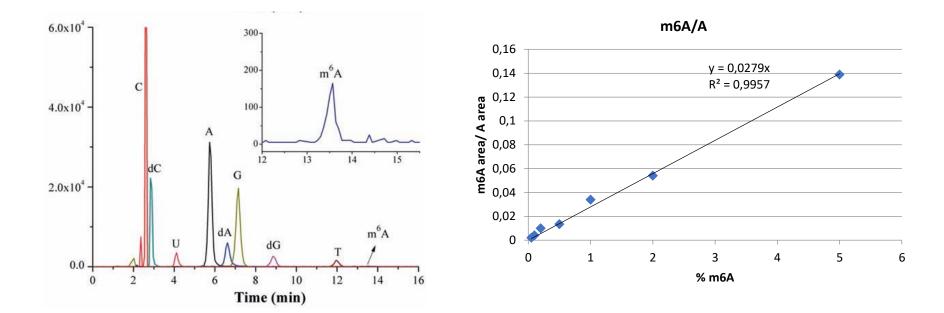
Targeted Analysis

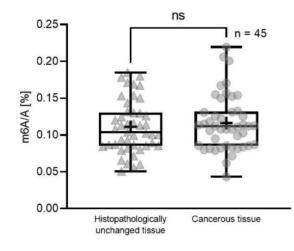


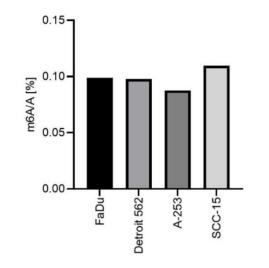
MRM – only using GC-MS

PRM – on LC using Orbitrap

Adenosine methylation analysis (PRM)







4500 4000 3500 CH₂ 3000 2500 2000 HO 1500 0 1000 -OH -OK HC N-0-S-500 ΗÓ Ô 0 153_K 153_l 120h 120h 153_K 24h 153_I 24h 153_K 72h 153_I 72h O - resistant + - sensitive - 153 - 12 4 • - 113 - 75 Component 2 (12.8%) 0 2 <u>9</u>-4-10 -2 ò -6 -4 Ż 6 8

Component 1 (59.3%)

Gluconapin

Glucosinolates MRM

Laboratory offer (summary)

- Accurate determination of molecular (monoisotopic) weight of compounds (HRMS)
- Identification and confirmation of the compound structure on the basis of MS/MS spectra
- Protein identification (from mixtures, gel bands, de novo analysis, etc.)
- Comparative quantitative analysis of proteins in mixtures
- Analysis of post-translational modifications of proteins
- Quantitative analysis of metabolites and other low molecular weight compounds (e.g. amino acids, modified nucleotides, hormones, etc.)



F INSTITUTE OF BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY Polish Academy of Sciences

Laboratory of Molecular Assays and Imaging

head of laboratory: Dorota Kwiatek, PhD dkwiatek@ibch.poznan.pl

Centre for Chemical Biology ERIC Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry Polish Academy of Sciences

IBCH PAS

CENTRE FOR CHEMICAL BIOLOGY ERIC

Head: dr hab. Jacek Ł. Kolanowski Research Support Unit, IBCH PAS: dr Michał Gładysz

Laboratory of Molecular Assays and Imaging

head: dr Dorota Kwiatek

1. High Throughput Screening (HTS)

dr hab. Joanna Kosman dr Krzysztof Żukowski mgr Monika Pyc mgr Natalia Karczewska

2. Superresolution Imaging (MINFLUX)

dr Volodymyr Cherkas (Long-term – to support Ukrainian research teams" program lic. Ihor Panas, mgr Mykyta Bobylyow, mgr Borys Olifirov, dr Yevhenii Sheremet mgr Adrian Rufli

from Departament of Molecular Probes and Prodrugs

Design, synthesis and validation of molecular probes

dr Michał Jakubczyk dr Maria Dekaliuk (PACIFIC) mgr Francesca Canyelles y Font mgr Anna Wychowaniec

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry

head: dr Dorota Jakubczyk

3. Design and synthesis

- Natural product analogs
- Targeted chemical libraries
- Chemoproteomic probes (target IID)



HIGH THROUGHPUT SCREENING

CENTRE FOR CHEMICAL BIOLOGY ERIC

٠





NOT-FOR-PROFIT EUROPEAN RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE CONSORTIUM (ERIC)

- FOCUSED ON CHEMICAL BIOLOGY AND DRUG DISCOVERY
- STORES AND DISTRIBUTES COLLECTIONS OF COMPOUNDS
- PROVIDES OPEN ACCESS TO SCREENING AND CHEMISTRY TECHNOLOGIES AND EXPERTISE

UNITES 33 PARTNER SITES IN 10 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES





CELL PAINTING

High content, image-based, multiparametric assay, used for cytological profiling. Phenotypic screening method based on staining different subcellular structures with fluorescent dyes.

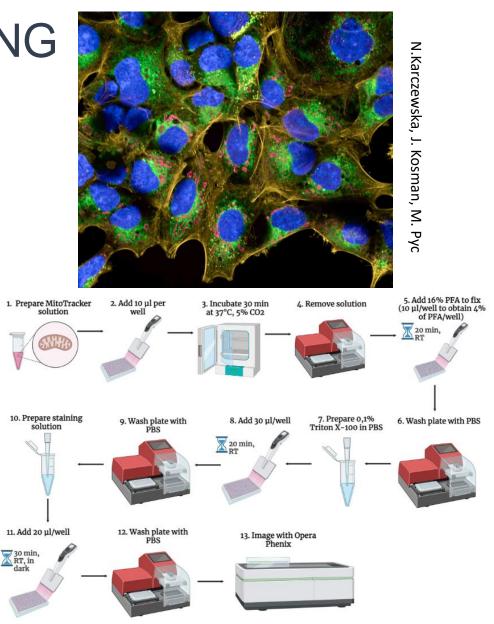
Application of the method:

- Preditcting the mechanism of action (MOA) of compounds
- Grouping compounds based on MOA
- Identifying cell line-specific effects
- Identifying compounds with new MOA
- Evaluation of cytotoxicity of compounds

Examples of studies:

- Dynamic organization of proteins
- Cell viability
- Cell proliferation and toxicity
- DNA damage

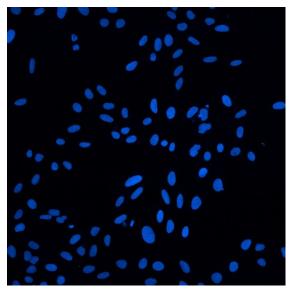






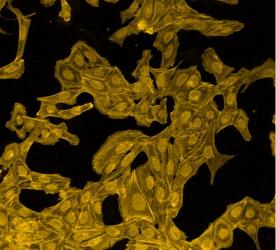
EXAMPLE OF CELL PAINTING IMAGES OBTAINED IN OUR CENTRE

HOECHST33342



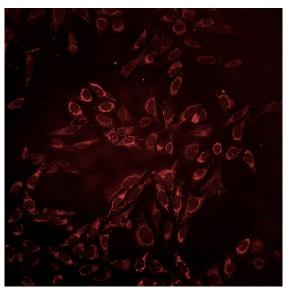
NUCLEI

PHALLOIDIN WGA



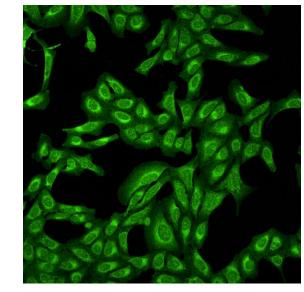
- F-ACTIN (CYTOSKELETON)
- PLASMA MEMBRANE, GOLGI
 APPARATUS

MITOTRACKER DEEP RED



MITOCHONDRIA

CONCANAVALIN A SYTO14

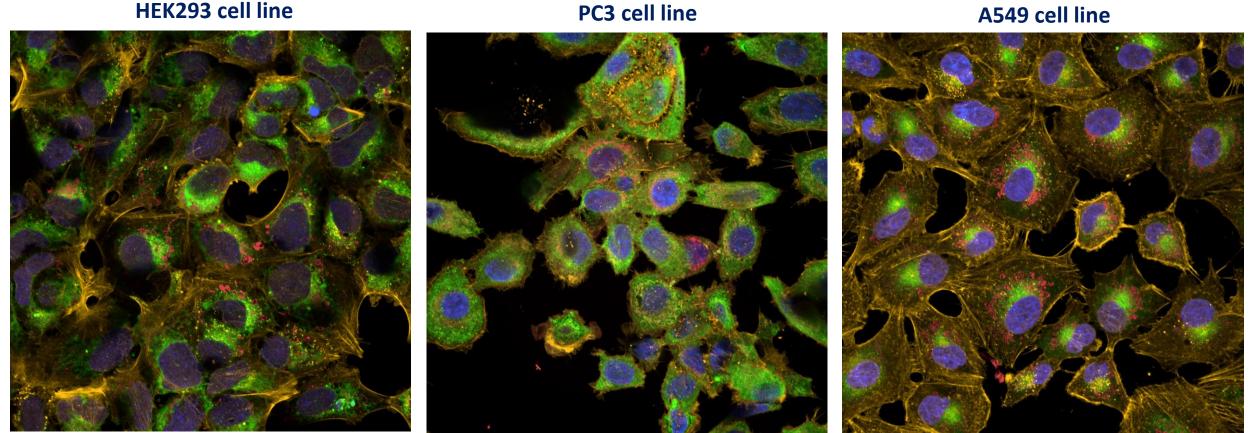


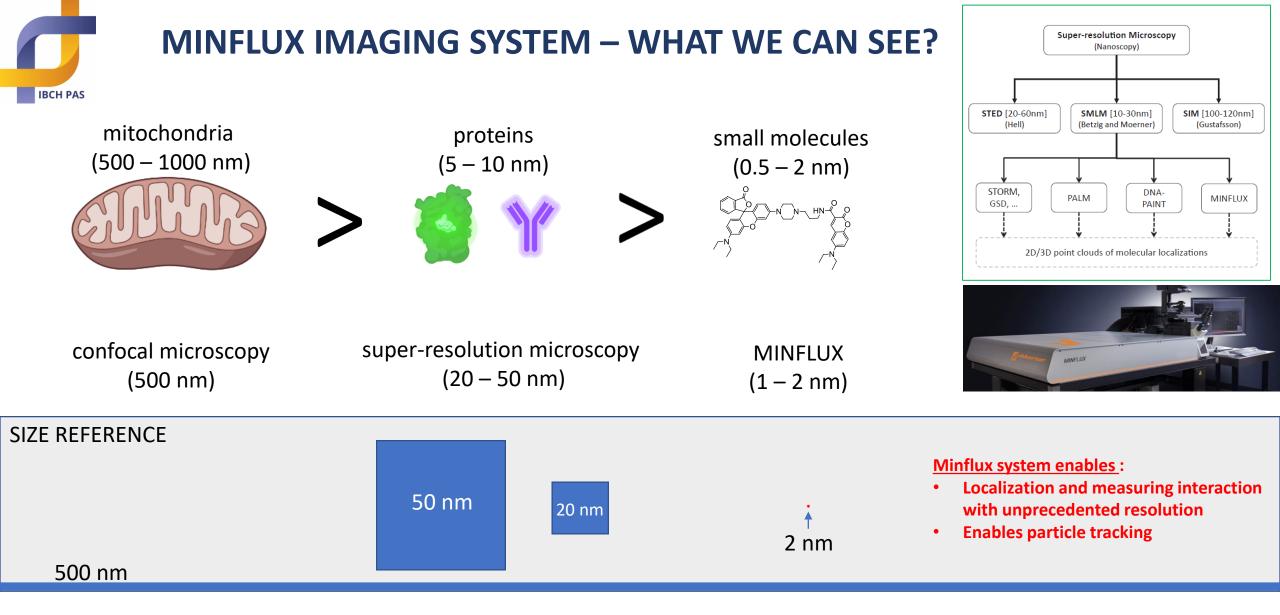
- ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM
- NUCLEOLI, CYTOPLASMIC RNA



EXAMPLE OF CELL PAINTING IMAGES OBTAINED IN OUR CENTRE

HEK293 cell line





NEBI - Krajowy Ośrodek Badań Obrazowych w Naukach Biologicznych i Biomedycznych (lider konsorcjum: Instytut Biologii Doświadczalnej im. M. Nenckiego PAN

https://abberior-instruments.com/products/minflux/
Y. Eilers et al., PNAS, 2018, vol. 115, p. 6117- 6122NEH. Li et al., Chem. Rev., 2018, vol. 118, p.9412 - 9454G. Vicidomini et al., Nature Meth., 2018, vol. 15, p. 173 - 182Images were created with BioRender.com

NEBI - National Center for Imaging Research in Biological and Biomedical Sciences (consortium leader: M. Nencki Institute of Experimental Biology of the Polish Academy of Sciences



AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES

STED – STIMULATION DEPLETION MICROSCOPY

Excitation Pulsed Lasers (STED/Confocal): 488 nm 561 nm 640 nm

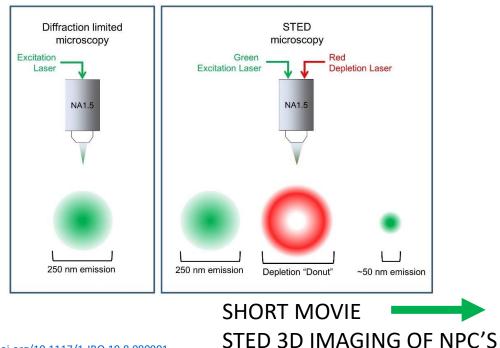
Depletion Lasers:

595 nm 775 nm **3 APD detectors with detection filter cubes** long-pass filter Cy5 far: 685-720 nm Cy5 near: 650-685 nm Cy3 cube: 580-630 nm

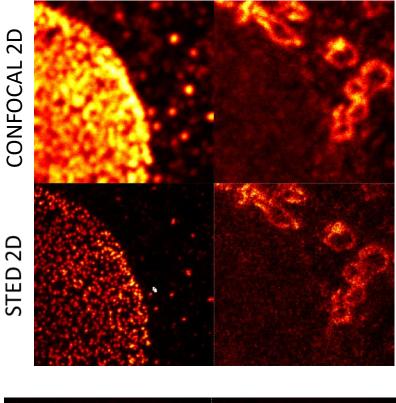
Detection range: 420-750 nm

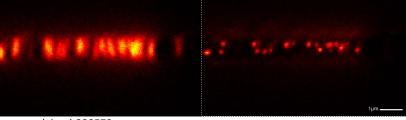
3 APD detectors with spectral detection modules short-pass filter

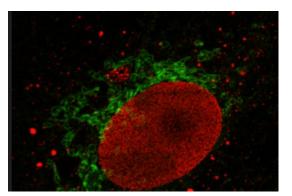
Epifluorescence filter cubes QUAD band



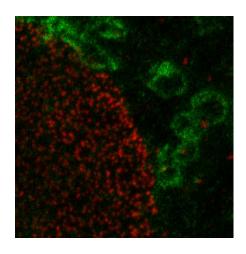
Nup96–SNAP labelled with Alexa Fluor 647







STED 2D, 2 COLOUR



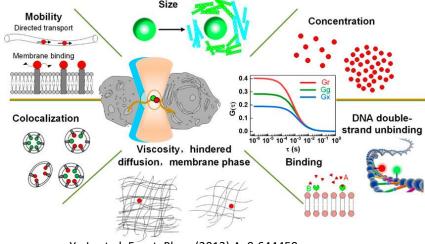
https://doi.org/10.1117/1.JBO.19.8.080901

https://www.technologynetworks.com/neuroscience/articles/what-is-super-resolution-microscopy-sted-sim-and-storm-explained-328572

Vicidomini, G., Bianchini, P. & Diaspro, A. STED super-resolved microscopy. Nat. Methods 15, 173–182 (2018)

Valli, J. et al. Seeing beyond the limit: A guide to choosing the right super-resolution microscopy technique. J. Biol. Chem. 297, 100791 (2021)

CORRELATION ANALYSIS OF TEMPORAL FLUCTUATIONS IN FLUORESCENCE INTENSITY OF FLUOROPHORES



Yu L, et al. Front. Phys. (2012) A, 9:644450

FCS gives quantitative informations about:

- Average absolute concentrations
- Diffusion coefficients
- Hydrodynamic radii
- Kinetic chemical reaction rates
- Singlet-triplet dynamics
- Binding ratios (FCCS)

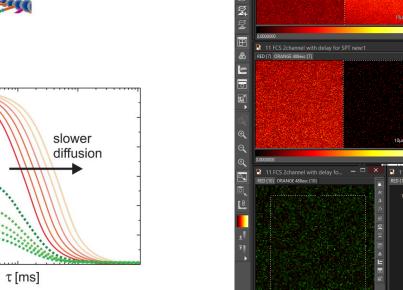
Useful for:

- Detection of molecular association and dissociation
- Determination of the stoichiometry of molecular complexes
- Determination of the kinetic rate constants, i.e. on and off kinetics of complex formation, enzyme dynamics and intramolecular dynamics in cells

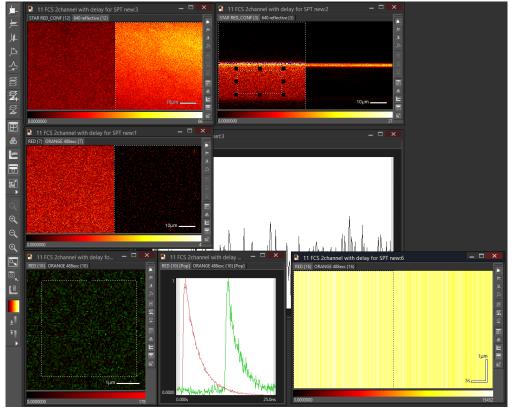
G(T)

higher concentration

(https://www.picoquant.com/applications/category/life-science/fluorescence-lifetime-imaging-flim#tab-4)



STED + FCS – FLUORESCENCE CORRELATION MICROSCOPY



AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES

STED + FLIM – FLUORESCENCE LIFETIME MICROSCOPY

IBCH PAS

"The fluorescence lifetime - as a sensor parameter for intra- and intermolecular interactions allowing for distance measurements in the nanometer range"

Detection of molecular interactions

- Local environment sensing
- Detection of conformational changes
- Discrimination of labels + background removal

(https://www.picoquant.com/applications/category/life-science/fluorescence-lifetime-imaging-flim#tab-4)

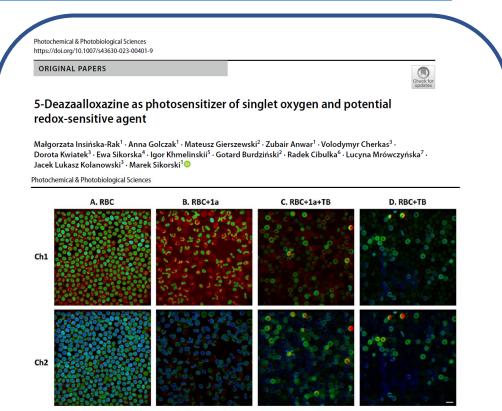


Fig. 5 Images of red blood cells (RBC) as obtained by FLIM $(\lambda_{avc} = 405 \text{ nm emission recorded at two channels; channel 1: 420$ control, in PBS buffer (24 h, 37 °C), B 1.0 mg/mL la in PBS (24 h,

37° C), C 1.0 mg/mL 1a (24 h, 37 °C) followed by incubation with 250 µM TB (1.5 h, at 37 °C), D in PBS buffer (24 h, 37 °C) followed 550 nm and channel 2: 550-780 nm). RBC incubation condition: A by incubation with 250 μM TB (1.5 h, at 37 °C). Representative results are presented. Scale bar 10 µm

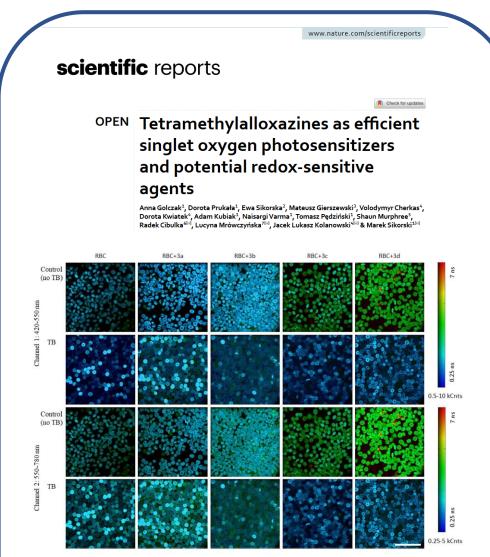


Figure 6. Representative FLIM images (exc 405 nm, 2 channels 420-550 nm and 550-780 nm) of RBC, RBC+X (where X mean preincubation with compounds 3a-3d at 0.1 mg/1 mL concentration), and similar conditions but followed with TB incubation (oxidative stress, RBC + TB and RBC + X + TB). Color represents the average lifetime in the pixel (assuming monoexponential decay), while brightness corresponds to the total number of photons per pixel. All images were collected at identical instrument settings. The scalebar size is 50 µm.



488 nm 561 nm 640 nm

Activation CW/pulsed Laser: 405 nm

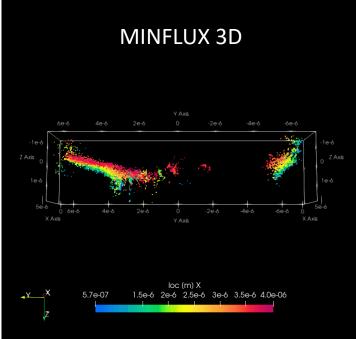
Imaging performed as part of the OPUS project 2021/41/B/NZ2/03781 dr hab. Anna Kurzyńska Kokorniak (Department of Ribonucleoprotein Biochemistry), task: visualization of hDice-RNA/DNA G-quadruplex complexes in human cells using nanoscopy in the Molecular Testing and Imaging Laboratory. Dicer protein (HEK293T line) labeled with FLUX640

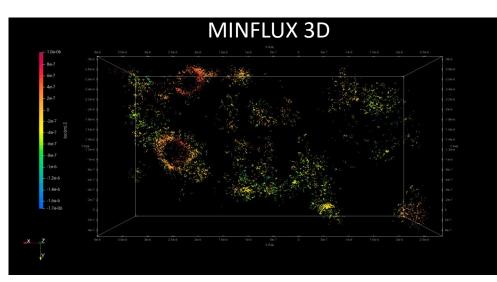
Excitation CW Lasers:

AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES

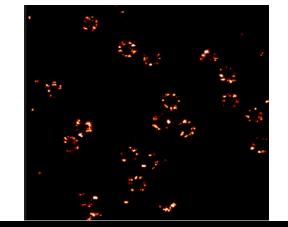
MINFLUX – MINIMAL PHOTON FLUX

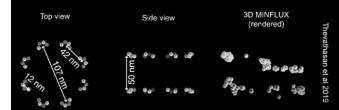
Imaging performed as part of the Minflux Test Program for dr Ireneusz Stolarek, Department of Molecular and Systems Biology, ICHB PAN Lamin B1 protein (in human fetal myoblasts) labeled with FLUX640

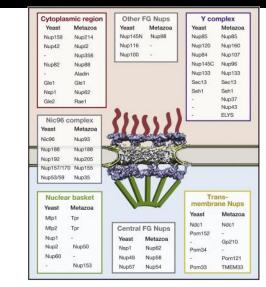




Nup96–SNAP labelled with Alexa Fluor 647







Schmidt, R. et al. MINFLUX nanometer-scale 3D imaging and microsecond-range tracking on a common fluorescence microscope. Nat. Commun. 1–12 (2021) doi:10.1038/s41467-021-21652-z. Gwosch, K. C. et al. MINFLUX nanoscopy delivers 3D multicolor nanometer resolution in cells. Nat. Methods 17, 217–224 (2020).

Eilers, Y., Ta, H., Gwosch, K. C., Balzarotti, F. & Hell, S. W. MINFLUX monitors rapid molecular jumps with superior spatiotemporal resolution. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. 115, 6117–6122 (2018) Prakash K. Curd A.P., bioRxiv, https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.08.10.455294

Tasks realized by users via access to the infrastructure (6 national: one of them from Horizon Europe):

1. Opera Phenix - project ERA-NET-ERARE- 3/III/TreatPolyQ/08/2018 prof. Maciej Figiel ICHB PAN

2. Cytation 3 - project Miniatura-5 (2021/05/X/NZ7/01440) dr Michał Jakubczyk ICHB PAN

- 3. SONATA 2017/26/D/NZ1/01234: dr hab. Jacek Kolanowski
- 4. OPUS 15 2018/29/B/ST4/01498501-1332, dr hab. Jacek Kolanowski
- 5. HOMING Homing/2017-4/33, dr hab. Jacek Kolanowski
- 6. Pasific: (PAN, MSC cofun,: M. Dekaliuk)

Tasks in realization - international projects within EU-OPENSCREEN (10 tasks in 8 projects)

- 1. Horizn 2020-INFRADEV-2018-2020 (10 400 EUR
- 2. EU-OPENSCREEN Academic library screening (2 projects) for EU-OPENSCREEN
- **3.** ISIDORE P.I.: Sandeep Ghorpade
- 4. ISIDORE P.I. Peter Hart
- 5. JRA P.I.Bart Haagmans
- 6. IMPULSE: IMProving User experience, Long-term sustainability and Services of EU-OPENSCREEN (program HORIZON-INFRA-2023-DEV-01) 3 tasks
- 7. AgroServ Integrated SERvices supporting a sustainable AGROecological transition (HE HORIZONINFRA- 2021-SERV-01)

Tasks in realization/planned in NCN projects (5 tasks in 4 projects)

- 1. OPUS 2021/41/B/NZ2/03781 dr hab. Anna Kurzyńska-Kokorniak 1 task
- 2. OPUS 2021/41/B/NZ1/03819 prof. Elżbieta Kierzek
- 3. OPUS 2021/43/B/NZ7/0161 dr hab. Miłosz Ruszkowski
- 4. SONATINA 2021/40/C/NZ3/00323 dr Magdalena Derbis

Tasks in realization/planned within different financing (9 tasks in 6 projects)

- 1. Natural extracts impact on cancer cells research service for company HTS + Minflux tasks
- 2. 4 tasks in NCBiRPOIR.01.01.01-00-2450/20 NCBR Szybka Ścieżka 5 (projekt realizowany w konsorcjum, lider projektu: ideas4biology Sp. z o. o.;: dr hab. Anna Kurzyńska-Kokorniak)
- 3. iCare (Integrated assessment and advanced characterisation neuro-nanotoxicity, HORIZON-CL4-2022-DIGITAL-EMERGING-01 Centre for Chemical Biology is a WP leader
- 4. Pasific PAN Marii Skłodowskiej-Curie Action dr Marii Dekaliuk
- 5. Program wsparcia naukowców z Ukrainy : dr Volodymyr Cherkas
- 6. Alternative Ends Alternative gene ends: the crosstalk of RNA cleavage and transcription termination ERC-2021-STG, dr hab. Kinga Kamieniarz-Gdula UAM

Grant proposals:

- 1. Development of the infrastructure POL-OPENSCREEN 2
- 2. Maintenance of the infrastructure: SPUB

How to work with us ?

Please contact us at least 1 month before your grant application deadline !
 Meet us live or on-line !

- 3. What we can do for you?:
- a. time and cost estimation
- **b.** help in grant proposal preparation
- c. free tests on Minflux (estimation of the microscope application for your purpose)

dkwiatek@ibch.poznan.pl

room 109E















dr Dorota Kwiatek dr hab.

dr hab. Joanna Kosman dr Krzysz

dr Krzysztof Żukowski mgr Nat

mgr Natalia Karczewska

mgr Monika Pyc

dr Volodymir Cherkas

mgr Adrian Rüfli

